## [Time: $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[ Marks:75]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

N.B: 1. All questions are compulsory.

- 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Q.1 A) State whether the following statements are True / False (Any 8)

. 08

- a) Effective management of human resources has national significance.
- b) Globalisation has led to outsourcing of jobs.
- c) The critical incident method is used for job evaluation
- d) In job rotation, the employee is shifted from one job to another.
- e) Promotion somes as an incentive to employees.
- f) Job postings are an external sources of recruitment.
- g) Off the job training is to improve knowledge about latest developments.
- h) Performance appraisal sources as a two fold purpose
- i) Incentives may be individual based or group based.
- j) Employees feel isolated if they feel that their are not having on impact on the organization.

#### B) Match the columns (Any 7)

Λ	7
v	1

	B
1) SHRM	a) Middle large core assigned
2) Job Enrichment	b) Use of company credit card
3) HR planning	c) Efficient Training of workers
4) External recruitment	d) Poaching
5) Training	e) Horizontal Job loading
6) Central Tendency Error	f) Focuses on business level outcomes
7) Key executive benefits	g) Includes empowering employees
8) Effective TQM	h) Personnel or manpower planning
9) Competitors	i) Costly
10) Job enlargement	j) Improve speed & accuracy

64694

### Paper / Subject Code: 85504 / Human Resource Management

<ul><li>b)</li><li>c)</li><li>d)</li></ul>	Explain with diagram common structure of the human resources department  OR  Describe the different factors that affect job design.	07
,	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	000
,	Describe the different factors that affect job design.	200
d)		5. 67 67 CO
	Explain the objectives of human resources planning.	07
Q.3 a)	Define promotion and elaborate on promotion by seniority & promotion by merit.	08
b)	What is recruitment? Explain the internal sources of recruitment	07
		5101
c)	Explain the selection procedure in the Banking Sector.	08
d)	Elaborate on the different types of interviews.	07
Q.4 a)	What are the different methods of Training & development?	15
	OR	
c)	Describe the human errors in performance appraisal.	08
d)	What are the factors affecting wages and salaries?	07
Q.5 a)	Explain the different types of fringe benefits.	08
b)	Describe the different methods and techniques of employees participation.	07
	OR	
	Write short notes (Any 3)	15
a)	Globalisation & HRM	
b)	Job specification	
(c)	Job enlargement	
d)	Factors affecting HRP	
e)	Types of transfer	

4-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1

(2½ Hours) [Total Marks: 75]

# Note: All Questions are Compulsory with Internal Options Figures to the right indicate total marks to the question.

Q1. A	Fill in the blanks (Any Eight)	\$\ 5\
ı.		1
	partnership.	2
	a. Joint Venture	6
	b. Franchise	
	c. Mergers and Acquisition	S .
ii.	are transactions in which the ownership of companies or their	2
	operating units are transferred or consolidated with other activities.	Ŋ
iii.	deals with the volume and price of money in the economy.	0
	a. Industrial policy	2
	b. Fiscal Policy	Y
	c. Monetary Policy	
iv.	are designs and names officially registered by which business people	
	designate and differentiate their products.	
	a. Patent	
	b. Trademark	
	c. Copy right	
v.	is defined as the process of reentry of the individuals in to their	
	home country after living abroad for some time.	
	a. Expatriation	
	b. Immigration	
	c. Repatriation	
vi.	EPCG scheme is applicable for	
	a. Capital goods	
	b. Technology	
	c. Raw Materials	
vii. 🔊	is issued when goods are sent by air	
CHICK!	a. Bill of lading	
	b. Shipping bill	
	c. Airway bill	
viii	In the approach, organization favor development of a particular region	
	rather than home or host countries.	
1000	a. Regiocentric	
30,00	b. Polycentric	
6,00	C. Ethnocentric	
ix.	APEC consists of member nations	
620	a. 19	
	b. 21	
1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,	6 c. 18	
x. 5.2	UNCTAD is headquartered in	
SLAL &	a. Washington	
300 T	b. Manila	
10 K3 C	c. Vienna	
Sr. 13, 75.	2,96,72,150)	

