

THE STUDENT PRESS

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WHY TSP?

DEAR READERS,

TSP SHORT FOR THE STUDENT PRESS NOW YOU MIGHT BE WONDERING WHAT'S THIS? THIS IS A MONTHLY MAGAZINE WHEREIN WE BRING YOUR WORDS IN FORM OF ARTICLES TO THE READERS. TSP WORKS WITH THE MOTIVE TO CREATE A PLATFORM FOR ALL THOSE ASPIRING WRITERS AND STUDENTS WHO HOLD A PASSION FOR WORDS. IF YOU FIND WORDS AS A MEDIUM OF VOICING OUT YOUR VIEWS BECAUSE WORDS HOLD THE POWER TO CHANGE THE WAY THE WORLD THINKS TSP PROVIDES YOU THE PLATFORM TO DO SO. WE BELIEVE YOUR WORDS ARE A WAY TO COMMUNICATE WITH THE READERS. WE ALWAYS WELCOME YOUR IDEAS AND REVIEWS TO HELP US IMPROVE. AND DON'T WORRY ABOUT YOUR ARTICLES BEING NOT ENOUGH OR UP TO MARK AFTERALL THE FIRST DRAFT OF EVERYTHING IS NEVER PERFECT IT'S THE PROGRESS THAT WE DO IS WHAT MATTERS.

- SHARVI SAWANT



WORDS FROM THE PRINCIPAL

DEAR STUDENTS,

I AM VERY HAPPY AND GLAD TO ANNOUNCE THAT OUR STUDENTS UNDER THE GUIDANCE OF DR. (Smt.) KANCHAN FULMALI HAVE STARTED A MAGAZINE 'THE STUDENT PRESS' A VERY INNOVATIVE PROGRAM WHICH THEY HAVE TAKEN UP WITH THE HELP OF THE STUDENTS. IN THIS PANDEMIC TIMES WITH STUDENTS WORKING THROUGH ONLINE MODE THESE STUDENTS HAVE STARTED THIS E-MAGAZINE WHICH EVERYONE CAN READ ON THE COLLEGE WEBSITE. I WISH THEM ALL THE BEST AND CONGRATULATE THE TEAM LEADER AND THE STUDENT MEMBERS. AND ONCE AGAIN ALL THE BEST FOR YOUR FUTURE SUCCESS.

- DR. DNYANESHWAR. M. DOKE

CO-ORDINATOR'S WORDS

I AM SUPPORTING THE STUDENT PRESS FOR THEIR IDEA THAT THEY HAVE BROUGHT FORWARD BECAUSE EVERYONE HERE IS APPRECIATED FOR THEIR WORK. THE STUDENT PRESS IS A PLACE WHERE STUDENTS CAN WRITE WITH A OPEN MIND AND HEART THROUGH THE MAGAZINE WORDS.. THIS INITIATIVE IS NOT ONLY FOR THE DAHANUKARITES BUT FOR STUDENTS ALL OVER MUMBAI. I ASSURE YOU OF THE QUALITY FROM THE BEGINING AND WOULD PRODIVE WHATEVER YOU REQUIRE.

-DR. KANCHAN FULMALI



KAR HAR MAIDAN FATEH

Good day everyone today we have with you Smt. Chandana Chakraborti who is the Vice Principal of M. L. Dahanukar college. First of all we welcome you ma'am to this interview and now without further ado we'll start with the interview.

1. Ma'am, you are the vice principal of M. L Dahanukar College of Commerce so what struggles Did you face to reach where you are now ?

