AFM - I, Dec 2022

CODE:
Duration: 3 hours
Marks: 100
Instructions :- (1) All questions are compulsory having internal Options.
(2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
(3) Use of simple calculator is allowed.
(4) Working notes should form part of answers.

Q:1 A) Match the column (any Ten)

| Column-A |  |  | Column-B |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a) | Example of accounting policy | i) | Shown on the liabilities side of the <br> balance sheet |
| b) | AS 2 defines inventory as | ii) | Intangible asset |
| c) | Wages paid for installation of <br> machinery | iii) | Raw Material |
| d) | Outstanding wages appearing in Trial <br> Balance | iv) | Depreciation |
| e) | Trade mark | v) | Shown on P\&L A/C Debit side |
| f) | For a shirt factory, cloth is | vi) | Deducted from purchase |
| g) | Hire Purchase Price is always equal to | vii) | Allocated in purchase ratio |
| h) | Electricity charges | viii). | Building |
| i) | Purchase Return | ix) | Contingent Liability |
| j) | Carriage inward in departmental <br> Account | x) | WIP in Construction Contract |
| k) | Tangible Asset | xi) | Finished goods produced |
| I) | Excluded from the scope of A-2 | xii) | Cash Price plus interest |
|  |  | xiii) | Capital Expenditure |

Q:1 B) State whether following statements are True or False (Any Ten)

1) The purpose of AS 1 is to recognize revenue.
2) According to AS 2 cost of inventory should exclude Labour cost.
3) AS 9 does not deal with revenue arising from Sale of goods.
4) Discount allowed appearing in the Trial balance are shown On the debit side of $P \& L A / c$.
5) Closing stock of raw material appearing in the Trial Balance is shown on the assets side of the balance sheet
6) Sale of scrap appearing in the Trial balance are shown On the credit side of Manufacturing Ac
7) Accounting Standard in India are issued by Accounting Standard Board of ICAI.
8) Interest on loan is recorded in General P \& L Account
9) Goods transferred from department $X$ to department $Y$ will be recorded on credit side of Department $X$
10) Cash price does not include any element of interest.
11) FIFO mean Finished Stock in Finished Stock out.
12) Capital expenditure is recurring expenditure.

SEAT NO.

CODE:
Duration: 3 hours

Q:2 Answer (a) or (b) of the following:
Marks: 100
a) The trial balance of Mr. Deepak as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2022 was as follows:

| Debit Balance | Rs. Credit Balance <br> Opening stock of Raw Materials 23,000 Sundry Creditors | Credit Rs. |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Opening stock of Work-In-Progress | 10,000 | Bills Payable | 17,000 |
| Opening stock of Finished Goods | 15,500 | Sale Of Scrap | 8,500 |
| Sundry Debtors | 27,000 | Commission | 1,500 |
| Carriage Expenses (50\% On Sale) | 2,000 | Provision For Doubtful Debts | 400 |
| Bills Receivable | 16,000 | Deepak's Capital Accounts | 1,600 |
| Wages | 12,000 | Sales | $1,00,000$ |
| Salaries | 10,000 | $2,00,000$ |  |
| Repairs to Plant | 1,200 |  |  |
| Repairs to Office Furniture | 600 |  |  |
| Purchases of Raw materials | $1,00,000$ |  |  |
| Cash at Bank | 2,300 |  |  |
| Plant and Machinery | 90,000 |  |  |
| Office Furniture | 9,000 |  |  |
| Lighting Expenses | 5,000 |  |  |
| Factory Insurance | 1,800 |  |  |
| General Expenses | 2,000 |  |  |
| Custom duty on imports | 1,600 |  |  |
|  | $3,29,000$ |  |  |
| Following additional information is provided to you: | $3,29,000$ |  |  |

1) Closing stock as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2022 was: Raw materials Rs. 15,800 , Finished goods Rs. 18,200, Semi-finished goods Rs. 7,000.
2) Salaries Rs. 2,000 and wages Rs.2,000 for $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2022 were paid in January 2023.
3) Lighting expenses were outstanding Rs. 600 whereas factory insurance includes office insurance of Rs. 500 and prepaid insurance of Rs. 500 .
4) $25 \%$ of the lighting expenses is to be charged to office premises and the remaining amount is to be charged to factory.
5) Depreciation is to be written off on machinery at $10 \%$ p.a. and on furniture at $5 \%$ p.a.
6) Provision for doubtful debts is to be maintained at $10 \%$.
7) Materials costing Rs. 25,000 and finished goods costing Rs. 20,000 was destroyed by fire. The insurance company admitted the claim to the extent of Rs. 7,500 for finished goods and Rs. 10,000 for materials by the balance sheet date.

