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## ct Code: 72211 / Group A: Advanced Accounting, Corporate Accounting and Financial Management : Advanced Co:

## External Dream

$27 / 02 / 2023$

Time: 2 Hours
Adv. cost Ace.

Marks : 60
Note: 1) All questions are compulsory subject to internal option.
2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3) All workings shall form part of your answer.

Q-1) The following data pertains to Process I for March 2019 of Beta Limited :
Opening Work in Progress $\quad 1,500$ units at Rs. 15,000

| Degree of completion |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Materials $100 \%$ : Labour and Overheads $33 \frac{1}{3} \%$ |  |  |
| Input of Materials | 18.500 Units at | Rs. 52.000 |
| Direct Labour | $:$ | Rs. 14,000 |
| Overheads | Rs. 28,000 |  |
| Closing Work in Progress | 5.000 units |  |

Degree of Completion Materials 90\% and Labour and Overheads 30\%
Normal Process Loss is 10\% of total Input (opening work in progress units + units put in)
Scrap value Rs. 2.00 per unit
Units transferred to the next process 15,000 units.
Your are required to :-
(a) Compute equivalent units of production.
(b) Compute cost per equivalent unit for each cost element i.e., materials, labour and overheads.
(c) Compute the cost of finished output and closing work in progress.
(d) Prepare the process and other Accounts.

Assume: (1) FIFO Method is used by the Company.
(ii) The cost of opening work in progress is fully transferred to the next process.

## OR

Q-1) The following data are available in respect of Process I for February 2019 :
(1)Opening stock of work in process : 800 units at a total cost of Rs. 4.000.
(2)Degree of completion of opening work in process:

Material $100 \%$
Labour $60 \%$
Overheads
60\%
(3 )Input of materials at a total cost of Rs. 36,800 for 9,200 units.
(4 )Direct wages incurred Rs. 16.740
(5)Production overhead Rs. 8,370.
(6 )Units scrapped 1,200 units. The stage of completion of these units was:

| Materials | $100 \%$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Labour | $80 \%$ |
| Overheads | $80 \%$ |

(7)Closing work in process; 900 units. The stage of completion of these, units was:

## Material

100\%
Labour $70 \%$
Overheads

$$
70 \%
$$

(8)7,900 units were completed and transferred to the next process.
(9)Normal loss is $8 \%$ of the total input (opening stock plus units put in)
(10)Scrap value is Rs. 4 per unit.

You are required to :
(a)Compute equivalent production.
(b)Calculate the cost per equivalent unit for each element.
(c)Calculate the cost of abnormal loss (or gain), closing work in process and the units transferred to the next process using the FIFO method.
(d) Show the Process Account for February 2019

Q-2) The Gadget Co produces three products, A, B and C, all made from the same material. Information for the three products for the last year is as follows.
(15)

|  | A | B | C |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production and sales Volume (Units) | 15000 | 12000 | 18000 |
| Selling Price Per Unit | 7.5 | 12 | 13 |
| Raw Material (Kg) per Unit | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Direct Labour hours per Unit | 0.1 | 0.15 | 0.2 |
| Machine Hour Per Unit | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.9 |
| No of Production Run p.a | 16 | 12 | 8 |
| No of Purchase Orders p.a | 24 | 28 | 42 |
| No of Deliveries to Retailers p.a | 48 | 30 | 62 |

The price for raw material remained constant throughout the year at Rs. 1.20 per Kg . Direct labour cost was Rs. 14.80 per hour. The annual overhead costs were as follows.

Machine set up Cost
Machine Running Cost
Procurement Costs
Delivery Cost
Rs.54.320
Calculate the full cost per unit of each product using activity based costing.

Q-2) Polimore Ltd has three production departments $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$ and two service departments X and Y. The following details are extracted from the books of accounts in respect of expenses incurred during December 2019.

| Particulars | Amount |
| :--- | :---: |
| Indirect Wages | 45,000 |
| Lighting | 6,000 |
| Rent | 60,000 |
| Electric Power | 30,000 |
| Deprecation | 120,000 |
| Sundry Expenses | 39,000 |

Following further details are collected for distribution of the above cost:

| Particulars | Department |  |  |  |  |  | B | X | X |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Value of Machinery | 6000 | 5000 | 8000 | 1000 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Horse Power <br> Machine | 40 | 45 | 60 | 5 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Light Points (No s) | 10 | 15 | 20 | 10 | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Floor Space (Sq. Mtrs) | 150 | 200 | 250 | 100 | 50 |  |  |  |  |
| Direct Wages | 15000 | 10000 | 20000 | 2000 | 3000 |  |  |  |  |

1) Prepare Overhead distribution summary(Primary Distribution).
2) Prepare a statement of secondary distribution on the basis of following details under repeated distribution method.