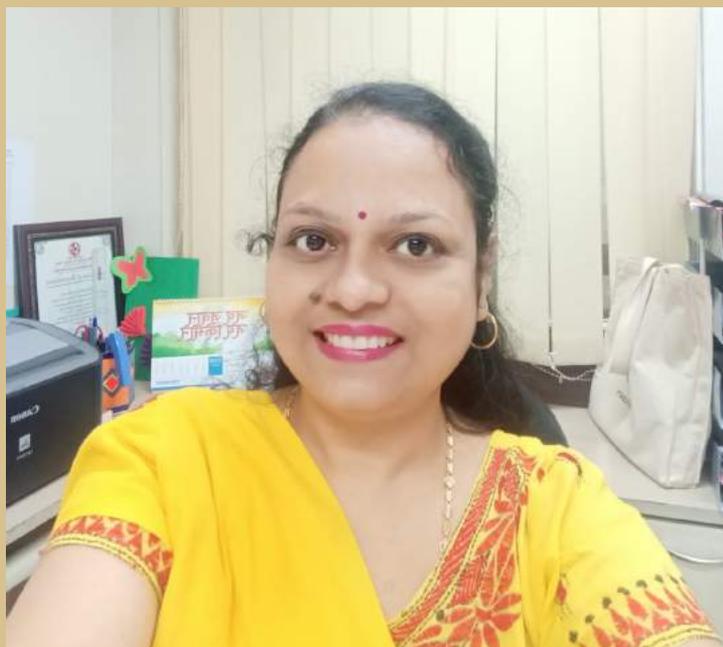
- Yes. Well struggles as such, I didn't face any big types of a struggle but then definitely being a woman, there were lots of frontiers that we have to face, that I had to face during my early years like managing the house, managing the family and management of our job at the same time, but I really did not have to face much struggle to become the vice principal of this college. Long hard work yes, which had to be put in, a lot of committees, lots of portfolios that have to be managed but then ultimately, I think your hard work pays off so nothing as such basically to mention about any type of struggle that I had.

2. Ma'am "EARN WITH LEARN" is a new concept which is gaining quite ground in the youngsters nowadays. How do you support this idea or do you support this idea of "Learning with Earning"?

- Yes, this is one of the primary aim of education. Education is basically meant to prepare you for life, so that you can earn a livelihood and you can lead a decent life when you grow to maturity. Now, this is not something which is very new concept. It is a concept, which is very old, and one of the goals of education but in India, this concept of Earn while you Learn is less popular now in recent times and yes, it's definitely a very good idea. Because today's education is not very cheap. There are various types of courses, which are very, very expensive because of privatization and when the student is earning fees he's able to support as he or she is able to support his own education and this is definitely a very good idea. It builds a sense of responsibility in the mind of the student. The student takes the course more seriously because the desire and the earning is there to learn, because you're putting in your hard earned money in it. So, there is a lot of difference that will come in the outcome of learning also.

Nowadays, students are faced with the weariness of "ONLINE LEARNING". So, what measures do you think can enhance this online system?

- Now, out of compulsion, we have entered into an era where we are having 100% online lectures. This is a via media which was chosen during this COVID period so that students don't suffer and there is no break in education because actually a matter of necessity. There are lots of good points also of online learning but what I feel from a student's viewpoint is that when you are constantly on online mode, capturing, as a teacher also, capturing the interest of the students becomes a little difficult. Now, there are many ways in which students can be motivated to perform better, to listen, to be more attentive to the lecture.



For example, if we have more quizzes involved more some games which are there, which are educational games, educational videos, which can be played instead of having a lecture of 60 minutes constantly where the teacher is continuously speaking and the student is just a passive listener at the other end. It can become boring, monotonous, and after some time the student loses interest. So, there has to be some variety in teaching you cannot have 100% lecture method, you have to opt for some other type of methods of teaching as well. So having constant quizzes having some types of maybe, involving the students in teaching like "Flip Teaching" in which students will be given some topic and ask them to now tell me, "How do you teach this topic. Such type of things can definitely create an interest in the minds of the students and at least some students will get benefited from this type if we bring some variation in our teaching method.

4. Now that the H.S.C results are declared. There's a whole lot of debate going on how they manage to pass even without exams. So what is your opinion on this so called "COVID batch?"

