F.Y BBF Sem-II April 2019

UNIVERSITY PAPER F.Y.BCAF SEM-II APRIL - 2019

BAF Semester [Paper / Subject Code: 76401 / Financial Accounting-II

04-04-19

TIME: 2 1/2 HOURS

MARKS:75

N.B:1) Figures to the right indicate full marks

- 2) All questions are compulsory
- 3) Use of simple calculator is allowed
- 4) Working note should form the part of answer

Q1A) State whether the following statements are True or False (Any 8 out 10)

8 marks

- 1. Under Single entry system, it is not possible to ascertain the gross profit earned by the business.
- 2. Income- tax allows small traders to adopt single entry system for keeping books of accounts.
- 3. Receipt from branch debtors are not recorded in the Branch Account kept under the Debtor
- 4. Stock Reserve Account is used to adjust loading on closing stock lying at the branch HO sends goods to branch at invoice price.
- 5. While calculating the insurance claim, value of salvage is deducted from the cost of the stock
- 6. Limited companies are free to choose either single entry or double entry system of accounting.
- 7. An Account Sales is a ledger account in the books of the consignee.
- 8. Expenses incurred in forwarding the defective goods should be debited to profit and loss
- 9. Under stock and Debtors method, Branch Stock A/c is opened in order to ascertain net profit/less of branch.
- 10. Memorandum Trading Account can be prepared if proper stock records are available.

Q1 B) Match the column (Any 7 out 10)

7 marks

Column A	Column B
1. Debit side of Total Debtors A/c	a) Applies only in case of
2. Credit Side of Machinery A/c	over-insurance b) Based on cost
3. Account sales	c) Credit to branch stock
4. Ownership of goods is passed on to the buyer	d) Credit to branch debtors
5. Collection from debtors by consignee	e) Debit to branch stock
6. Gross profit transferred	f) No entry
7. Discount to customers 8. Loss of goods in fire	g) Sale
9. Mark up	h) Principal and agent i) Balance to be shown in
10. Average clause in a fire insurance	j) Credit sales

Q2] M/s. Ananya Plastic Traders supplies you the following information:

15 marks

Particulars	1 st April,2018 (Rs)	31 st March,2019 (Rs)
Sundry Debtors	18000	210000
Stock	15000	0 210000
Sundry Creditors	11000	0 120000
Furniture	2000	0 ?
Machinery	35000	0

Summary for the cash transaction for the year 2018-19

Receipts	, Rs	Payments	Rs
Opening Balance	30000	Paid to creditors	350000
Cash Sales	110000	Wages	160000
Received from Debtors	780000	Salaries	150000
Loan from Rajiv @8% p.a. on 1 st April,2018	100000	Printing and Stationery Expenses	60000
1		Drawings	120000
		Machinery Purchased on 1 st April,2018	100000
5 %		Closing Balance	80000
	1020006		1020000

Discounts Allowed were Rs 12000 and discount received Rs 10000. Bad Debts written off were Rs 8000.

Depreciation is to be provided on Furniture @10%p.a. and on Machinery @20%p.a. Expenses include payment of Rs 2000 which relates to 2019-2020. Wages outstanding Rs 11000.

Prepare Trading Profit and Loss Account of M/s. Ananya Plastic Traders for the year ended 31st March, 2019 and Balance Sheet as on that date.

OR

Q2] Mr. Shreeshant does not maintain his books of accounts on Double Entry book keeping system. He supplies you the following information.

a) Assets and Liabilities as on 1st April, 2017 and 31st March, 2018.

Particulars	1-4-2017 (Rs)		31-3-2018 (Rs)
Sundry Debtors		22400	16400
Stock		25500	67200
Sundry Creditors		42820	19740
Furniture		24000	24000
Machinery		35000	?
Cash and Bank Balance		1000	8200

b) Transactions During year ending 31st March, 2018.

Particulars	Rs
Payment made to Creditors	35000
Salaries	14660
Cash sales	?

70195

Received from Debtors	
Capital Introduced	79080
Carriage Inward	10000
Office Expenses	16420
Purchase of Machinery	5800
Drawings	100001
Discount allowed wars D = 1200	12000

Discount allowed were Rs 1200 and discount received Rs 1000. Bad debts written off were Rs 800.