| Particulars | Department |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B | C | X | Y |
| Expenses of Department X | $20 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $35 \%$ |  | $20 \%$ |
| Expenses of Department Y | $25 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $10 \%$ | 0 |

Q-3) Company has two Division. Division ' $A$ ' and Division ' $B$ '. Division ' $A$ ' has a budget of selling $2,00,000$ nos. of a particular component ' $x$ ' to fetch a return of $20 \%$ on the average assets employed. The following particulars of Division ' $A$ ' are also known:

Fixed Overhead
Variable Cost
. Average Assets
Sundry Debtors
Inventories
Plant \&Equipments

Rs. 5 lakhs
Re. I per unit

Rs. 2 lakhs
Rs. 5 lakhs
Rs. 5 lakhs

However, there is constraint in Marketing and only $1,50,000$ units of the component ' $x$ ' be directly soid to the proposed price.
It has been gathered that the balance 50,000 units of component ' $x$ ' can be taken up by Division ' $B$ ' Division ' $A$ ' wants a price of Rs. 4 per unit of ' $x$ ' but Division ' $B$ ' is prepared to pay Rs. 2 per unit of ' $x$ '.
Division ' $A$ ' has another option in hand. which is to produce only $1,50,000$ units of component ' $x$ '. This will reduce the holding of assets by Rs. 2 lakhs and fixed overhead by Rs.25,000.
You are required to advise the most profitable course of action for Division ' $A$ ".
OR
Q-3) A business has two divisions with the following result applicable:

| Particular | Division A | Division B |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Profit Before Depreciation | 800 | 1000 |
| Non Current Assets B/F | 2000 | 3000 |
| Net Current Assets at year end | 500 | 750 |

The noncurrent assets are depreciated on $20 \%$ straight line depreciation.
The company assesses the performance of its divisions on the basis of the Return on Investment. Calculate the ROI for each division for this year and the next if the profit before Depreciation and net current assets are the same for each period.

Q-4(A)State whether following statements are True or False?

1) Expected Units are the difference between unit introduced and normal loss.
2) Weight loss has no serap value.
3) ABC is an accounting methodology that assigns cost to activities rather than product and services.
4) responsibility centres are, usually, classified as Cost Centre , Profit Centre and Investment Centre
5) The basic idea of responsibility accounting is that a manager should be held responsible only for those items over which he can exercise a significant degree of control.
6) ROI will decrease, if same amount of profit earned with additional investment.
7) (Transfer Price $\times$ quantity of goods exchanged) is an expense for the purchasing centre and a revenue for the selling centre.
8) Weighted Average method is never used for calculating equivalent production.

Q-4(B) Fill in the blanks

1) Sale of scrap $\qquad$ cost per unit. (Increase, Decrease, Not affects)
2) $\qquad$ costing is applicable when Output of one process becomes raw material of another process. (Activity Base Costing. Process Costing, Job Costing)
3) Stock of $\qquad$ is expressed in terms of equivalent units. (semi-finished Goods, Finished Goods, Raw Material)
4) Secondary distribution refers to distribution of cost of $\qquad$ departments among production department.(Service Departmem. Production Department, Purchase Department)
5) $\qquad$ accounling distinguishes between controllable and uncontrollable costs. (Responsibility, Traditional, Modern)
6) $\qquad$ costs are those costs which can be influenced by a specified person or a particular level of management of a company. (Controllable. Non Controllable, Abnormal)
7) Insurance of goods is apportionment on the base of $\qquad$ (Opening Stock, Closing Stock, Average Stock)

## OR

## Q-4 Write short notes on following (Any Threc)

1) Abnomal Gain
2) Transfer Pricing
3) Responsibility Accounting
4) Advantages of ABC
5) Allocation of overheads

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# ıbject Code: 72216 / Group A: Advanced Accounting, Corporate Accounting and Financial Management : Advance 

## Duration: 2 Hours



Total Marks: 60
Note: 1. All questions are Compulsory
2. Figures in the brackets indicate marks
Q. 1 What are the qualifications and disqualifications of company auditor?
Q. 1 A] How would you vouch income from investment?

B] How would you verify plant and machinery?
Q. 2 Explain the steps involved in audit of educational institution.
Q. 2 What are the special points would you consider in audit of hospital?
Q. 3 A] Explain the use of computer for internal and management audit.

B] What are the features of environment audit?
QR
Q. 3 A] What are the essentials of a good audit report?