- Now Yeah, this is a very interesting question. But I would like to little bit correct you because COVID batch, it's not only the HSC students, but I think SSC First Year Junior College, HSC, everybody is a COVID batch. Yeah, this is very unfortunate that these students, because to me, H.S.C is a very crucial year for students because there are lots of other options which are opening up after on the basis of their performance. So it's a year, when the parents are very worried, students are worried, they put in a lot of hard work trying to get and crack different exams. Now, this year, as there has been no exams as such, to test the capability of the students, maybe we can say is that some people might be of opinion that they know the actual learning has not happened but then the students who are actually learning from the beginning of the year till the last minute, they didn't know that there will be no exams. So I'm sure the students have been preparing and studying on their own, trying to prepare themselves for an exam because nothing was clear till the end. So, I guess the students have definitely done some amount of studying but we have not been able to assess their performances. But yes, but this COVID batch is definitely you can say it could be a bonanza for some students, but it can be some demerits for some very good students who actually are hard workers. You have to take it with a "pinch of salt", this COVID batch is definitely something that shouldn't have happened.

5. Now Mumbai University now conducts exam online due to the COVID crisis. Now, in case of a scenario where the crisis met its end, will you still be willing to conduct the exam in an online mode, as it is boosting of factors to distance learning?

- Once this crisis is under control, maybe we can have this mode of assessment even in the future but it cannot be 100%. Partially it can be Yes, but not definitely not 100%. Like we have done for the last one and a half years. I, as being on the other side, being on the administrative side, I will tell you that it is very difficult to judge students properly. We all are aware that there is a bonanza of marks that students are scoring. We have cases where students have not been able to perform well in some subjects and with the online mode of examinations, they have managed to get very good marks. So, you know as I told earlier also there is no parameter to separate out the good studious students, intelligence students from the average or below average students if we go in with this online mode 100% but definitely online mode also should not be discarded because it is as you have rightly said, it is good for distance learning, as well as there are the students can from anywhere assess and give the examinations but 100% No, I wouldn't recommend it. Maybe 10 out of 100 maybe 10, 20% assessment can be fallen online, more but 80% has to be on offline mode, according to me, or else it becomes difficult to judge a student's performance.

6. What message would you give to the teachers coping with the online mode?

- Yes, it's been a huge learning experience for me as well, because we have worked for more than 25 years, I've been practicing a particular type of teaching and then suddenly, one day, I am told to go and teach in online mode, wherein I didn't even know how to open up a Google Classroom or how to share my screen. So a huge learning experience, in which I'm sure all teachers will agree with me that we have also learned a lot. It has been an eye opener for all teachers and what we were unwilling to accept somewhere or the other there was an inertia on our teaching communities, on the part of the teaching community to move over to online mode. In fact, UGC, our apex body has been strongly recommending for more than 10 years to have some type of virtual teaching but this inertia was not, we are not coming out of it. But this COVID has made us sit up and out of compulsion, we have learned how to deal with online mode of teaching. On behalf of all the teachers, I'll tell you, it has not been very easy for us. But at the same time, I think, given the times and circumstances, it was the only way in which we could deal with the classroom teaching. So teachers have definitely learned a lot and we as teachers will have to continue with online teaching. We should not just discard it off once the offline mode starts. Because very often, it is not possible for all students to come and in the near future, also, the problem is not going to just disappear, it's going to be there for quite some time, so we have to continue with it. What we have to continue with, we have to make it the entire learning process, even the teachers, for them, it's a learning process, we have to make it as joyful as possible that this is what we have to do. Therefore let us try and do the best we can, learn new technologies, learn new methods, and that is what the entire process of teaching and learning is about.

7. What message would you give to the students through "The Students Press"?

- Yes, to my very dear students, I would definitely like to convey this message on my part, as a teacher, the problem that I have experienced is it is extremely, extremely frustrating and students are physically present in the classroom, you can see that number of students are there in the classroom, but there's simply no response from the students.