Depreciation is to be provided on Furniture @20%p.a. and on Machinery @10%p.a. Salaries outstanding Rs 2000

Prepare Trading, Profit and Loss Account of Mr. Shreeshant for the year ended 31st March, 2018 and Balance sheet as on that date.

Q3] On 15 January,2017 Janson &Co. of Mumbai sent to Mukesn & Co. of Kolkata 800 bicycles at an invoice price of Rs 200 per bicycle to be sold on commission. Freight and insurance were Rs 1200

Account sale was received from consignee as follows:

15th February – 200 bicycles were sold @ Rs 290 on which 5% Commission and Rs 750 for expenses were deducted.

10th March – 300 bicycles were sold @ Rs 280 on which 5% Commission and Rs 580 for expenses were deducted.

From the above information prepare Consignment a/c in the books of Janson &Co. and close it on 31st March 2017 keeping in mind that no sales were made afterwards. Also show accounts in the books of Mukesh & co.

15 marks

OR

Q3] Mr. Ram Rao, Delhi has a branch at Mumbai. All purchases are made by the head office.

Goods are sent to Branch at invoice price which is cost plus 50%. The Branch does not maintain double entry books of accounts, the books are kept at the head office. Branch sells goods for cash as well as on credit. All the expenses of branch are paid by Head Office. All cash collection is sent to head office every day. From the following information supplied to you, prepare Branch A/c at Cost Price in the books of head office for the year ended March 2019:

(}

	13 marks
Particulars	
Stock at Branch at Invoice price on 1st April,2018	Rs
Debtors at Branch on 1st April,2018	66900
Furniture at Branch on 1st April,2018	i32300
Goods sent to Branch at invoice price	32000
Cash sales	720000
Credii sales	280000
Cash received from Debtors	562000
Tom Debiois	?

	T	22260
Bad Debts at Branch		32260
Expenses of Branch paid by Head Office:		
Salaries	-	37200
Rent		56800
Printing and Stationery		28800
		26380
		30000
Price		
Goods returned by Branch to Debtors		24000
Stock at Branch at Invoice price on 31st March, 2019		78000
		54000
		28800
Sundry Expenses Goods returned by Branch to Head Office at Invoice Price Goods returned by Branch to Debtors Stock at Branch at Invoice price on 31 st March, 2019 Debtors at Branch on 31 st March, 2019 Furniture at Branch on 31 st March, 2019		3000 2400 7800 5400

Q4] Bhagwati Stores closed their Books every year on 31st March. On 30th April 2018 their Premises and Stock were destroyed by fire. From books of accounts and other records the following information is obtained. The stock on hand every year has always been valued at 10% less than the cost.

Particulars	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	1-4-17 to
	Rs	Rs	Rs	30-4-18
				(Rs)
Opening stock	541800	648000	720000	738000
Purchases Less- Returns	1498000	1600000	1620000	120000
Sales Less- Returns	2400000	2640000	280000	240000
Wages	348000	380000	418000	40000
Closing Stock	648000	720000	738000	-

They have taken Fire Insurance Policy of Rs 700000 and there is an average clause in the policy.

The salvaged goods amounted to Rs 20000.

Find out the amount of claim to be submitted to the Insurance Company.

OR

Paper / Subject Code: 76401 / Financial Accounting-II

Q4] A fire occurred in the premises of Mr. Rohan on 15th October, 2018.

15 marks

From the following particulars ascertained the loss of stock and prepare a statement of claim to be lodged with the Insurance Company.

Particulars	
	Rs
Stock (31-3-2017)	396000
Stock (31-3-2018)	484000
Purchases for 2017-18	1280000
Sales for 2017-18	1600000
Purchases (1-4-2018 to 15-10-2018)	1200000
Sales (1-4-2018 to 15-10-2018)	1516000

Stock on 31st March, 2017 was valued at 90% of cost price and 31st March, 2018 was values at 10% above cost. Salvage was Rs 35600 the amount of policy was Rs 400000. The claim was subject to average clause.