You are required to prepare manufacturing account, trading account and profit and loss account for the year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2022 and balance sheet as on that date.
b) i) State with reasons whether the following transactions are Capital or Revenue (two marks each)

1. Constructed Office building costing Rs. $2,00,00,000$ and spent Rs. $10,00,000$ for its interior decoration.
2. Sold old Plant of Rs. $2,00,000$ for Rs. $1,70,000$
3. Goods costing Rs. 15,000 sold at a profit of Rs. 10,000 .
4. Salary paid to office staff Rs. 50,000
5. Replacing old hard disk of computer with new hard disc Rs. 15,000
ii) From the following balances of Mr. Lakhamichand, You are required to prepare
manufacturing account and trading account for the year-ended 31-03-2022

| Debit Balance | Rs. | Credit Balance | Rs. |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Cash in Hand | 1,000 | Capital Account | 41,860 |
| Machinéry | 30,000 | Sales | $1,38,780$ |
| Drawings | 2,500 | Sale of scrap | 560 |
| Factory, Power and Fuel | 450 | Sundry creditors | 8,800 |
| Office salaries | 6,225 |  |  |
| Carriage outwards | 500 |  |  |
| Manufacturing wages | 9,300 |  |  |
| Furniture and fixture | 3,400 |  |  |
| Opening Stock: |  |  |  |
| Finished goods | 4,000 |  |  |
| Work-in-progress | 7,250 |  |  |
| Raw Materials | 2,800 |  |  |
| Carriage-inwards | 1,000 |  |  |
| Rent (factory 3/4) | 4,000 |  |  |
| Sundry debtors | 21,600 |  |  |
| Advertisement | 775 |  |  |
| Printing \& Stationery | 1,200 |  |  |
| Factory Insurance | 1,280 |  |  |
| Purchase of Raw Material | 82,950 |  |  |
| Balance at Bank | 8,530 |  |  |
| Discount altowed | 610 |  |  |
| Miscellaneous Exp. | 630 |  |  |

Closing stock finished goods 6,500/-, Raw materials Rs. 750/- and Work-in-progress Rs. 4,750/-
Furniture and Machinery are to be depreciated by $10 \% .40 \%$ of Furniture is used in the factory.

## SEAT NO.

a) The Trading and Profit and Loss Account of Sony Trading for the year ending $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2022 is as under.

| Particulars | Rs. | Particulars | Rs. |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :---: |
| Purchase : |  | Sales: |  |
| Washing Machines (R) | $6,40,000$ | Washing Machines (R) | $7,00,000$ |
| Televisions (S) | $5,00,000$ | Televisions (S) | $5,60,000$ |
| Spare parts for servicing and repair | $3,20,000$ | servicing and repair jobs (T) | $1,40,000$ |
| jobs (T) | $1,92,000$ | Stock on 31 st March 2010 |  |
| Salaries and wages | 43,200 | Washing Machines (R) | $2,40,400$ |
| Rent | 44,000 | Televisions (S) | 81,200 |
| Sundry Expenses | $1,60,800$ | servicing and repair jobs (T) | $1,78,400$ |
|  | $19,00,000$ |  | $19,00,000$ |

Prepare departmental Account for each of the three departments R, S, and T after taking into consideration the following:

1) Washing Machines and Televisions are sold in show room. Servicing and repairs are carried out at the work shop.
2) Salaries and wages comprise as follows:

Showroom $3 / 4^{\text {th }}$, Workshop $1 / 4^{\text {th }}$
It was decided to allocate the showroom salaries and wages in the ratio $1: 2$ between
department $R$ and $S$.
3) The workshop rent is Rs. 2,000 per month. The rent of showroom is to be divided equally between $R$ and $S$.
4) Sundry expenses are to be allocated on the basis of turnover of each department.
b) Calculate the value of stock by applying: (a) FIFO method to product P (b) Weighted average
method to product $Q$.
method to product Q .

|  | P |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Stock (kgs) on 1-3- <br> 2022 | 4000 @ Rs. 28 | Q 8000 @ Rs. 13 |
| Purchases(kgs) |  |  |
| On 13-3-2022 | 3600 @ Rs. 27 | 5000 @ Rs. 14 |
| On 22-3-2022: | 3400 @ Rs. 25 | 4,000 @ Rs. 18 |
| Sales (kgs) |  |  |
| On 8-3-2022 | 2600 |  |
| On 16-3-2022 | 2800 | 5000 |
| On 20-3-2022 | 1400 | 4,000 |
| On 27-3-2022 | 2200 | 2600 |

On 31-03-2022 when stock physically verified a shortage of one units was noticed in product $P$.