Also, we don't know whether the students are listening to you or not, that becomes extremely, you know, disheartening for the teachers, I would like to request the students that "Be a little bit more proactive in the classroom, I know it is not so easy when you're sitting in the comfort of your home, probably in our environment, sometimes which is too comfortable, or sometimes which may be too harsh. So, you know, in the home environment, that particular classroom type situation is not there. So there are a lot of disturbances that are around you, a lot of distractions, disturbances around you. So very often you just switch on into the classroom, but you're busy doing something else. So I would like to request to the students that "See, this is the present mode of teaching and learning and you're losing out on important years of your life if you don't learn anything from the classroom from the online mode of teaching. It's not always how much marks you score that matters, what matters that what you have learned. At the end of the day, that is what is most important. You might have scored 90%, 95% but when you are not able to give them the basic. You don't even have knowledge of the basic information, some basic concepts, then actually no learning has occurred. You have got good marks but no knowledge. Learning should be for knowledge and not for marks. This is the most important thing I think students should understand. Because ultimately, lifelong you this learning will help you out.

- Thank you, man and also on behalf of the whole THE STUDENT PRESS thank you for your time taking time out of your busy schedule for this interview.

- Omkar Redkar (S.Y. Bcom) & Sharvi Sawant (S.Y Bcom)

NSS – Lending a hand to the Flood Reliefs

M.L. Dahanukar College of Commerce, Mumbai along with its educational role has always lively involved in the socio-cultural activities to nurture the society. Both, the students as well the teachers contribute to achieve this objective. Particularly, National Service Scheme (NSS) unit of MLDC acts as the right hand for turning this point true. As on 24th July, 2021 heavy rains created havoc, flood devastated Mahad and nearby villages in Raigad district of Maharashtra which affected many lives there. So ‘A Flood Relief Activity’ was organized by NSS unit. The preparations for conducting this activity started on the same day. Respected teachers along with the ambitious students participated in this activity.

The student volunteers co-ordinated within themselves for performing various tasks like: appealing the people to give a hand for donation of relief material, collection of the relief material which are essential from donors, segregation, packaging of the same. Specifically 15 volunteers participated in segregating and packaging this relief material in a very spontaneous manner.



. The collection of relief material for flood affected people included necessities like rice, pulses, sugar, edible oil and other food material, clothes, hygiene related things including toothpastes, toothbrushes, sanitary pads, diapers, etc. Collecting required materials was done by the volunteers on large scale and activity was quite a hit. The volunteers, through their immense effort able to prepare 135 kits of essentials containing almost 2.85 tons of relief material successfully.

It is said that “Help is not complete till it reaches the beneficiaries” .So on 3rd august,2021 8 junior volunteers, 5 ex-volunteers plus Program Officers, Mr. Samrat Gangurde and Mr. Shuddhodhan Athwale, personally visited 3 sites namely Karanjkhoh, Mahad and Birwadi in Raigad, Maharashtra. There they distributed the relief material kits of essential commodities to the needy families. At the end, they returned home by making many faces smile. The programm was not a help rather it is a responsibility towards the society. As all know, it was not enough but it surely created a difference not only in society but also all participating.

- TEJASWINI PAWAR (S. Y. Bcom- C)



AWESOME AUGUST

INDIA'S OLYMPIC STARS BAGGED THEIR BEST PERFORMANCE

They say save the best for last and for India it came true at the Tokyo Games.

Javelin thrower Neeraj Chopra became only the second Indian to win an individual gold in the Olympics. After romanticising stories about "nearly there" for years, India finally had its first track-and-field medal winner, thanks to Chopra's throw of 87.58m. Interestingly, Chopra, the son of a farmer from Khandra village near Panipat in Haryana, took to athletics to lose weight.