Q5 a] Distinguish between consignment and sale Q5 b] Explain in brief Stock and Debtors Method

8 marks 7 marks

OR

Q5] Write short notes (Any 3 out 5)

15 marks

- 1) Branch Adjustment Account
- 2) Average Clause Policy
- 3) Del Credere Commission
- 4) Conversion Method
- 5) Defects of Single Entry System.

BAT Semester I Paper/Subject Code: 76402/Auditing-I

05-04-19

(Time: 2¹/2 Hours) [Total Marks:75]

2) Figures t	ons are compulsory subject to internation of the right indicates full marks.	d choice.
Q1.(A) Select the appropriate option	and rewrite the sentences (Any 8)	
1) Audit Note Book is also called as a	udit	
(a) Record (b) File	(c) Memorandum	
2) Unintentional mistake is		
(a) Error (b) Fraud	(c) Unintentional error	
3) Bills receivable account is a	account	33608655
(a) Real (b) Personal	(c) Nominal	
4) Written Audit Plan is called as audit		
(a) Programme (b) Note Book	(c) File	
5) Internal check is instituted by the		
(a) Management (b) Auditor	(c) Government	
6) audit is compulsory unc	er law.	
(a) Statutory (b) Continuous	(c) Internal	
7) Internal control includes internal	and internal audit.	830
(a) Record (b) Check	(c) Examination.	
8) Special audit can be ordered by)
(a) State Government (b) Munic	ipality (c) Central Government	
9) The main objective of is to a is to a is constant.	wold or reduce the tax liability.	
(a) Secret Reserve (b) Windo	w Dressing (c) Auditing	
10) Confirmation is an example of Audit		
(a) Procedure (b) Method	(c) Technique	
12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$\delta \text{3} \text{5} \text{7} \text{5} \text{7} \text{5} \text{7} \tex	
Q1.B) State whether following statements	ents are 'True'or 'False '(Any 7)	(7)
1) An Error of omission does not	affect the trial balance.	
2) Test check is the same as interr	nal check	
3) Statutory audit is compulsory f	or sole proprietors.	
4) The Auditor is a watchdog, bu	t not bloodhound.	
5) Cost audit is applicable to all li	mited companies.	
6) Casting error is a type of two s	ided error.	
/) The term "General Purpose Fir	nancial Statements" includes a cash f	low
statement (Wherever applicable		
requirements.	d to be prepared in accordance with	
9) Developing the internal control	system is the auditor's responsibility	√.
10) After accepting engagement le client's business.	tter the auditor should obtain knowle	dge about a new
(O2 a) What is Auditing? What are the ad-	ionto con a familia de o	
Q2. a) What is Auditing? What are the adv	amages of auditing?	(8)
b) What are the duties of an auditor in	OR	(7)
Q2.c) What is Final Audit? What are its a		(8)
d) Define Fraud. What is manipulation	of records?	(7)
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Paper / Subject Code: 76402 / Auditing-I

Q3. a) What is an audit note book? Explain the contents of Audit Note Book.	(8)
b) What is audit working paper? Explain the contents of current file.	(7)
OR SESSION	
Q3.c) What are the steps to be taken by the auditor before commencement of an audit?	(8)
d) Explain the disadvantages of audit programme.	(7)
Q4. a) How auditor should evaluate internal control for sales?	(8)
b) What are the auditor's duties regarding the internal check?	(7)
OR OR	
O4.c) How auditor should evaluate internal control for creditors?	(8)
d) Distinguish between Internal audit and Statutory audit.	(7)
Q5.a) Explain the features of statutory audit.	(8)
b) Distinguish between Internal check and Internal Control.	(7)
OR	
Q5. Write short notes on (Any 3)	(15)
1) Special Audit	
2) Audit Sampling	
3) Audit Engagement Letter	
4) Audit liability	
5) Errors of Commission	
그래 선생님이 그리고 하면 그렇게 되는 하면 살아갔던 생각 하는 이 전에게 그 아니는 [10] 그래	

70088

Paper / Subject Code: 76411 / Innovative Financial Services (R2019)

08-04-19

[21/2 Hours]

[Total Marks:75]