## Paper / Subject Code: 85506 / International Business

В. i.	State whether the following is True of There are limited restrictions in dom	7 2 0 6	7
ii.	PEST anlaysis is concerned with the key external environment influences on business.		
iii.	IMF was established on 1st Jan 1995		
iv.		onomic union of 28 member states that are primarily	
v.	•	characterized by market aggregation	30/2
vi.		your native country in order to settle in another.	15°00
vii.	Uniform rules for combined transpo of Commerce London.	rt documents are issued by International Chamber	15. C.
viii.	Dumping refers to buying goods at lo	ow prices abroad and selling at high prices locally.	
ix.	DTA sale is not allowed at all for EOU	Junits.	
х.	Services Exports from India Scheme instead of Indian Service Providers.	shall apply to service providers located in India	
Q2. A B	Define International Business. Distin What are the effects of globalization		8 7
•	Diamonda di affirmita attrata di affirmita		,
C D	Discuss briefly the strategies for goir What is Trans National Corporation?		8 7
Q3. A B	Define Economic Integration. What are the levels of economic integration.  Explain the role and objectives of ADB		8 7
			_
C D	Explain the Principles of WTO What are the determinants of market	et selection. Explain in brief	8 7
		2, 4, 4, 5, 6, 6, 8, 4, 4, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6,	
Q4. A	Briefly describe the process of expor	t documentation.	8
В	What are the challenges related to e	expatriation and repatriation.	7
		ORS	
С	Examine the basis of market segmen		8
D		inimum FOB Price to be quoted in USD	7
	Cost of materials	Rs 1,06,000	
19K2	Cost of Labour	Rs 35,000	
STAN STAN	Local Transport	Rs 6,000	
67.67	Packing Charges	Rs 3,000	
	Expected Profit	10% of FOB Cost	
	Duty Draw Back	10% of FOB Price	
	Conversion Rate	1\$ = Rs 65	
Q5. A	Explain Duty Draw Back under FTP 2	015-2020	8
B	Enlist the major steps in ISO 14001 c	ertification.	7
25 46°		OR	
Cara	Write short notes on (Any Three)		15
	Exchange Control Provisions for Imp	orts	
	NICHE Marketing		
in.	BRICS		
iv.	Town of Export Excellence		
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	GATS		

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Duration: 2.30 Hours Marks: 75

NB: (1) All questions are compulsory.

(2) Figures to the right indicate marks allotted to each question.

#### 1. (A) Match the following. (Any 8)

(08 Marks)

Group Á	Group B
(a) Equity share	(1) Debt Fund
(b) Preference share	(2) Discounted value
(c) Fundamental analysis	(3) Fixed Dividend
(d) PPF	(4) Unsecured Deposit
(e) Public Deposit	(5) Tax Saving Investment
(f) Investment Bank	(6) Registered office
(g) Post Office	(7) Initial public offering
(h) Present Value	(8) Ratios
(i) Bond	(9) Bear Market
(j) Expectation to fall price	(10) Risky Capital

1. (B) Give True or False: (Any 7)

(07 Marks)

- 1. Small-cap stocks tend to offer more growth potential than large-cap stocks.
- 2. Risk is highest in callable bonds.
- 3. The higher the risk of a security, the lower would be the return expected from it.
- 4. Speculative activities are harmful.
- 5. Fundamental analysis is a method of evaluating a security.
- 6. Examples of solvency ratio include current ratio and quick ratio.
- 7. Price level and inflation affect the economy of the country.
- 8. The efficient market hypothesis (EMH) states that the financial markets are inefficient.
- 9. Risk is measured by variability in returns.
- 10. A risky asset is one whose return is certain as a Government Security.
- 2. (a) Distinguish between investment and Speculation?

(08 Marks)

(b) Explain the phases of Portfolio Management.

(07 Marks)

OR

2. The rate of return of stock Alpha and Beta under different status of economy are given below:

Particular	Boom	Normal	Recession
Probability	0.35	0.50	0.15
Return of stock Alpha (%)	30	50	70
Return of stock Beta (%)	70	50	30

- (a) Calculate the expected return and standard deviation of return on both the stock.
- (b) If you could invest in either stock Alpha or stock Beta, but not in both.
- (c) Which stock would you prefer?