The 23-year-old, a Subedar with 4 Rajputana Rifles in the Indian Army, has been a consistent performer since bursting into the scene with a historic gold in the junior world championships in 2016 with an Under-20 world record of 86.48m which still stands.



https://c.ndtvimg.com/2021-08/al3l3cg3g_neeraj-chopra_625x300_09_August_21.jpg?im=FitAndFill,algorithm=dnn,width=806,height=605

MIRABAI CHANU



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[2.images.arcpublishing.com/reuters/BKULNZK6SZJXHIS6DKB2E3ESA.jpg](https://cloudfront-us-east-2.images.arcpublishing.com/reuters/BKULNZK6SZJXHIS6DKB2E3ESA.jpg)

The pint-sized weightlifter from Manipuri lifted the spirits of the entire nation as she ended a 21-year wait for a medal in weightlifting, clinching a silver medal in the 49kg category to open India's account on the very first day of competitions on July 24. Wearing gold earrings shaped like the Olympic rings, which were a gift from her mother who sold her own jewellery for them five years ago, the 26-year-old lifted a total of 202kg (87kg+115kg), finally exorcising the ghosts of her disastrous outing in the 2016 Rio Games where she had failed to log a single legitimate lift.



https://images.news18.com/ibnlive/uploads/2021/08/1628194237_ravi-kumar-dahiya-bagged-a-silver-medal-in-wrestling-at-tokyo-olympics-ap-photo.jpg

RAVI KUMAR DAHIYA

The 23-year-grappler born in the Nahri village of the Sonapat district in Haryana stormed to the final of the men's 57kg freestyle event without any fuss. Although, he fetched a silver, his immense strength and stamina along with technical prowess impressed one and all. He rose to prominence only when he qualified for the Tokyo Games with a bronze medal-winning effort at the 2019 world championship. He has steadily grown in stature ever since, winning the Asian Championship in 2020 and then defending the title this year

P.V.SINDHU

One of the strongest medal contenders heading to the Tokyo Olympics, PV Sindhu delivered once again. This time snatching a bronze. The 26-year-old etched her name among the all-time greats after winning women's singles bronze medal to add to the silver she won at Rio de Janeiro five years back. She became the first Indian woman and second overall from the country to achieve the feat. Such was her dominance at the Tokyo Games that she dropped only two games, both in the semifinal loss to Tai Tzu Ying, in six matches. One of the most consistent performers, Sindhu has returned with medals from each one of the big-ticket events she has participated in.



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- Omkar Redkar (S. Y. Bcom- C)

INDIA'S MENS HOCKEY TEAM

- Omkar Redkar

Four decades of pain and disappointment was washed away as the Indian men's hockey team clinched the bronze, the country's 12th Olympic medal in the sport that came after a gap of 41 years. It wasn't gold but it was enough to spearhead the revival of the sport in a country that attaches so much sentimental value to it

After the initial hiccup which saw the team being steam-rolled 1-7 by Australia in their second game, Manpreet Singh and his men made a strong comeback only losing to eventual champions Belgium. While Manpreet inspired the team with his leadership, goalkeeper PR Sreejesh had a phenomenal tournament, standing like a wall when the opposition mounted an attack. It seemed the team was destined to win. How else could one explain the addition of Simranjeet Singh, who scored a brace in the crucial bronze playoff, when he wasn't even a part of the original squad and had been added following the International Olympic Committee's decision to allow "alternate athletes" in team events because of the COVID-19 pandemic.



https://images.outlookindia.com/public/uploads/articles/2019/10/18/Hockey-Oly-Qualifier_571_855.jpg

LOVLINA BORGOHAIN

Competing in her maiden Olympics, Lovlina Borgohain carved a niche for herself in the history of Indian women's boxing by clinching a bronze -- India's lone boxing medal at the Tokyo Games. The 23-year-old, who was brought up in Baro Mukhia village of Assam's Golaghat district, used to be a kick boxer, like her two elder sisters, before she turned to boxing.



https://c.ndtvimg.com/2021-08/h55eucv_lovlina-borgohain-afp_625x300_09_August_21.jpg?im=FeatureCrop,algorithm=dnn,width=806,height=605

नयी आजादी

१५ अगस्त के दिन गर्व से छाती फूल जाती है,
मगर शूरवीरों के बलिदान से आँखें भर आती हैं।

बेहद तकलीफ और दर्द उन्होंने सहा है,
अंग्रेज़ों से झुंझ कर हिंदुस्तान के लिए उनका खून बहा है।

७५ साल हो चुके आजादी को,
मगर क्या अभी भी लोगों कि सोच आजाद है!