N.B.:	1
	2

1. Q.1 is compulsory.

2. Q.2 to Q.5 are compulsory with internal choice.

3. All questions carry equal marks.

Q.1 A Select the appropriate options and rewrite the following sentences. (any eight)	00
1.100% finance is provided in	1
(a) Factoring (b) Forfaiting (c) Both (a) & (b) (d) None of (a) & (b)	O,
2. A is defined as any passes and is	3
2. A is defined as any person who is engaged in the business of issue management.	000
(a) factor (b)manager(c)merchant banker (d)insurer	3
3. I mancial services are	B
(a) inseparable(b)intangible(c)variable(d)all of the above.	5
IS an apex housing finance institute of the state of the	1
(a) NDI (b) National Housing Bank (c) HDECY AN IC IT (C) CO.	and .
- Equipment leasing is an example of	3
(a) fund based(b) non-fund based(c) both the above(d) non-ful	1
o. Securitisation is the process of pooling and renackaging of homogony	
——Interior assets into marketable securifies	
(a) Inquid (b) Illiquid (c) fixed (d) our rent	
/. In a lease, the lessor does not transfer all the side at	
	to
(a) finance (b) operating (c) Both (a) & (b) (d) New 25	
or a cutting of a cutting Capital included	
(a) High risk (b) Illiquid investment (c) High Took at 1997	
9. Credit Card facility is an excellent example of credit.	
(a) long term (b) secured (c) revolving (4)	
10. Where in an order, the client places all.	
10. Where in an order, the client places a limit on the price of the security; it is a case of	e
(a) limit order (b)best rate order (c)stop loss order (d)immediate or cancel order	
Q.1 B Rewrite the following statements and state whether they are True or False. (7)
	1
1. The non-fund based services are called asset based services.	
2. The bills covered under the scheme must be genuine trade bills relating to the sale or dispatch of goods.	
3. Underwriters agree to take up securities which are not fully and the securities which are not	

4. A stock broker is a member of a recognized stock exchange.

5. A derivative is a contract between two parties which derives its value or price from an underlying asset.

6. In a finance lease, the lessor does not transfer all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of the asset.

7. The last stage in venture capital financing is the exit to realize the investment so as to make a profit or minimize losses.

8. Consumer finance refers to the raising of finance by businesses for the acquisition of durable goods.

9. NBFCs are not allowed to accept demand deposits.

10. One time assessment of creditworthiness is valid over the future life of the security.

Paper / Subject Code: 76411 / Innovative Financial Services (R2019)

Q.2 (a) Define financial services. What are the types of financial services? Explain with any three examples of each type.	(8)
(b) Distinguish between factoring and forfeiting. OR	(7)
(c) Define Merchant Banker. State any seven services provided by Merchant Bankers.	(8)
(d) What is the meaning of 'Securitisation'? Explain its features.	(7)
Q.3 (a) Distinguish between Operating Lease and Financial Lease.	(8)
(b) Explain the meaning of Venture Capital. State its features.	(7)
OR	
(c) State any eight advantages of Hire Purchase.	(8)
(d) Describe various sources of Consumer Finance.	(7)
Q.4 (a) Explain limitations of Credit Rating	(8)
(b) How can frauds and misuse of Credit Cards be prevented?	(7)
OR	
(c) What are the benefits of using Credit Cards?	(8)
(d) Explain features of recourse and non-recourse factoring.	(7)
Q.5 (A) State any eight advantages of leasing to the lessee.	(8)
(B) Explain meaning & importance of underwriters in issue management.	(7)
OR	
	(15)
Q.5 Write a short note on: (Any three) (a) Role of NHB	(10)
(b) Advantages of credit rating to the investors	
(c) Importance of financial services (d) Code of conduct for Bankers to an issue	
(e) Bill Discounting process	

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BAF Semeste

Paper / Subject Code: 76404 / Business Communication-II

09-04-19

Q.P. Code: 35027

[Time: 2½ Hours]

[Marks:75]

Please check that you have the correct Question Paper.
All questions are compulsory.