B] Explain the computerized audit programme
Q. 4 A]. Fill in the blanks and rewrite the statements:

1. The liabilities which are likely to be arise in future are called as
2. Existence of Furniture is verified by
3. Minimum subscription should befeceived within $\qquad$ days,
4. Audit fees should be disclosed in $\qquad$ account.
5. opinion. is an instrument through which auditor expresses his
6. Endowment funds represent $\qquad$ .
7. Environmental Audit is also called as $\qquad$ 0
8,
is system to trace individual trans
actions automatically.
Q. 4 B]. State True or False for the following statements:
8. Audit of ledger does not involve vouching.
9. Avoucher need not be dated.
10. AS. 14 deals with accounting for Investments.
11. Unclaimed or unpaid dividend should be transferred to special account which should be operative for 7 years?
12. Auditor is liable for negligence.
13. A company listed by shares has to hold statutory meeting.
14. Trust deed governs hospitals.

OR
Q. 4 Write short notes on any Three of the following
A) Appointment of cost auditor
B) Audit of collection of calls in arrears
C) Energy audit
D) Tax audit under section 44 AB of Income Tax Act
E) Duties of Auditor

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Time: 2 Hours

Note: 1. All questions are compulsory
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Working Notes should form the part of your answer.
Q. 1 The following is the Trial Balance from the books of of Kadamba Bank Ltd as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2022.


Additional Information

1) Rebate on Bills Discounted Rs 88,000 as on $31^{\text {sf }}$ March 2022
2) Provide for taxation ₹. $2,25,000$
2). Acceptances on behalf of customers $₹ 24,00,000$.
3) Transfer $25 \%$ of net profit to Statutory Reserve

Prepare Profit and Loss Account for the year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2022 and Balance Sheet as on that date.
Q. 1 Following is the Trial Balance from the books of Subhiksha Bank Ltd as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2022


## Additional Information

1) Create Provision for taxation $₹ 2,20,000$
2) Provide $₹ 1,10,000$ for Doubtful Debts.
3) Transfer $25 \%$ of Net Profit to Statutory Reserve Fund
4) Acceptances on behalf of customers $₹ 5,25,000$

Prepare Bank Final Accounts for the year ended 31 $1^{\text {st }}$ March 2022 in the books of Subhiksha Bank Ltd.
Q. 2 Following is the Trial Balance of Sanskar Consumer Co operative Society Airoli, as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2022.
(15)


Adjustments

1) Closing Stock of goods is valued at cost $₹ 15,40,000$
2) Outstanding Salary on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2022 was ₹ 22,000
3) Transfer to Education Fund ₹ 1,100
4) Charge Depreciation on Furniture and Motor Vehicles at $10 \%$ p.a

Prepare Trading and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2022 and Balance Sheet as on that date
Q. 2 Aadhar Insurance Ltd furnishes the following information of fire insurance business for the year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2022.

| Particulars | ₹ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Claims admitted but not paid on 31 ${ }^{\text {sfo }}$ March 2022 | 12,78,280 |
| Claims paid for the year | 4,50,000 |
| Commission Paid for the year | 15,00,000 |
| Expenses of Management ? | 4,29,000 |
| Premium received | <3,02,50,000 |
| Claims outstanding as on $1^{\text {st }}$ April 2021 | 8) 14,85,000 |
| Reserve for Unexpired Risk as on ${ }^{\text {st }}$ April 2021 | 69,00,000 |
| Commission on Re insurance ceded received | 3,60,000 |
| Additional Reserve for Unexpired Risk Opening | 12,00,000 |
| Legal Expenses regarding claims | - 75,000 |

Other information

1) Premium outstanding at the end of the year amounted to ₹. $12,00,000$
2) It is the policy of the company to maintain $50 \%$ Reserve for unexpired risks on the nef premium of the yeaf?
3) Additional reservert $10 \%$ of the net premium to be maintained.

Prepare the Revenue Account for Fire Insurance business in the books of Aadhar Insurance Ltd for the year ended 31 5t March 2022.
Q. 3 CSP Ltd has Head Office at Mumbai and Branch at California, USA. The Branch submits the following Trial Balance ason $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2022.
(15)

| Particulars क के के के | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{Dr} \\ \text { US } \$ \mathrm{l} \end{array}$ | Cr US \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Purchase and Sales | -1,29,172 | 2,03,622 |
| Head Office Account |  | 4,236 |
| Goods Received from Head Office | 3,867 |  |
| Stock as on $1^{\text {st }}$ April 2021 \% | 6,7,72 |  |
| Plant and Machinery of | 611,374 |  |
| Furniture and Fixture | - 5,438 |  |
| Wages ${ }^{\circ}$ | 150 |  |
| Salaries | 22,672 |  |
| Cash at Bank | 438 |  |
| Cash in Hand | 1,272 |  |
| Office Rent | 14,113 |  |
| Taxes and Insurance | 3,891 |  |
| Debtors and Creditors | 41,810 | 42,659 |
| Legal Charges | 817 |  |
| Internet Charges of computers | 906 |  |
| Postage and Telegram | 4,049 |  |
| Printing and Stationary | 3,670 |  |
| Courien Charges | 2,106 |  |
|  | 2,50,517 | 2,50,517 |

Other Information

1) The Branch Account in Head Office showed a debit balance of $₹ 1,94,833$ and goods sent to branch account showed a credit balance of ₹ $1,85,600$.