## SEAT NO.

a) M/s Vijay Brothers purchased machinery from HMT Ltd. On hire purchase system on $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2020. The cash price of the machinery was Rs. $1,40,000$. Rs.20, 000 was paid on signing the agreement $\&$ the balance in annual installment of Rs. 40,000 plus interest at $12 \%$ per annum. Ajay Brothers charged depreciation at $10 \%$ per annum on written down value.
Prepare machinery $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$, HMT Ltd $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$, Interest $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$ and Depreciation $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$ in the books of $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{s}$ Vijay Brothers for the year 2020-21 and 2021-22.

OR
b) M/s Sanjay Brothers purchased machinery from TK Ltd. On hire purchase system on $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2020. The cash price of the machinery was Rs. $2,80,000$. Rs. 40 , 000 were paid on signing the agreement \& the balance in annual installment of Rs. 80,000 plus interest at $12 \%$ per annum. Ajay Brothers charged depreciation at $20 \%$ per annum on written down value. Pass necessary journal entries in the books of TK Ltd for the year 2020-21 and 2021-22.
Q:5 Answer (a) or (b) of the following:
(a) Answer the following:(Ten marks each)
i) Explain FIFO Method of valuation of Inventory. Discuss its advantages and limitations.
ii) Distinguish between Hire purchase and Installment system

## OR

(b) Write short notes:(any four)(Five marks each)
i) Accounting Standard 9
ii) Departmental Accounting
iii) Items excluded in AS-2
iv) Distinguish between Manufacturing Account and Trading Account
v) Accounting treatment in the books of Hire-Vendor
vi) Capital and Revenue expenditure

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SEAT NO.

## CODE:

Duration: $\mathbf{3}$ hours
Marks: 100
Instructions :- (1) All questions are compulsory having internal options.
(2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q:1 A) Explain the following terms in 2-3 sentences: (Any 05)
a) Encoding
b) Feedback
c) $B \log$
d) Diagonal Communication
e) You Attitude
f) Kinesics
g) Self-Image
h) Vertical Communication
B) Match the following:

05

| $\mathbf{1}$ | Haptics | a | Anxiety |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Source | b | Communication by touch |
| 2 | Face touching | c | Use of Technical language |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Moodle | d | Ideation |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Jargon | e | E-learning |

C) Fill in the blanks choosing the best alternative from the ones given below:
i) The process of $\qquad$ involves deciphering the message sent by sender.
a) Channel
b) Decoding
c) Encoding
d) Barrier
ii) Communication should result in a/an $\qquad$ response.
a) Lengthy
b) Short
c) understanding
d) Unilateral
iii) $\qquad$ follows a "store and forward' mechanism.
a) WhatsApp
b) Twitter
c) Yahoo
d) Ubuntu
iv) In $\qquad$ chain, the information passes from one person to another and so on.
a) Gossip
b) Single strand
c) Cluster
d) Peripheral
v) $\qquad$ reveals the identity of the sender.
a) Salutation
b) Inside address
c) Subject line
d) Head address