N.B:

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable options: (Any 08) are based on the Findings of a Business Report. (Recommendations / Terms of Reference / Appendix) 2. is a powerful means of communication within an organisation. (Press Release / Television / House Journal) When a _____ is passed in a Meeting it becomes a Resolution. (Motion/ Judg:nent/ Declaration) _____ is a decision making body.(Conference / Symposium / Committee) 4. A Job Interview is also known as a _____Interview. (Selection / Segregation) 5. Catalogues, price-lists and other literature may be sent by the seller in response to a Letter of ___.(Order / Complaint / Inquiry). 7. AIDA stands for Attention, ______, Desire and Action. (Internet / Interest / Intranet) A District Consumer Commission deals with complaints up to the value of Rs. (Twenty Thousand/ Two Lakh/ Twenty Lakh) The Right to Information Act was passed in the year ______ (2005 /2006 /2007) 10. The third stage of a Selection Interview is (Parting/ Supplying Information/Acquiring Information) Q.I. B Match the following: (Any 07) [07] Dynamics Vote of Thanks 2. Delegates Review of Subordinates' Performance b. 3 Flier Videoconferencing c. 4 Last Item in the Agenda d. Written Intimation about a Meeting. Notice Specialised Periodical Publication Newsletter f. Force 7. Skype Promotional Material 8. Feasibility Report Participants at a Conference 9. Structured Interview i. Pre-planned 10. Appraisal Interview Studies the Prospects of Starting a New Venture j. A. Define Interview. How should an interviewer prepare to conduct a Selection Interview? [08] B. What is a Conference? Discuss the various ways to ensure the successful organisation of a conference. [07] C. What is a Grievance Interview? Why and how should it be conducted? [08] D. Define Public Relations. List and explain any five methods of promoting Internal Public Relations in an [07] organization. Q.III. A. Rashmi Shetty wants to purchase a Platinum vacuum cleaner. Write a Letter of Inquiry on her behalf to [08] Sam Electronics, Grant Road, Mumbai inquiring about the various models, their features and prices. Use the Complete Block layout.

Turn Over

Paper / Subject Code: 76404 / Business Communication-II

Q.P. Code: 35027

2

- B. You had ordered 05 cases of glassware from Crystal Stores, Mahim, Mumbai. When you received the [0 cases much of the glassware was chipped or broken because of poor packaging. Draft a Letter of Complaint and ask for a replacement of the damaged goods. Use the Modified Block layout. OR
- C. A Committee has been appointed by Lok Mills, Shahapur to study the causes for a huge number of staff [0 members leaving their jobs in the last two months. Draft an investigative Business Report on behalf of the Committee.
- D. Draft the Notice and Agenda for a monthly Board meeting of Swaraj Cotton Textiles, Surat: Also draft Resolutions for the following:
 - Appointment of a Director

- Extension of Office Premises
- Q.IV A. Draft a Sales letter to promote the sale of a Treadmill. Use the Semi Block layout.
 - B. You had purchased silver jewellery worth Rs. 25,000/- through online shopping and had made an advance payment of the entire amount as COD wasn't available. You have not got the jewellery for the past two months in spite of several requests and reminders. Draft a letter addressed to the Consumer Redressal Forum seeking refund of the entire paid amount with suitable compensation. Use the Complete Block
 - OR C. Draft an RTI Letter seeking information regarding your Passport that has not been delivered to you in spite of having submitted the required documents and completing all the necessary formalities over two
 - months ago. D. Summarize the following passage: Every year, millions of tons of office paper are discarded. Despite the promise of improved computer

systems and networking technologies, a paperless society has yet to materialize, and experts now believe it never will. Even so, there are ways to minimize the trillions of documents that are printed each year. Computer users should use paper and energy in a responsible manner. This requires thought and discipline. It can also make work life easier and less expensive by saving time, storage space, and money. There are three simple steps one can take. First, think before you print. Do you really need a hard copy (printed copy)? Are people asking for a hard copy when an email attachment would work just as well? If you are concerned that your electronic documents will be lost or altered, back them up and store them on removable media such as a CD or a Pen Drive. Kept in a safe place, the electronic copy will not change and will always be accessible. Third, encourage others to print wisely. When someone brings you a printed document, ask him or her to send it by email or give it to you on a removable media next time.

Write Short Notes on the following: (Any 03) Q. V

- 1. Advantages of Meetings
- 2. Exit Interview
- 3. Crisis Management
- 4. Functions of the Public Relations Department of an Organization
- Promotional Leaflets and Fliers

BAF Semester II Paper/Subject Code: 76405/Foundation Course-II

10-04-19

Q. P. Code: 33877

Time: 2 ½ hours

Marks: 75

Note: 1) All Questions are compulsory.