Page 4 of 6
2) Plant and Machinery and Furniture and Fixture were acquired by the branch on $31^{\text {st }}$ December 2021 when one US $\$$ was equal to ₹ 65
3) Head office provides depreciation on Plant and Machinery @ $10 \%$ p.a. and the Furniture and Fixture @ $20 \%$ p.a.
4) The branch reported a Closing Stock of US $\$ 515$ on 31 sst March 2022.
5) The exchange rates were as under

On $1^{\text {st }}$ April 2021 US $\$ 1=$ ₹ 70
On $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2022 US $\$ \mathrm{I}=₹ 68$
Average : US \$1=₹ 69
Prepare
a) Branch Trial Balance in Indian Rupees
b) Branch Trading and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2022
3) Balance Sheet of the Branch as at $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2022

OR
Q. 3 Following balances of Marine insurance business section appears as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2022 in the books of Samudra Insurance Ltd.

(15)

Prêpare Revenue Account of Samudra Insurance Ltd for the year ending $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2022.

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Q. 4 A Choose the most appropriate answer from the following

1) Revenue Account of Marine Insurance Company must be prepared in
a) Form $A$
c) Form $G$
b) Form B
d) Form̂ A- RA
2) "Reserve for unexpired risk" should be maintâned in Firé Insurance business is, at
a) $75 \%$
b) $25 \%$
c) $100 \%$
d) $50 \%$
3) Salary Outstanding of Integral foreign branch should be translated at
a) Opening Rate
c) Average Rate
b) Closing Rate
d) Historical rate
4) Internet Charges of Integral foreign branch should be tránslated at
a) Opening Rate
c) Closing Rate
b) Average Rate
d) Historical rate
5) Rebate on Bills Discounted is
a) Current ear Income
c) Income Received in Advance
b) Current Year Expenses
d) Expenses paid in advance
6) Gold is shown in Balance Sheet of Banking Company under the head of
a) Fixed Assets
c) Investments
b) Other Assets
d) Cash and Balances with RBI
7) In CoOperative Society, the amount of Profit to be transferted to Reserve Fund is
a) $25 \%$
b) $5 \%$
c) $50 \%$
d) $15 \%$
8) Electricity Deposits of Co Operative Society Balance Sheet should be shown under the
$\hat{\sim}$ head of
a) Other Items
c) Fixed Assets
b) Investment
d) Current Assets
Q.4B State whether the following statements are True or False
9) Fixed Deposits is shown under the head of Reserves and Surplûs in Balance Sheet of

Banking business
2) Outstanding Expenses is translated at average rate in foreign branch conversion of accounts.
3) Premium on reinsurance ceded is deducted from the premium received to get net premium.
4) Provision for unexpired risk in case of fire insurance is $100 \%$
5) Balance Sheet of Co operative society is prepared in form $T$
6) Non, Performing Assets (NPA) of banks is related to fixed assets of the banks
7) Savings Bank Deposits is shown in Schedule No. 3 of the bank Balance sheet
Q. 4 WriteShort Notes (Any Three)

OR
a) Integral and Non Integral Forreign Operation
b) Direct Insurance and Re insurance
c) Money at Calland Shoit Notice
d) Reserve and Fund and Other Funds of Co operative Societies
e) Loans and Advances of Banks

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## r/ Subject Code: 72206 / Group A: Advanced Accounting, Corporate Accounting and Financial Management : Direc

## sem <br> External Exam

1. All Questions are compulsory of $\mathbf{1 5}$ marks each.
2. Exercise internal options wherever given.
3. Figures to the right represent full marks to the question.
4. All questions should be answered w.r.t assessment year 2022-23.
5. All workings shall form part of the main answer.
6. Use of simple calculator is allowed.

Q1. M/S GS Firm with Mr. Gold and Mr. Silver as partners have provided you with its profit and loss account for financial year 2021-22. They trade in FMCG goods under B2C business structure. You are required to compute the taxable income of the firm and its tax liability for the Assessment year 2022-23


## Other Information

a. Depreciation as per Section 32 is Rs 20000 .
b. Salaries are to be paid equally amongst the two partners ie., Gold and Silver. Their profit-sharing ratio is $2: 1$
c. Advertisement expenses include Rs 5000 paid to political party.