(15 Marks)

3. Following information is available relating to X Limited and Y Limited.

Particulars	X Limited	Y Limited
Equity Share Capital (Rs.10 face value)	Rs.300 lakhs	Rs.350 lakhs
Profit after tax	Rs.50 lakhs	Rs.70 lakhs
Proposed Dividend	Rs.35 lakhs	Rs.40 lakhs
Market Price Per Share	Rs.200	Rs.280
Current Assets	Rs.80 lakhs	Rs.90 lakhs
Current Liabilities	Rs.40 lakhs	Rs.45 lakhs

Calculate:

- (i) Earnings per share
- (ii) P/E Ratio
- (iii) Dividend Payout Ratio

- (iv) Return on Equity Shares
- (v) Current Ratio

As an analyst inform the investor which is good in investing.

(15 Marks)

OR

3. (a) Explain Technical Analysis and principles of Technical Analysis.

(08 Marks)

(b) Explain Operating Leverage and Financial Leverage and its uses.

(07 Marks)

4. (a) The details of three portfolios are given below.

Portfolio	Return on Portfolio	Beta	Standard Deviation
	(%)		(%)
Sony	18	1.2	28
Mony	12	0.8	32
Tony	16	1.1	36
Market Index	14	1.0	22

Compare these portfolio on performance using Sharpe and Treynor measures.

Risk Free return is 8 %.

(08 Marks)

4. (b) A Government of India bond of Rs.1,000 each has a coupon rate of 7.5% p.a. and maturity period is 10 years. If the current market price is Rs. 960. Find YTM.

(07 Marks)

OR

4. (c) Give assumptions of the Efficient Market Hypothesis.

(08 Marks)

(d) Explain Capital Market Line with diagram.

(07 Marks)

5. (a) Returns of Apple Limited and Orange Limited are given for four years with market returns.

You are required to compute Beta of Apple Limited and Orange Limited

(08 Marks)

Year	Apple Limited	Orange Limited	Market (%)
	(%)	(%)	
1	11	130	12
2	13	14	140 8 5 5 5
3	12		14
4	10	10	16

(b) What are the three forms of efficient market? Explain.

(07 Marks)

OR

5. Give short notes on: (Any three)

(15 Marks)

- 1. Mutual Fund
- 2. Markowitz Model
- 3. Bond Risk
- 4. Types of Leverages
- 5. Arbitrage Pricing Theory

\*\*\*\*\*\*

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Time 2 ½ hrs. Marks :75

Q.1) A) Fill in the blanks with appropriate choices given below. (Any 8)	-(8)
1) The function carries out research, organizes advertising and product	
Promotion.	
a) Sales b) Marketing c) Production	500
<ul> <li>2) implies increasing sales by selling present products in the new markets.</li> <li>a) Market Penetration b) Market Development c) Product Development</li> </ul>	
3) Industrial sickness contributes to cost economy.	
a) High b) Medium c) Low	5 73 73 5 73 75
4) In April 1997, the name of Industrial Reconstruction Bank of India (IRBI) has been	3 4 6
changed to	
a) IIBI b) IDBI c) SIDF	
5) The process of eliminating errors thereby improving the overall quality is  a) BPR b) TQM c) Restructuring	
6) JIT stands for	9
a) Just in Through b) Just in Time c) Just in Type	)
7) LinkedIn is an example ofnetworking.	
a) Social b) Business c) Personal	
8) is a temporary partnership.	
a) Merger b) Joint Venture c) Takeover	
9) is the process of influencing people to achieve group objectives.	
a) Staffing b) Leadership c) Controlling	
10) involves up gradation of technology to increase production to improve	
quality and reduce wastages and cost of production.	
a) Diversification b) Modernization c) Vertical Integration.	
	(7)
Q.1) B) State whether the following statements are True or False. (Any 7)	(7)
1) Change is the mark of growth and survival.	
2) Spin off is another version of survival strategy.	
3) Sickness in industrial units is a gradual process and does not develop suddenly.	
4) Human activities conducted for earning money are called as Non economic activities.	
5) Industrial sickness relates to uneconomic functioning of Industrial units.	
6) Zen means "to Change" and Kai means "good".	
7) Turnaround and Downsizing are one and the same.	
8) Creativity is limited to artists, writers, painters, musicians etc.	
9) A CEO alone can bring into successful turnaround strategy implementation.	
10) Initial investment in SOHO is quite high.	
(0.2) a) What is Business? Explain the different characteristics of husiness chicatives	(8)
Q.2) a) What is Business? Explain the different characteristics of business objectives.	(8)
b) Explain the term Turnaround Management. Explain the indicators of successful turnaround.	(7)
OR	(1)
c) Discuss in detail Internal and External Growth Strategies adopted by Business	(15)
organisation.	(13)
organisation.	
Q.3) a) What is Industrial Sickness? Explain Internal reasons of Industrial Sickness.	(8)
b) Briefly explain the role of Government to overcome Industrial Sickness.	(7)
OR	(1)
c) Define BPR. Explain various elements of BPR	(8)
d) Distinguish between –TQM and BPR	(7)
	(1)