2) Figure to the right indicates full marks.

1. A C	Choose the correct alternatives (any eight)	(08)
(i)	Liberalisation is based on ideas. (Capitalist, Socialist, Communist)	
(ii)	Economic liberalisation was adopted by Prime Minister	
	(Mr. Manmohan Singh, Mr. Rajiv Gandhi, Mr. Narasimha Rao)	
(iii)	Article of the Constitution abolished the practice (15, 16, 17)	of untouchability
(iv)	The objective of Right to Freedom of Religion is to sustain the pr	nciple of
	(Communalism, Regionalism, Secularism)	
(v)	factor is formed of all living organism. (Biotic, Abiotic, Robotic)	
(vi)	directly feed on producers. (Herbivores, Omnivores, Carnivores)	
(vii)	arises when goal directed behaviour is blocked or thwater (Frustration, Stress, Conflict)	arted.
viii)	Eustress is also known as (Positive, Negative, Neutral)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(ix)	means forming close associations with trusted friends (Networking, Relaxation, Social support)	and co-workers.
(x)	Win-Win is the outcome of strategy. (Collaborating, Compromising, Smoothing)	
B Sta	te whether the statement is True or False	(07)
(i)	The process of moving for a period of time in response of labour o conditions is called asseasonal migration.	r climate
(ii)	In India, the concept of privatisation gained importance in the post since 1991.	reform period

Paper / Subject Code: 76405 / Foundation Course-II

Q. P. Code: 33877

Magna Carta was signed in 1215. (iii) Article 14 of Indian Constitution provides for Equality before Law. (iv) Overuse of the renewable resources for short gain may shorten a country's long (v) term economic future. Degradation occurs when earth's natural resources are depleted. (vi) Stress aggravates diabetes. (vii) Intergroup conflict occurs within an individual (viii) Addressors do not possess risk taking attitude. (ix) Concealers don't believe in taking risks. (x)2. What is liberalisation? What are the benefits and limitations of liberalisation? OR Explain the concept of globalisation? Examine the impact of globalisation on employment. (15)3. Define Human Rights. What are the characteristics of human rights? OR Briefly explain Fundamental Rights as enshrined in Indian Constitution. 4. What is environmental degradation? What are its causes? (15)OR Discuss the importance of ethics in an individual's development. (15)5. Explain various strategies for coping with conflict. OR Write short note on (any three): Causes of migration (a) Magna Carta (b) Need for sustainable development (c) Causes of stress (d) Types of individual conflicts (e)

Paper/Subject Code: 76409/Business Law-I

Time: 2.30 HRS

Q.1.A] Answer the following multiple	choice questions. [Any 8]
	the parties, the contract comes to an end by
	ge by performance
c) discharge by agreement d) discharge	by breach
2. When an innocent party is claiming for	or monetary damages, it may be
a) liquidated damages. b) vindictive	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
c) any of them. d) all of th	em.
3. Which is not goods	
a) live stock b) shares c) valid Indian C	urrency d) Goodwill
4. Doctrine OF Caveat emptor places the	
(a) buyer b) seller c) third party d) gov	
5) the lien of an unpaid seller depends on	그 사업으로 그 스마 가장 2명을 통해 수십 다시 : 이 사라 다른 사람이 다른 다른 다른 사람이 함께
a) possession b) title. c) ownership	
* X ^ >	Sh says to the shookeanon Van 11 x p
a) contract of guarantee b) contract of inc	lemnity c) contract of surety d) Quasi- contract
	hich of the following refers to "a written document by which a right
a) promise b) instrument c)agreement	d) contract
8) For what term of imprisonment an offe punished.	nder under section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act can be
a) two years b)one year c) three years	d) five years.
9) The right of subrogation in a contract of	guarantee is available to the
a] Creditor b] Principal debtor c] Suret	
10) Who is not a party to a Cheque?	
a) drawer b) drawee c) payee	d) Acceptor
Q.I.B) State whether the following statem	ents are True or False: (Any 7) / mks
3) A Contract once entered needs to be a	le stranger to consideration can sue. uffer any loss on account of breach of a contract can never claim