इंसानों में कितने सारे मत भेद है,
उच्च नीच, जलन और नकारात्मक मानसिकता में इंसान अभी भी कैद हैं।

देश को आजादी मिल चुकी है अब विचारों को पूरी आजादी देते है,
देश के प्रगती के साथ विचारों से भी प्रगत होते हैं।

इस ७५ स्वतंत्र दिन पे एक नयी आजादी मनाने का प्रण लेते हैं।
इस ७५ स्वतंत्र दिन पे एक नयी आजादी मनाने का प्रण लेते हैं।

- Tanvee Sonavane (S.Y. BBI- A)

International Conference

Strategies for Rebooting the Global Economy in the Post Covid-19

Research Paper:

Title: A STUDY OF THE TECHNOLOGY FUTURISTICS STRATEGIES THAT CAN SUSTAIN THE ADAPTIVE MEASURES REQUIRED FOR THE NEW NORMAL

Dr.Sudha Subramaniam

M.Com, M.Phil, PhD, MEd, CA Final Group 1, DSM,DTM

Abstract:

As the technological ecosystem is gearing itself to take up the challenge of accomplishing the various tasks in a novel manner, the humane resource is also upgrading and upskilling for the new working environment. The short-term scenario is a matter of situational management and able leadership to steer through the turbulence. However, in the long-term scenario, diverse entities are working towards repositioning themselves to draw from the fountainhead of technology and to execute tasks with efficiency, powered by meticulous planning. This requires infrastructure planning as well as enterprise resource planning to fill the technology gap and bridge the digital divide. Associated economic and financial handles also need to be considered and strategic planning needs to focus on practically achievable targets.

Literature Review:

The need for strategic business imperatives are playing a role in exploring the merger of business and technology strategies and reimagining technology's role in the business. Fundamental questions about the future of work need to be addressed by leveraging technology and redesigning work outcomes that extend beyond productivity and cost to value, meaning and impact. (www.deloitte.com, technology and the future of work).

In an interview conducted in February 2019, Satish Alapati, CIO of Media & Entertainment Customer Experience at AT&T stated that because of technological advances, technology's role within the organisation is itself shifting. He further stated that technology has evolved from automating the business to actually being the business.

Artificial intelligence should be harnessed as a critical component of the post-covid world diaspora. Nations need to implement well conceptualised and created AI systems to achieve objectives. (Article, 'Post-covid world needs AI, tech to come out stronger', Times of India, May 25th 2020). The covid-19 pandemic has dislodged the existing ways of working and has catapulted the world into a crisis situation. The pandemonium has essentially triggered a revolution which is clamouring for economic sustenance. This Fourth Industrial Revolution led by Artificial Intelligence will restructure Industries globally (Article, An AI Future set to take over the Post-Covid World, Indian Express, May 18th, 2020)

Resilience building strategies need to be synchronised with pragmatic futuristic technologically viable action plans. Nisha Desai Biswal, the president of US India Business Council (USIBC) said India is expected to benefit as it is expected that businesses will want to de-risk in having too much of a supply chain concentrated in one area and try to diversify and disperse. In the midst of all of the disruption and economic fallout, there's an opportunity to build an economy that is more resilient, that is more diversified and that is more attractive to more global manufacturing and global Services," stated Biswal, who served as the Assistant Secretary of State for South and Central Asia during the previous Barack Obama Administration (Article, India has opportunity to build a more resilient and diverse economy after COVID-19 pandemic: USIBC; Economic Times, April 14th 2020). Strategic planning must also take into account the volatility and uncertainty in the external environment.

Introduction:

The post-covid workplace scenario will necessarily need to realign itself to a new working paradigm. We need to reinvent the wheel with the changed perception of how tomorrow's workforce will be different, the changing roles and dimensions of operation, the required skills and capabilities and the continued growth and sustainability factors.