OR
Q1. Miss Rani is a Chartered Accountant. She furnishes following information for the year ended 31/03/2022.

| Receipt | Rs. | Payment | Rs. |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| To Balance b/d | $1,75,000$ | By Salaries and Stipend | $4,00,000$ |
| To Audit Fees | $12,50,000$ | By Printing and Stationary | $1,25,000$ |
| To Certification fees \& Peer <br> Review Remuneration | $7,00,000$ | By Conveyance and travelling <br> Expenses | $6,00,000$ |
| To Rent from House Property | $3,00,000$ | By Municipal tax | 50,000 |
|  |  | By Personal Expenses | $3,00,000$ |
|  |  | By Membership Fees (ICAD) | 25,000 |
|  |  | By Interest on Loan | $1,50,000$ |
|  |  | By Purchase Tax Saver Mutual <br> Fund | $2,60,000$ |
|  |  | By Balance c/d | $4,35,000$ |
|  |  | $24,25,000$ |  |

## Additional information:

1. Allowable Depreciation on Business Assets is Rs. 75,000 .
2. Personal expenses include Rs. 10,000 spend on medical treatment of her son.
3. Salaries include Rs. 25,000 to office servants and Rs. 30,000 to domestic servants.
4. $50 \%$ of the municipal tax is towards rented property.
5. Travelling expenses includes Rs. 5,000 paid for travelling while on Peer review visit.
6. Two third of the interest is attributable towards housing loan and balance for business loan.
7. Miss Rani is Physically Challenged person. Her disability prescribed by Government Hospital is 80\%.
Compute Tax payable by her for the assessment year 2022-23.
Q. 2 : Mr. Ravi works is a sales manager of Raj Ltd. He gives you the following information for the year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2022.

| Particulars | Amount (Rs) |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Basic salary (Gross) | 50,000 | per month |
| Dearness allowance | 20,000 | per month |
| Bonus | 45,000 | per annum |
| Commission on sales | 55,000 | per annum |
| Conveyance Allowance (Amount spent Rs. 16,000) | 24,000 | per annum |
| Perquisite value of Gas, Water and Electricity | 35,000 | per annum |
| Profession tax deducted from salary | 2,500 | per annum |
| Other Information: | 20,000 |  |
| Dividend from Indian Companies | 15,000 |  |
| Interest on saving bank account with Bank of <br> Baroda | 51,000 |  |
| Gift from Grandfather |  |  |$\quad$| l |
| :--- |

He paid Medical Insurance Premium for self, by cheque of Rs. 23,500
Compute Net Taxable Income for Assessment year 2022-23.

## OR

Q. 2

Mr. Nelson is a stage artist who entrusts his accounts for the assessment year 2022-23. From an analysis of his bank accounts, you find the following information:

| Particulars | Rs. |
| :--- | ---: |
| 1. Concert Receipts (local) | $3,17,000$ |
| 2. Royalty receipts from companies on record sold | 10,000 |
| 3. Amount from Life Insurance Corporation on maturity of a policy in the name of |  |
| wife | 26,000 |
| 4. Dividend on Mutual Funds | 10,150 |
| 5. Concert Costs | 22,000 |
| 6. Motor car expenses-car used to attend concerts recording session etc | 18,000 |
| 7. Rent paid (half premises used for professional purposes) | 9,000 |

Mr Nelson also trains his disciples in his spare time and in the relevant year, he collected Rs. 12,000 in cash from his disciples which was used for household expenses.

His father had left some government securities on which he collected interest (gross) of Rs. 1200 in the year. He paid Rs. 5850 towards LIP premium and Rs, 40,000 towards medical insurance for self, spouse and dependent parents who are senior citizens. Compute Mr Nelson's Taxable Income.

Q3. Mr. Shankar owns two Houses. The details regarding these houses for the year ended 31-3-2022 are as follows:
(a) The First House the fair rent of which was Rs. 5,00,000 was let out at Rs. 25,000 p.m. He paid Rs. 10,000 as interest on Money Borrowed for construction of this house, Rs. 1,000 as ground rent and Rs. 20,000 as Municipal Taxes.
(b) The Second House of the Annual value of Rs. $10,00,000$ was occupied by him for his residence. Municipal Taxes paid by him were Rs. 50,000 . He has borrowed Rs. 20 lakhs from ICICI Ltd. in April 2015 for acquiring this House property. Interest due for the year was Rs. 2,00,000 and he has repaid Rs. 40,000 principal amount of the loan at the end of financial year.

The details of his other Income during the year 2021-22 are as follows:
(i) Directorship fees received from JDC Ltd. Rs. 2,00,000.
(ii) Winning from Horse races Rs. $4,00,000$.
(iii) Award received from Maharashtra Government Rs. 5,00,000.

He also paid Medical Insurance Premium for self, by cheque of Rs. 10,000 .
Compute the Net Taxable Income of Mr. Shankar for the previous year ended 2021-22. relevant to Assessment Year 2022-23.