Q:2 Write short notes on: (Any four)
a) Upward Communication
b) Gestures
c) Handshake Etiquette
d) Twitter
e) Characteristics of Verbal Communication
f) Communication as a two-way process
Q:3 Answer the following questions: (Any two)
a) What are the physical barriers to communication? Suggest ways to overcome them.b) Define listening. Explain the different types of listening.
c) What are the business ethics? Explain the significance of business ethics in contemporary world.
Q:4 Draft a reply in response to the following advertisement
A reputed accountancy firm requires junior account. Interested commerce graduates familiar with the advanced use of tally and additional computer processing, may send their application with resume within 15 days from the date of advertisement to: P.O. Box. 1918, The Urban Express, Mumbai-400001
Q:5 Draft the following letters: (Any four) ..... 20
a) You wish to take admission for a postgraduate course in Financial Accounting from an Australian University. Draft the statement of Purpose.
b) Draft a letter of recommendation for your junior who is applying for the post of senior marketing manager at Manas Textiles Limited.
c) You have received an offer for the post of secretary from Connections Pvt. Limited, Ahmedabad. Draft your letter of acceptance of the job offer.
d) Mr. Abhi Ghumare wishes to relocate to Auragabad, Maharashtra for personal reasons. Draft his letter of resignation.
e) Draft an appreciation letter for your junior, Ms.Nitu Chandra for displaying exemplary efforts in increasing the sales of your company's new toothpaste brand.
Q:6 A) Write a paragraph in about 150 words: (Any one)
a) Health is wealth
b) Financial literacy
B) Read the following situation carefully and answer the questions given below: Mr. Chachu Dhime, the newly appointed Accounting Manager at Kasturi Enterprises Ltd. wanted some data about last months' sales of the products of his firm. He called a junior supervisor, Mr. Guddu Shahane, from the sales department and asked him to submit the information urgently. Unable to decide how to respond to this demand of a senior of another department, the supervisor couldn't provide the requisite information.
a) Identify and explain the problem in the channel of communication that Mr. Chachu
Dhime practiced.
b) How can this situation be handled for smooth transfer of information?

# Bus.ECO-I $\int_{\text {SEATNO. }} \mathrm{F} \cdot \mathrm{J} \cdot \mathrm{B} \cdot \mathrm{com} / \mathrm{sem}$ 

CODE:

## Duration: 3 hours

Marks: 100
Instructions:- (1) All questions are compulsory having internal options.
(2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q:1 A) Choose the correct answer from the options given below (Any 10)

1) Managerial Economics is also known as $\qquad$ .
a) Micro economics
b) Macro economics
c) Indian economics
d) Business economics
2) Opportunity cost is defined as $\qquad$ -.
a) Sacrifice of the next best alternative
b) Selling cost
c) Cost of production
d) Overhead cost
3) $\qquad$ involves a cost-benefits comparison of various business activities.
a) Cost analysis
b) Demand analysis
c) Supply analysis
d) Production analysis
4) The law of demand curve illustrated by a demand curve that is $\qquad$ .
a) Upward sloping
b) Vertical straight line
c) Downward sloping
d) Horizontal straight line
5) Under oligopoly the firm faces a $\qquad$ demand curve.
a) Horizontal
b) Downward sloping
c) vertical
d) ${ }^{\text {kinked }}$
6) In case of luxury goods elasticity of demand is $\qquad$ .
a) Elastic
b) Inelastic
c) Perfectly elastic
d) Unitary
7) Law of variable proportion operate in $\qquad$ .
a) Medium term
b) Short term
c) Medium and Long term
d) Long term
8) The graph consisting of more than one Iso-quant is known as:
a) Law of variable proportion
b) Law of Demand
c) Right angle iso quant
d) Iso quant map
9) 

a) Internal economies
b) External economies
c) Internal diseconomies
d) External diseconomies
10) When MC cuts AC $\qquad$ .
a) At the middle point of AC
b) At the lowest point of AC
c) AC remains constant
d) At the top point of AC
11)
a) Break- even analysis
b) Point analysis
c) Pay-back period
12) The concept learning curve given by $\qquad$ -
a) J.R.Hicks
b) Alfred Marshall
c) K.J.Arrow
d) Adam Smith

## SEAT NO.

## CODE:

## Duration: 3 hours

Marks: 100
Q:1 B) State whether following statements are True or False (Any 10)

1) Economics often uses the first letter of the item to represent variable.
2) Average is per unit value.
3) With decrease in supply, demand remaining unchanged, the equilibrium price falls.
4) Total outlay method is also known as total expenditure method.
5) If elasticity of demand greater than one, the marginal revenue is zero.
6) Demand forecasting done by entire industry is known as micro level demand forecasting.
7) $\mathrm{MC}=\mathrm{TRn}-\mathrm{TRn}-1$.
8) There is zero substitutability of factors of production in fixed proportion production
function.
9) Incremental cost refers to the cost that has already been incurred and which cannot be
10) Incremental cost refers to the cost that has already been incurred and which cannot be
11) At Break-even point $T R>T C$.
12) When $A C$ curve falling $M C$ curve lie below it.
13) When total revenue is less than total cost the firm incur loss.