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## Paper / Subject Code: 85505 / Turnaround Management

Q.4) a)What is Reengineering team? What is the role of BPR leader? b) Explain 5S Principles. What are its benefits? OR	(8) (7)
<ul><li>Q.4) c) What is Franchising? Explain its different types.</li><li>d) Explain the term Outsourcing. What are the different advantages of outsourcing?</li></ul>	(8) (7)
Q.5) a) Explain the entities involved in outfitting a team for turnaround management. b) Discuss the various styles of Decision making in the turnaround process.  OR	(8) (7)
Q.5) Write short notes on (Any Three)  i) Business Objectives  ii) BIFR  iii) Flowcharts  iv) Present status of Starts up in India  v) Organisational Change	(15)

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Time: 2 1/2 Hours **Total Marks:75** (8)Q1 A. Choose the correct option (any 8) is the amount of net profit available for distribution of dividend. (net profit before tax, net profit after tax, divisible profit, dividable profit) 2. An auditor can audit maximum companies as per companies act 2013. (ten,twenty, thirty, forty) 3. Misfeasance is a \_\_\_\_\_\_ liability in the companies act (criminal, civil, contractual, government) 4. First auditor of a company shall be appointed by the (shareholders, promoters, board of directors, registrar of companies) is the most important objective of auditing. (reporting, fraud detection, verification, preparation of final accounts) 6. Money lent for one day is called as money at \_\_\_\_\_. (short notice, call, intraday, liquidity) 7. Surrender value becomes a part of \_\_\_\_\_\_in revenue account. (premiums, commission, benefits paid, tax paid) 8. Provisions of section of income tax act apply to tax audit. (44, 44AB, 44ABD, 44AC) \_\_\_\_\_ approach is also known as auditing around the computer (white box, black box, yellow box, red box) 10. The main auditor does not have the right to access the audit working papers of \_\_\_\_\_ auditor. (joint, branch, statutory, cost) B) State true or false: (any 7) (7) 1. Dividends can be distributed from the share capital of the company. 2. Auditor of a company can be appointed by CAG. 3. Auditor is liable only if there is a loss to the party. 4. Auditor is supposed to report to the board of directors. 5. Internal auditor cannot perform concurrent audit. 6. IRDA has the power to suspend class or classes of general insurance business. 7. HR audit covers compliance with legal provisions. 8. CIS has created a problem of data security. 9. A chartered accountant cannot share his fees with a non member. 10. Books of accounts shall be preserved for at least 5 years. 2 a) what are the provisions of the companies act regarding maintainance of books of accounts (8)B) What are the duties of a company auditor? (7) c) Discuss types of liabilities of professional accountants (8)d) What is an audit report? Mention and elaborate types of audit report. (7)

## Paper / Subject Code: 85503 / Auditing - II

3 a) What is LFAR? Mention the contents and importance of LFAR.  b) How do you audit Premium of an insurance company	(8) (7)
OR STATE OF	
c) How would an auditor evaluate the internal control system of the bank?	(8)
d) What areas are the internal controls needed in an insurance company?	(7)
	12 / N 00
4 a) What is a management audit? Mention its scope and objectives.	(8)
b) What is a computerized audit program? Mention features and advantages.	(7)
OR	2005
	2000
c) What is a tax audit? Explain in detail	(8)
d) What are the problems in CIS environment in implementation of internal control.	(7)
	2 2 3 9 S
5 a) What are the clauses of professional misconduct in relation to chartered accountant in practice	(8)
b) Explain the role of professional accountant in society with reference to the code of ethics	(7)
	30,0
5) Short notes (any 3)	(15)
1. Segment reporting	D. (=0)
2. Remuneration of an auditor	)1
3. Environmental audit	
4. True and fair	
5. Non performing assets	
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
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\$\chi \langle \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi	