Q3 A Determine the scope of total income in respect of the following incomes if the assessee is a
(1) a resident and ordinarily resident
(2) a resident but not ordinarily resident:
a. Interest on Tata Motors Etd Debentures, received in Sweden

Rs. 60,000
b. Profit from business in Jalgoan controlled from Jaipur

Rs. 50,000
c. Profit on sale of Plant at Bhilai

Rs. 40,000
d. Past Untaxed Profit of business in Dubai, now brought to India

Rs. 30,000
e. Pension from an Indian Employer received in Egypt

Rs. 1,20,000
f. Savings Bank Interest from State Bank of India, London Branch

Rs. 10,000

Q3.B Mr. Sunny shares the information of asset transferred by him during the financial year 2021-22.

In December 1993, he had inherited a residential house from his father located in Goa. His father had bought the property in September 1991 for Rs. $9,78,000 /$ -

In November 1996, Mr. Sunny spent Rs, $8,68,000$ /- on the repairs and renovation of the said property
Fair Market Value of the said property as on 01.04 .2001 was Rs. 24,35,000/-.
He sold the property on $16^{\text {th }}$ August 2021 for Rs. $2,80,00,000 /$-.
$2 \%$ brokerage is payable to Mr. Dalal, a real estate agent.

Out of the sale proceeds, he invested in the following assets:
a. Purchased a New Residential house at Munnar for Rs. $60,00,000 /$ - on 14.03.2022.
b. Invested in 3 years Bonds of National highway Authority of India (NHAI) Rs. 60,00,000\%-
c. Balance amount was placed in Bank FDR with IDBI Bank Ltd.

You are required to compute his capital gains liability for Assessment year 2022-2023.
(CII : 2001-02: 100, 2018-19:280 2019-20:289 2021-22:317)

Q4A. State whether following statements are Frue or False.

1. Illegal Income is taxable under Income Tax Act 1961.
2. Limit of Investment in the 'Long term specified asset' U/S. 54EC by an assessee during any financial year should not exceed Rs $50,00,000$.
3. University of Mumbai is assessable under Income Tax Act as a local authority.
4. Previous year can be a period of 12 months or less than 12 months.
5. Bonus is taxable on receipt basis only.
6. If house property is located in foreign country, the taxability of rental income from such property depends on the residential status of an individual.
7. Deduction under section 80 E under chapter VI A i.e. Interest on Higher Education Loan is maximum allowable to Rs $1,50,000$.
8. The due date for filing income tax return for an individual is $31^{\text {st }}$ July.

Q4B. Choose the correct alternative and rewrite the sentence

1. Employer's contribution to statutory provident fund is
a. Exempt upto $12 \%$ of salary
b. Exempt upto $9.5 \%$ of salary
c. Fully Taxable
d. Fully Exempt
2. Surcharge is applicable at $-\%$ where the total income of an individual is between Rs $50,00,000$ and
Rs $1,00,00,000$.
a. $5 \%$
b. $10 \%$
c. $15 \%$
d. $20 \%$
3. Rebate is available to an individual assessee whose income doesn't exceed Rs
a. Rs $5,00,000$
b. Rs $10,00,000$
c. Rs $2,50,000$
d. Rs $20,00,000$
4. Received Audi car worth Rs $80,00,000$ on his birthday from Non-relative. The amount taxable under
head as ---
$\qquad$
a. Income from Business and Profession
b. Income from Capital Gain
c. Income from other sources
d. Income from House Property
5. Received Interest on fixed deposit with bank of India Rs. 56,000 net of (TDS Rs. 4000), the amount taxable under income from other sources would be
a. Rs 60,000
b. Rs 56,000
c. Rs 4,000
d. Rs 52,000
6. Kirit came to India for the first time on $02,10.2020$. He continues to stay in India thereafter. His residential status for AY 2022-23 would be
a. Resident
b. Resident and Ordinary Resident
c. Resident but Not Ordinary Resident
d. Non-Resident
7. The maximum limit for Pension Plan u/s 80 CCC is Rs
a. $1,00,000$
b. $1,50,000$
c. $2,50,000$
d. $2,00,000$

## OR

## Q. 4 Write shorts notes (Any 3)

a. Assessee.
b. Tax Treatment of Gratuity under Income Tax Act
c. Deemed to be let out property
d. Deduction $u / \mathrm{s} 80 \mathrm{DD}$ of chapter VIA.
e. Dute date of filing Income Tax Returns

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Paper / Subject Code: 72212 / Group B: Business Studies (Management): Entrepreneurial Management Sem- II
External Exam
Time: 2 Hours

## N.B: 1) All questions are compulsory

2) Figures to the right indicate full marks

Q1) Answer the following (Any two)
a) Discuss the factors affecting growth of entrepreneurship.
b) Write a detailed note on requirements of entrepreneurial structure.