Paper / Subject Code: 76409 / Business Law-I

 5) Death of a surety does not put an end to the contract of guarantee. 6) Sale of Goods Act only deals with immovable property. 7) Cheque is valid for the period of three months. 8) Payee is the person to whom money is to be paid. 9) In a contract of sale, money is a consideration. 10) Unascertained goods are same as generic goods. 	
the assential requirements of a valid proposal?	8 mk
Q.II. A) Define a Proposal and what are the essential requirements of a valid proposal?	7 mk
B) "No Consideration, No Contract"- Discuss & State exception to the rule.	
OR	
C) Define the "Contract of Guarantee" and state the essential requirements of Contract of	\$38 m
Guarantee.	் 7 ml
D) Explain fully Agency by Ratification	8 m
Q.III. A) State the Distinction between Sale & Agreement to sell.	7 m
B) Explain the Doctrine of Caveat Emptor & State its exception.	, 11.
OR	0
C) Who is 'Unpaid Seller'? What are his various rights under the Sale of Goods Act?	8 r
D) What is an Auction Sale? What are the rules applicable to Auction Sales?	7 1
Q.IV. A) What is a Bill of exchange? How does a Promissory Note differ from a bill of exchange?	? 81
B) What is meant by a special crossing of a Cheque? How does special crossing differ from	1 7
general crossing of a Cheque?	4
C) State the various modes of Discharge of Negotiable Instrument.	8
	7
D) Write a note on Dishonor of Cheque.	er as p
Q. V. A) Define a Consumer as per Consumer Protection Act and also state who is not a Consum the Act.	8
B) What are the Objects of the Consumer Protection Act, 1986?	7
OR	
D) Chart Note (Any 3):	1
D) Short Note (Any 3): 1) Auction Sale 2) Unfair Trade Practices 3) Hire purchase agreement	
가게 되는 전기가 있다. 아이지 않는 소리를 하면 하다.	
4) Deficiency in Services 5) Consumer Dispute ***********************************	

Page 2 of 2

BAF Semester [Paper / Subject Code: 76410 / Mathematics.

12-04-19

Max Marks: 75 Duration: 21/2 hours **NOTE: 1.** All questions are compulsory. 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks. 3. Use of non-programmable electronic calculator is allowed. [8] Choose the correct alternative from the following (Any 8): Q.1 (a) A load is expressed as a percentage of (i) (a) SIP (b) NFO (c) NAV (d) AMC An annuity in which the number of payments depends upon the happening of some event (ii) is (a) life annuity (b) contingent annuity (c) perpetual annuity (d) certain annuity. If the face value of a share is less than its market value, then the share is said to be (iii) (a) at a premium (b) at par (c) below par (d) None of these. If the nominal rate of interest is 9% per annum compounded quarterly, then the effective (iv) rate of interest per annum is the nominal rate of interest (a) greater than (b) less than (c) the fourth root of (d) equal to. The list price minus trade discount is called the -(v) (a) cost price (b) reduced cost price (c) net selling price (d) invoice price. The difference between the market value and the net worth of a business is its (vi) (a) good will (b) profit (c) loss (d) None of these The sub triplicate ratio of 8:1 is (vii) (a) 1:2 (b) 2:1 (c) 1:1 (d) 512:1. The fourth proportional to 10, 15, 24 is (viii) (a)126 (b) 612 (c) 621(d) 216. Commission is usually calculated as a percentage of (ix) (a) cost price (b) list price (c) net selling price (d) invoice price. The compound interest on Rs. 2,000 at 12% p.a. is maximum when the interest is (x) compounded (a) monthly (b) quarterly (c) half yearly (d) data is not sufficient. [7] (b) Q.1 Write True / False (Any 7): The brokerage for a buyer is to be added in the sales value while calculating total amount (i) the buyer receives. Simple interest is calculated on the principal amount only. (ii) Profit = N. S. P. – C. P. when N. S. P. > C. P. (iii) A mutual fund can never make a loss. (iv)Par value and nominal value of a share are same.