## Q:2 Attempt A and B or C and D:

A) Explain the determination of equilibrium price using the concept of Market demand and
B) Given the following data, calculate $T R, A R$ and $M R$. Also identify the market structure and state the relationship between TR, AR, and MR.

| Output <br> (Units) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Price <br> (Rs.) | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| OR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

C) What is Business economics and explain basic tools of business economics?
D) Given the following demand function $\mathrm{Qdx}=100-0.45 \mathrm{Px}$ what is your forecast for Qdx
when $\mathrm{Px}=10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80$ when $P x=10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80$.

## Q:3 Attempt A and B or C and D:

A) Explain various determinants of demand in detail.
B) What are the steps of demand forecasting?
C) Discuss the types of demand forecasting. OR $\quad 8$
D) What is Income elasticity of demand

## Q:4 Attempt A and B or C and D:

A) Explain the various types of isoquant along with appropriate diagram. 7
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { B) Discuss the internal and external economies of scale. } & \mathbf{7} \\ \text { OR } & \mathbf{8}\end{array}$
C) WR
Crite an explanatory note on expansion path.
D) The following table shows total product (TP) of a firm due to increase in labour inputs
combination with a fixed inputs of capital:

Duration: 3 hours

| Output (Units) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Total products (Units) | 20 | 50 | 90 | 120 | 135 | 144 | 147 | 148 | 148 | 145 |
| i) Calculate AP and MP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

> ii) Nomoom

Name and Mark the three stages of law of variable proportion in the table
In which stage will a rational firm operate? Justify your answer

## Q:5 Attempt A and B or C and D:

A) Elaborate various concepts of cost.
B) Given TFC as Rs.100. Calculate TVC, AC, AVC, AFC, MC from the information given in
the following

| Output <br> (units) | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Total cost <br> Rs. | 100 | 120 | 125 | 140 | 150 | 180 | 220 |
| OR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

C) Elaborate the concept of Break-even point with appropriate diagram.
D) For a hypothetical firm, if price of product is Rs 80/-, TFC is 5000 and AVC is Rs 30/-
i) Calculate breakeven output for this firm.
ii) At the original TFC and AVC, how does breakeven quantity change if price rises Rs. $130 /-$ ?
iii) At the original price and AVC,how does breakeven quantity change if TFC rises to
iv) At the original price and TFC, how does breakeven quantity change if AVC rises to Rs. $60 /$ /-?

## Q:6 Attempt A and B OR Write short notes on any four:

A) Explain various significance of Demand forecasting.
B) Discuss various Properties of iso quant.

Write Short notes on any four of the following :
a) Consumer survey method
b) Use of marginai analysis
c) Economies of scope
d) Basic concepts in Business Economics
e) Diseconomies of scale
f) Applications of break-even point

# Additional Exam - Sem I. 

 commerce - Dec 2022.SEAT NO.

## CODE:

## Duration: $\mathbf{3}$ hours

Instructions :- (I) All questions are compulsory having internal options.
(2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q:1 A) Choose the correct answer from the options given below (Any 10)
1)
a) Over stocking
b) Zero inventory
c) Capital Stock
d) Under Inventory
2) The $\qquad$ objectives are called as three fold objectives.
a) Human
b) Organic
c) Economic
d) Social
3)
a) Liberalisation
b) Trading Blocs
c) Retrenchment
d) Privatisation
4) Business environment is $\qquad$ in nature
a) Systematic
b) Static
c) Dynamic
d) Socialistic
5) Scheduling of the project is an important element of
a) Project Control
b) . Project Planning
c) Project Stages
d) Project Implementation
$\qquad$ frames corporate strategy of a business unit
6) The
a) Departmental Heads
b) Lower level management
c) Top Management
d) Divisional Heads
7) In 1960 , $\qquad$ developed the concept of Locus of Control
a) Joseph Schumpeter
b) Julian Rotter
c) Jeremy Brown
d) James Florence
8) The primary role of NISIET is to promote $\qquad$ enterprises in India
a) Small
b) Large
c) Medium
d) Remote
9) Under $\qquad$ strategy, firm pursues growth within the existing business
a) Stability
b) Intensification
c) Combination
d) Modernisation
10) $\qquad$ includes methods, techniques and approaches adopted for production of goods and services and its distribution
a) Economic Environment
b) Legal Environment
c) Technological Environment
d) Natural Environment
11) The Credit Linked Subsidy scheme proves capital subsidy for the purchase of $\qquad$
a) Capital
b) Technology Upgradation
c) Factory
d) Raw Material
12) Problem of finance is one of the $\qquad$ related problems of women entrepreneur
a) Gender
b) Business
c) Social
d) Psychological