## OR

c) Discuss the steps involved to change entrepreneurial culture.
d) Elaborate on the Theory of Personal Resourcefulness.

Q2) Answer the following (Any two)
a) Explain the significance of entrepreneurial environment
b) Comment on the problems of entrepreneurship in detail.

OR
c) Discuss the sources of development finance available to entrepreneurs.
d) Who is a social entrepreneur? Elaborate on the features of social entrepreneurship
a) Explain the concept \& classification of project in detail.
b) Write a detailed note on Project Cycle.

OR
c) Elaborate on the steps involved in project formulation.
d) Is Project Evaluation essential? Discuss.

Q4 A) Fill in the blanks by choosing the appropriate options given below:
a) Innovation Theory was propounded by $\qquad$ .
(Philip Kotler / Joseph Schumpeter/Victor Vroom/ William Stanton)
b) implies drive for friendly \& close interpersonal relationships.
(Need for Achievement/Need for Affiliation/Need for Excelling/Need for Power)
c) Under $\qquad$ technique the possible features of a product or service are enlisted. (Attribute Listing/Gordon Model/Brainwriting/Nominal Group Technique)
d) $\qquad$ is a macro environmental factor.
(Demographic/ Geographic/Legal/ Allof these)
e) $P$ in the acronym PERT stands for $\qquad$ . (Programme/Prototype/Premier/Potential)
B) State whether the following statements are true or false
a) Jeff Bezos is an example of first-generation entrepreneurs
b) Tax holiday is a type of fiscal assistance \& incentive.
c) Project-Design explains the various outputs of flow of events, prototypes \& screen designs
d) The initial capital used to start a business is called working capital?
e) Financia Analysis helps to analyze the economic value of the proposed project.
C) Match the following

| a. Smt. Shehnaz Hussain | Alex Osborn |
| :--- | :--- |
| b. Brainstorming | 2. Project's Viability |
| c. Tool of Financial Analysis | 3. Managers |
| d. Feasibility Analyșis | 4. Common size statements |
| e. Administrative Culture | 5. Women Entrepreneur |

## Q.5) Write short notes on (Any three)

1) Marketing Assistance \& Incentives
2) National Alliance of Young Entrepreneurs (NAYE)
3) Fiscal Assistance \& Incentives
4) National Institute for Entrepreneurship \& Small Business Development.
5) National Policy for Skill Development and Entrepreneurship 2015

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## Paper / Subject Code: 72202 / Group B: Business Studies (Management). Human Resource Management

## Ereternal Eream.

Time: $\mathbf{2}$ Hours

## Total Marks: 60

## NeB:

1) All questions are compulsory.
2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
Q. 1) (a) Define the term Human Resource Management (HRM). Discuss its objectives,
(b) Discuss about changing role of $H R$ manager in recent times.

OR
(c) Explain the concept of HRP. What are the factors affecting HRP?
(d) Briefly discuss the role of recruitment agencies.
Q. 2) (a) What are the different challenges faced by trainers?
(b) Describe the various techniques of Management Development Programme.
(c) Discuss the guidelines for conducting appraisal interviews.
(d) Write a note on Managing promotions
(a) Write a note on Industrial Disputes Act.
(b) Write a note on Prevention of Sexual Harassment Act.
(c) Highlight the prominent features of Minimum Wages Act.
(d) What are the features of Provident Fund Act?
Q.4) A) Fill in the blanks with appropriate options.

1) Traditional HRM is $\qquad$ in nature.
a) Proactive
b) Reactive
c) Modern
d) New age
2) $\qquad$ refers to variety of difference among employees of the organization related to their age, gender, physical abilities, education and so on.
a) Job Specification
b) Job Rotation
c) Employee turnover
d) Workforce Diversity
3) The objective of Trade Union Act is $\qquad$ .
a) Improve working condition
b) Ensure Security of Workers
c) Obtain better economic returns to employees
d) All of these
4) $\qquad$ is a retirement benefit provided to employees, in order to provide financial security.
a) Gratuity
b) Wages
c) Tax
d) Fines
5) $\qquad$ is a full-time job split between two employees, each with responsibility for the success of the total job.
a) Job Analysis
b) Job Policy
c) Job Sharing
d) Job Specification
Q. 4. B) State whether the following statements are True or False.
6) Human Resource Management (HRM) includes Human Resource Planning (HRP).
7) Job description provides information about candidate required for vacant job position in an organization.
8) Job rotation and promotion are the same concepts.
9) ESIC Act is the social security act applicable to the employees earning upto Rs.21000/-p.m.
10) Millennials are also known as Generation Y.
Q. 4. C) Match the Column.

| Group A | Group B |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1) HRIS | a) Seminars and Workshops |\(\left.\quad \begin{array}{l}Allowance paid to employes or their <br>

dependents in event of an accident or injury\end{array}\right\}\)

Q4. Write Short notes on (Any Three)

1) Stress and its impact on job performance.
2) Employee Engagement
3) Talent Management
4) VUCA Environment
5) H.R. Practices at global level

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## Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

N.B.: 1) All questions are compulsory. Carrying 15 marks each.
2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

1. a. Discuss in detail the Holistic Marketing Strategy.
b. Explain the evolution of Marketing strategy.