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- (vi) An annuity is an annual payment of a simple interest.
- (vii) The product of a ratio and its inverse is always one.
- (viii) If a share is available at a discount, then its face value is less than its market value.
- (ix) a^2 : b^2 is the duplicate ratio of a : b.

(x) N.S.P. =
$$\frac{(100 - Cash discount)}{100} \times C.P.$$

Q.2 Answer either questions (a)&(b) or (c)&(d) of the following:

- (a) A manufacturer makes a profit of 20% on cost after allowing trade discount at a rate of 22%. If the cost of manufacturing increases by 20%, find the new rate of trade discount if the manufacturer earns profit at the same rate without changing the catalogue price.
- (b) There are two numbers with ratio 16: 9 and 24 is a mean proportional between them. Find the numbers.

(OR)

- (c) A company fixed the rate of commission to its sales man as follows: 4% on the first Rs. 8000, 6% on the next Rs. 6,000, 9% on the next Rs. 6,000 and 10% on the balance. The company had agreed to pay 1/4% bonus over total sales if the sales crossed Rs. 25,000. A sales man of the company secured sales worth Rs. 27,000. Calculate the total earnings of the sales man.
- (d) 30 men working for 8 hours a day earn Rs. 6,400 in 20 days. How much 45 men will ear in 24 days if they work 10 hours a day? The men are paid on the basis number of hours pu in.

Q.3 Answer either questions (a)&(b) or (c)&(d) of the following:-

- (a) Ketan and Kevin borrowed Rs. 18,000 and Rs. 25,000 respectively, at the same rate of simple interest. Ketan repaid the loan with interest of Rs. 5,040, after 3.5 years. How much should Kevin pay after 4.5 years to pay off the loan, including simple interest?
- (b) Vishal deposits Rs. 7000 at the end of every quarter, at 10% compound interest p.a. Find the amount of annuity he will receive after 2 years.

(OR)

- (c) Sohail promised to pay Aamir Rs. 15,000 after 3 years with compound rate of interest 89 p.a. He also promised to pay Aakash Rs. 20,000 after 4 years with compound rate of interest 9% p.a. Find the present worth of these payments. Also find the total present worth of the money Sohail has to pay.
- (d) Sumedh takes a loan of Rs. 1,50,000 from a bank for a period of 15 months at 12% p.a. compound interest. Compute the EMI on monthly reducing balance.

	Q.4	Ar	nswer either questions (a)&(b) or (c)&(d) of the following :-	
		(a)		
			each. After 3 months, she received dividend at 40%. After 6 months, she sold all the	[8]
			shares at a market price of Rs. 160 each. She paid brokerage of 0.4% for both	
			transactions. Find her net gain.	
		(b)	Given the following information of a mutual fund:	
			Total number of units = 1,20,000	\$ (17)
			Market value of securities = 25 lakins	o'
			Market value of corporate bonds = 30 lakhs	
			Other assets of fund = 20 lakhs	
			Liabilities = 6 lakhs	
		.,7*	Payable by fund = 4 lakhs	
			Find NAV of the mutual fund.	
			(\mathbf{OR})	
	(c	2)	Varun invested Rs. 20,000 in a Mutual Fund on 8-2-2011 when its NAV was 25.8. He	ro1
			received a dividend @ 5 per unit on 21-7-2011. He redeemed all units on 15-11-2011 with	[8]
			total gain of Rs. 6,682.588. Find NAV at which he redeemed all units if entry load was	
			2.25% and exit load was 1%.	
***************************************	(d)) 1	Fred purchased 600 shares of face value Rs. 10 each. The rate of brokerage was 0.8% and	[7]
		t	he total sum he paid was Rs 1, 45, 152. Find the market price per share.	[7]
	.5	323		
Q5	(a)	È	Explain the term variation and its types.	[0]
	(b)	E	xplain the concept of NAV of a mutual fund.	[8]
			(OR)	[7]
Q5			Write any three short notes.	
	(c) ·	D	ividend and rate of return	[5]
	(d)	Aı	nnuity and its types	[5]
	(e)	Во	onus shares and split of shares	[5]
	(f)	Ra	tio and proportion	[5]
(g)	Ca	sh discount and Trade discount	[5]
			**********	[5]