Q:1 B) State whether following statements are True or False (Any 10)

1) Human resource development is concerned with the analysis of market
2) Business broadly involves industry and commerce
3) ASEAN consists of nations belonging to South Asia
4) Environment is an integral part of business
5) The business planning process starts with formulating alternate strategies
6) The business describes the future direction of business
7) Entrepreneur place more emphasis on formalities rather than results
8) Non - monetary factor includes higher salaries, bonus, etc.
9) Purchase and storekeeping is an important element of inventory management
10) The international business environment is influenced by international forums like WTO and UNCTAO
11) There is no need to conduct period review of performance
12) Entrepreneurship is the process concerned with creating something new

## Q:2 Answer any two of the following:

a) Describe the scope of business
b) Discuss in brief the retrenchment strategies
c) Explain the impact of liberalization on business and economy

## Q:3 Answer any two of the following:

a) Explain the components of external environment
b) What are the measures to improve educational standards?
c) Discuss the functions of WTO

## Q:4 Answer any two of the following:

a) Discuss the concept and stages of business unit promotion
b) Describe the factors influencing location of business
c) Explain the various acts influencing business

## Q:5 Answer any two of the following:

a) Discuss in brief the features of entrepreneurship
b) Explain entrepreneurship training and development centers
c) Describe in brief the incentives cffered to entrepreneurs

## Q: 6 Write Short Notes on (Any 4)

a) Impact of privatisation
b) Mergers and Amalgamation
c) Special achievements of North American Free Trade Agreement
d) Reasons for conducting feasibility study
e) Distinguish between project report and feasibility report
f) Competencies of an entrepreneur

$\qquad$
CODE:
Duration: 3 hours
Marks: 100
Instructions :- (1) All questions are compulsory
(2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
(3) Draw neat diagrams and figures wherever applicable
(4) Attach the Map supplement to the main answer book.

Q:1 A) Study the World Map provided to you and give answers to the questions given on it


1) Identify the technique used in the given world map
2) What is the theme of the map?
3) Discuss the scale used in the map
4) Identify the continent having the highest imports of Oil and how much is it?
5) Identify the region having the highest exports of Oit and how much is it?
6) How much of Oil is imported by Japan?
7) Interpret the given map

Q:1 B) Mark and Name the following features in the Outline World Map provided to you

1) A smart city in the European continent
2) The country having the richest Natural Gas Deposits in the world
3) A major desert in South America
4) An African island with Biodiversity hotspot
5) The longest mountain range in the world
6) A major Nuclear Accident site in the world
7) The largest producer of Tidal Energy
8) The longest river in the world
9) A country with the highest deforestation rate in the world
10) A country having the Highest HDI in the Southem: Hemisphere

## SEAT NO.

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## CODE:

Duration: 3 hours
Marks: 100
Q:2 Answer any two of the following: ..... 20
a) Elaborate on the Abiotic Components of the environment. ..... 10
b) Discuss on the Importance and Scope of Environmental Studies. ..... 10
c) Write a brief note on Food Chains and Food Webs. ..... 10
Q:3 Answer any two of the following:
20
20
a) What are Natural Resources and how are they classified? Discuss briefly on Nuciear ..... 10 Energy as a form of energy resource.
b) Identify the different types of Non-Conventional energy and elaborate on any two in ..... 10 detail.
c) Write a brief note on the methods that can be adopted for Management of Forest. ..... 10
Q:4 Answer any two of the following: ..... 20
a) Discuss the geographical and economic factors influencing density of population. ..... 10
b) Explain the impact of human pressure on the Global environment. ..... 10
c) Write a note on HDI and World Happiness Index.10
Q:5 Answer any two of the following: ..... 20
a) What is urbanization? Explain the major causes of urbanization leading to environmental ..... 10 pollution.
b) Explain Burgess land use model in detail. ..... 10
c) What is migration? Describe in detail push factors of migration. ..... 10


# Additional <br> Eram-sem I <br> $$
F \cdot C-I-\operatorname{Dec} 22
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CODE:
Duration: 2.30 hours
SEAT NO. $\qquad$

Instructions :- (1) All questions are compulsory having internal options.
(2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q:1 A) Choose the correct answer from the options given below (Any Eight)