## OR

c. Discuss the future of Marketing.
d. What is Marketing strategy? Explain its features.
2. a. Discuss Marketing Mix with suitable examples:
b. What is Strategic Business Unit? Explain its advantages.

## OR

c. Enumerate the different types of Marketing Plans.
d. Explain the types of Defensive Marketing strategies.
3. a. Discuss Macro Environmental factors affecting Marketing.
b. Explain the significance of Customer Relationship Management.

## OR

c. What are the features of Consumer Behavior?
d. Write a note on Customer Loyalty
4. a. Choose the correct option from the following:

1. $\qquad$ Marketing focuses on Environmental protection.
a) Social
b) Viral
c) Ambush
d) Green
2. Market $\qquad$ refers to sub-dividing a larger market into smaller submarkets
a) Strategy
b) Segmentation
c) Positioning
d) Targeting
3. $\qquad$ is the exchange value at which the sale transaction takes place.
a) Product
b) Price
c) Place
d) Promotion
4. Maruti Suzuki retains market share in India due to Customer $\qquad$ .
a) Trust
b) Behaviour
c) Observation
d) Data Mining

Activities
5. Buzz Marketing is also called as $\qquad$ .
a) Green marketing
b) Social marketing
c) Experiential marketing
d) Viral marketing
4. b. State whether the following statements are True or False:

1. Infosys Limited undertakes social marketing.
2. Tele-marketing is a part of Internet Marketing.
3. Family is an important cultural factor that influences consumer behaviour.
4. The concept of SBU was developed by General Electric Company.
5. The letter V in VRIO analysis stands for Variable.
6. c. Match the following:

| Column A | ColumnB |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Alliance Marketing Strategy | a. Oriflame |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Multi-level marketing | b. Enhances product image |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Green Marketing | C. Spotify and Uber |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. Brand Positioning | d. Promotes meritgoods |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. Social Marketing | e. Reduce, Reuse, Recycle |  |  |  |  |  |
| OR |  |  |  |  |  |  |

4. Write short notes on: (Any 3)
a) Social Media Marketing
b) Hospitality Marketing Management
c) Cause Marketing
d) E-Marketing
e) Current Marketing Trends
M.com-II

Paper / Subject Code: 72207 / Group B: Business Studies (Management) : Rural Marketing

Instructions: 1) All Questions are compulsory.
2) Figures to the right indicates maximum marks.

1 a) Define Rural Marketing. Explain the classification of rural Market. (07)
b) Explain the scope of rural marketing.
c) Explain the Challenges of Rural Marketing.
d) Explain the factors contributing the growth of Rural Markets.
a) Define Consumer behaviour Explain its type,
b) Explain the different challenges in Rural Communication
OR
c) Explain the rural development programmes of the government.
d) Explain the role of commercial banks in rural marketing.
a) What is agricultural marketing? State its importance.
b) Explain the different issues in agricultural marketing.
c) Explain the role of Self Help Groups (SHG) in rural marketing.
d) Explain the need and importance of Co-operative marketing.
A) Fill in the blanks with an appropriate options

1. $\qquad$ the quality certification mark for agricultural produce.
(BIS, AGMARK, ISO 20000,)
2. A Project Shakti was an initiative by $\qquad$ .
(ITC, Unilever, P \& G)
3. $\qquad$ are the weekly markets from where rural people buy the items of daily necessities, garments, farm inputs etc.
(Heats, melas, Supermarket)
4. Scattered nature is a feature of $\qquad$ .
(Rural markets, urban markets, semi-rural market)
5. $\qquad$ is an example of opinion leader (Sarpanch, Computer, School)
(B)

Match the Column

| Group A |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | RDS |  | Group B |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | CHG | A | Rural development Bank |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Fake product | B | Co-operative Marketing federation |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | NABARD | C | Self-help group |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | NAKED | D | D |

## C) State whether the following statements are True or False

1. The small unit packaging can never attract rural consumers.
2. The rural consumers are price sensitive.
3. Wall paintings are effective and economic medium for advertising in urban market.
4. Storage adds time utility to the commodity.
5. MPEDA deals with agricultural products.

5 Write a short notes (ANY 3)
a) E-commerce
b) Challenges of Internet Marketing
c) Digital Village
d) ICT in Agricultural Marketing
e) E-Choupal