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	Time: 2½ Hours	Total Marks: 75
Note:1)All questions are compulsory		
2) Figures to right indicate marks		
Q.1.a.State whether the following statem	nents are True or false: (Any 8)	(08)
1. The RBI was established as a private b	oank.	
2. Globlisation has increased the role of G	Central bank.	
3. The RBI is totally autonomous and inc	dependent of the government.	
4. The Bank for International Settlements	s frames prudential norms for t	he Banking sector.
5. Foreign exchange operations are gover	rned by the FERA.	
6. Monetary policy alone can control infl	ation.	
7. Price stability and economic growth ar	re conflicting in nature.	1
8. Any organization accepting deposits for	or its own sake is called a bank	
<b>9</b> . There are no risk in e-banking.		
10. The World Bank consists of five instit	tutions.	15 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
		2 0x 2x
<b>b.</b> Choose the correct alternative and rew	rite the sentences: (Any Seven	(07)
1. The major weakness faced by Central	Banks in emerging economies	are
a. Weak financial system,	c.Both (a) a	nd (b),
b.Financing government debt,	d.None of the	he above
2. Forcasting or fixing rate of inflation is	called	
a.inflation targeting	c.Exchange	rate targeting
b.C.R.R	d.Monetary	policy
3. Monetary policy in India is formulated	l by	
a.Monetary policy committee	c.Central G	overnment
b.Tandon committee	d.State gove	ernment
4. The present governor of RBI is		
a.Mr.Shaktikanta Das	c.N.K.Singl	n
b.Urjit Patel	d.Arvind Su	ıbramanian

## Paper / Subject Code: 85501 / Central Banking

<b>5</b> .During the recession time t	he C.R.R is		Ky CO CO L
a.Reduced		c.kept same	3 8 1 1 0 0 C
b.Increased		d.doubled	
<b>6</b> .License to start a bank are i	issued by		
a.RBI		c.IRDA	2000 C
b.SEBI		d.ITA	A TO O O TO
7. Certificate of deposit is issu	ued by	V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	200 PL 2 K
a.Commercial Banks		c.IRDA	J. 2 9 9 6 2
b.RBI		d.SEBI	
8. The central bank of China i	is		
a.People's Bank of Cl	hina	c.Swiss Bank of China	2000L
b.Reserve Bank of Ch	nina	d.Federal Bank of Chin	a
<b>9</b> .E-payments are increasing	due to shoppi	ng.	\*\*
a.Online		c.D-Mart	
b.Offline		d.Traditional	
10.RTGS stands for			
a.Real Time Gross Se	ttlement	c.Rate TImeGross Settl	ement
b.Reel Time Gross Se	ettlement	d.Red Time Gross Settl	ement
Q.2.a. Explain the factors resp	ponsible for changing	face of Central Banking.	(08)
<b>b</b> . Explain briefly about various	ous departments of RI	<b>31.</b>	(07)
	OR	ot and a second	
c. Explain important provisio	ons of Banking Regula	ntion Act, 1949.	(08)
d. Explain functions of Centr	al Banking in detail.		(07)
Q.3.a. Explain briefly structu	re of Federal Reserve	System.	(08)
<b>b</b> . Explain the concept of e-b	anking. What are its p	oros and cons.	(07)
	OR		
c. Write a detailed note on 'B	BIS'.		(08)
d. Explain meaning and instr	uments of fiscal polic	y.	(07)
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## Paper / Subject Code: 85501 / Central Banking

<b>Q.4.a.</b> Explain meaning of autonomy of the central banking. Also explain factors limiting autonomy of Central Bank.	(08)	
<b>b.</b> Explain meaning and objectives of monetary policy.	(07)	
OR		
Q.4.a. Explain constituents of Indian Financial system.	(08)	
<b>b.</b> Explain core principles for the supervisors.	(07)	
Q.5.a. Explain meaning & instruments of fiscal policy.		
b. Explain steps taken by SEBI for capital market development.		
OR	300	
<b>Q.5.</b> Write short note on any three:	(15)	
1. Inflation targeting	£23.	
2. Limitations of fiscal policy		
3. Regulations Review Authority		
4. Risks in the new IT Era		
5. OSMOS		

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