1) $\qquad$ is the belief in the spirit of dead.
a) Animism
b) Totemism
c) Fetishism
2) Shwetambar and $\qquad$ are two sects of Jainism
a) Shia
b) Sunni
c) Digambar
3) Deficiency of vitamin $\qquad$ leads to night blindness.
a) $B$
b) A
c) D
4) $\qquad$ is muscle destroying disease.
a) Dystrophy
b) Epilepsy
c) Spina Bifida
5) $\qquad$ leads to the conflicts between upper castes and lower castes.
a) Linguism
b) Communalism
c) Casteism
6) Untouchability is abolished under article $\qquad$ in Indian Constitution.
a) 17
b) 21
c) 18
7) $\qquad$ arises out of religious fundamentalism.
a) Regionalism
b) Communalism
c) Nationalism
8) There are $\qquad$ schedules in the Indian Constitution.
a) 22
b) $\quad 12$
c) 24
9) The main aim of every political party is to promote $\qquad$ .
a) Linguism
b) Regionalism
c) National interest
10) The smaller cities are looked after by $\qquad$ .
a) Municipal corporation
b) Municipal Council
c) BMC
$\qquad$

## CODE:

## Duration: 2.30 hours

Q:1 B) State whether following statements are True or False (Any Sever)

1) India is the land where many religions are practiced.
2) Christian religion has 10 commandments of the lord.
3) Acquired deafness may be caused due to accidents or noise pollution.
4) Bride burning is a social violence against women.
5) Communalism is opposed to the secularism.
6) Casteism is the integral part of Judaism.
7) Economic justice stands for removal of poverty.
8) Right to vote can be enjoyed after 18 years of age as per Indian Constitution.
9) $73^{\text {rd }}$ amendment of Indian constitution refers to urban local bodies.
10) $1 / 3^{\text {rd }}$ seats are reserved for women in Gram Panchayat.

Q:2 a) Explain the services available to the handicapped people.

## OR

b) Write a detailed note on portrayal of women in mass media.

Q:3 a) What is regionalism? Suggest the measures to stop regional conflicts in India with suitable example.

## OR

b) What are inter group conflicts? Explain the measures to resolve inter-group conflicts.

Q:4 a) Discuss in detail importance of tolerance, peace and communal harmony in detail.
OR
b) Write a detailed note on Fundamental duties of Indian citizen.

Q:5 Elaborate the concept of rural local self-government.
OR
Write Short Notes on (Any 3)
a) Diversity as difference
b) Socially handicapped
c) Three language formula
d) Types of emergencies
e) $73^{\text {th }}$ amendment of Indian Constitution


# Dec. 2022 . Sceb. <br>  



CODE:
Duration: 3 hours
Marks: 100
Instructions :-(1) All five questions are compulsory.
(2) Each question carries 20 marks and each sub question carries 5 marks.
(3) Use of simple non- programmable calculator is allowed,
(4) Graph papers will be provided on request

## Q:1 Answer any four of the following:

a) Mr.A invested Rs. $25,080 /$ - in two type of shares, partly in a number of $10 \%$ Rs. $100 /$ - shares at Rs.140/- and the remaining in some $16 \%$ Rs.100/- shares at Rs.180/-His dividend incomes from the two type of shares were in the ratio 17:16. Find the amounts invested in the two type of shares.
b) Mr. B bought some $10 \%$ Rs. 100/- shares at Rs. 200/- and after getting the dividend, sold them at Rs. $250 /$-. The brokerage was $0.25 \%$ on purchase and $0.20 \%$ on sale. Find the rate of return on investment
c) The N.A.V. of a mutual fund scheme changed from Rs. 40.28 to Rs. 56.04 in 20 months. Find the absolute change in the N.A.V., percentage change in the N.A.V. and the annualized change in the N.A.V.
d) Mrs. C invested Rs. $10,000 /-$ in a mutual fund scheme at an N.A.V. of Rs.29.0426. Due to entry load, the value of her units on that day stood at Rs. Rs, $9,779.98$. Find the no. of units purchased and also find the entry load percentage, rounded up to 2 decimal places. The number of units were rounded up to 3 decimal places.
e) An investor joined the S.I.P. scheme for a mutual fund under which he would invest Rs. $10,000 /$ - each month for 5 months. If the N.A.V.'s for each month are Rs.42.6, Rs.45, Rs. 47 , Rs. 47.5 \& Rs. 48.5 respectively. Find the average acquisition cost per unit up to 2 decimal places. The number of units were rounded up to 3 decimal places.

## Q:2 Answer any four of the following:

a) How many four-digit numbers can be formed out of the digits $1,2,3,4,7 \& 8$ if no digits are repeated in any number? How many of these will be greater than 4,000 ?
b) Find the value of n , if four times the number of permutations of n number of things taken 3 at a time is equal to 5 times the number of permutations of ( $\mathrm{n}-1$ ) things taken 3 at a time.
c) There are 7 men and 3 ladies. Find the number of ways in which a committee of 6 can be formed from these, if the committee is to include at least 2 ladies.
d) The daily requirement of vitamin $\mathrm{A} \& \mathrm{~B}$ per person is at least 5 units \& 8 units respectively. Food I contain 1 unit of vitamin A \& 2 units of vitamin B per serving respectively. Food II contains 1 unit of vitamin A \& 3 units of vitamin $B$ per serving respectively. The cost of Food I \& Food II is Rs.50/- \& Rs.60/- per serving respectively, formulate above problem as a L.P.P. to minimize the cost.
e) Solve the following L.P.P. graphically
$\qquad$

## CODE:

Duration: 3 hours
Marks: 100
Q:3 Answer any four of the following:
a) Define Measure of Dispersion and write requisites of good Measures of Dispersion?
b) Draw less than ogive curve for the following distribution and hence locate the Median graphically

| Class <br> Interval | $0-10$ | $10-20$ | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ | $50-60$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency | 15 | 17 | 19 | 21 | 16 | 10 |

c) Calculate Second Quartile and Third Deciles for the following distribution:

| Class <br> Interval | $10-20$ | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ | $50-60$ | $60-70$ | $70-80$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency | 11 | 15 | 20 | 27 | 14 | 12 | 10 |

d) Calculate the Arithmetic Mean and Mode of the following frequency distribution

| Observations | 3 | 9 | 15 | 21 | 27 | 33 | 39 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency | 8 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 14 | 11 | 7 |

e) Calculate standard deviation for the following data. (Correct up to two decimal places)

| Marks | $2-4$ | $4-6$ | $6-8$ | $8-10$ | $10-12$ | $12-14$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| No.of <br> students | 10 | 20 | 40 | 50 | 30 | 10 |

Q:4 Answer any four of the following:
a) Explain the term Probability with its important properties.
b) A ticket is drawn at random from 35 tickets numbered from 1 to 35 . Find the probability that the number on the ticket drawn is (i) divisible by 5 , (ii) divisible by 7 , (iii) divisible by 5 or 7.
c) In a group of 120 students, 80 passed in Accounts, 40 passed in Economics and 30 passed in both the subjects. Find the probability that a student selected at random who passed in: i) at least one subject, ii) only in one subject.
d) If $A$ and $B$ are any two events of sample space $S$ and $P(A)=0.3, P(B)=0.5$ and

SEAT NO. $\qquad$
CODE:
Duration: 3 hours
Marks: 100
e) For the following probability distribution, find the value of $k \&$ then find $E(x) \& V(x)$.

| x | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{x})$ | 0.5 | 0.1 | k | 0.2 | 0.1 |

## Q:5 Answer any four of the following:

a) Explain the Minimax Regret Criterion in decision making.
b) From the following pay off table, determine the best possible act by using
(i)Maximin criterion, (ii) Laplace criterion.

| Act Event | $E_{1}$ | $E_{2}$ | $E_{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{1}$ | 110 | 190 | 140 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{2}$ | 140 | 120 | 151 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{3}$ | 150 | 170 | 160 |

c) The following is demand distribution of a certain product

| No. of unit demanded | 2 | 4 | 6 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Probability | 0.25 | 0.45 | 0.3 |

The product is sold at Rs. 30/- per unit with cost price Rs. 20/- per unit. Prepare a payoff table. The unit not sold is wasted.
d) From the given pay off table, find best course of action using Expected Opportunity Loss
(EOL) criterion.

| States of Nature | Course of action |  | Probability |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | A1 | A2 |  |
| S1 | 50 | 100 | 0.5 |
| S2 | 60 | 80 | 0.3 |
| S3 | 70 | 40 | 0.2 |

e) Draw decision tree for the following pay off table \& determine the best possible act from it.

| Course of <br> action | States of Nature |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
|  | S1 | , | S2 |  |
| S1 | S3 |  |  |  |
| A1 | 50 | 30 | 90 |  |
| A2 | 40 | 10 | 80 |  |
| A3 | 70 | 50 | 20 |  |
| Probability | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 |  |

$\qquad$