The work, workforce and workplace are metamorphosing and transforming in the background of the covid scenario. The post covid economic diaspora is still in its infancy and the uncertain future must necessarily ensure sustainable strategies. However, the lessons and the manner in which the situation was handled serves as the fundamental building block for effective strategies. The sector-wise requirements and manner of operations would definitely differ and need to be analysed distinctively. The strategies for global economic recovery will essentially involve insulating individual economies as well as furthering and moving ahead with strong economic planning that can sustain and boost the global economy. Organisational entities are the cornerstone of the new world's changing paradigm. For they have the resources and they can be infused with further resources to direct and deploy. Governments of the world must necessarily adapt to a new economic order where the haves and the have nots will be recast on the basis of ability to gear up to the transformations that must necessarily happen in all spheres of livelihood. The rebooting for transformation will necessarily commence at the starting point of organisational efficiency that must strategise to ensure inclusiveness and adaptability.

Hypothesis:

Based on the background of the study, it is proposed that Artificial Intelligence and Knowledge Management Strategies would form the fulcrum of future planning and execution.

The Hypothesis has been formulated as:

Ho: Artificial Intelligence and Knowledge Management strategies will form the fulcrum of future planning and execution.

H1: Artificial Intelligence and Knowledge Management strategies will not form the fulcrum of future planning and execution.

Research Methodology:

The Research Methodology followed is exploratory with qualitative and quantitative analysis. The qualitative analysis is from reliable secondary data. Quantitative analysis from primary data has been gathered from a wide cross-section of people comprising entrepreneurs, academicians, corporates and think-tanks from across the world. Data has been analysed using the percentage method.

Findings:

Primary Data analysis:

The results of the primary data analysis revealed that over 90% of respondents replied in the affirmative to the following questions:

- i) Is strategising with respect to Artificial Intelligence essential to ensure global preparedness?
- ii) Are efficient Knowledge Management strategies the key to unlock future dividends with respect to overall global sustainability?

90% of the respondents replied in the negative to the following questions:

- i) Will artificial intelligence strategies result in inability to effectively plan and deploy with respect to practical achievement of objectives?
- ii) Will Knowledge Management strategies be cumbersome and unrealistic?

Secondary Data Analysis:

The merger of business and technology strategies and the reimagining of technology's role in the business is the way forward with respect to future preparedness for Nations as well as organisations. Artificial Intelligence must be leveraged to focus on exponential increases in productivity and cost efficiencies and to redefine new work outcomes. The workforce and the workplace will have to be redesigned to support constantly evolving technology.¹

Much in the same way that we started the decade in uncertainty, we appear to be headed back into a period of uncertainty. With the rest of the world, we watched in disbelief as the COVID-19 pandemic took hold at the beginning of 2020 and changed life as we knew it. In March, more than a third of humanity was in lockdown. By the end of April, 1.6 billion workers stood in immediate danger of having their livelihoods destroyed. As job losses escalate, nearly half of global workforce at risk of losing livelihoods.²

Artificial Intelligence(AI) has the potential to provide solutions to the issues raised by the Covid-19 pandemic. The knowledge and the creativity of the humans in formulating the required technology will make the difference. AI has the potential to exceed humans not only through speed but it can also detect patterns that humans have overlooked, thereby increasing efficiency. AI systems need a lot of data. Knowledge management strategies must ensure the reservoir of data creation and access.³

Amidst the tragedy and uncertainty unleashed by the covid-19 pandemic, a strong undercurrent of hope prevailed. Organisations and Nations banded together to protect workers' health and safety, establish essential services, deploy workforce strategies and garner collective and complementary capabilities to effect meaningful change. Our conviction that human concerns are not separate from technological advances but are integral for organisation looking forward to capturing value and adapting to the crisis was reinforced.

It was found that the crisis highlighted that technology was not the greatest challenge but the lack of technological inclusion poses a challenge which will have to be addressed. The presence of the digital divide within countries, across regions, in rural communities and urban digital deserts will have to be addressed.⁴

In areas where technology is available, one of the biggest barriers was the difficulty of building models to integrate humans with those technologies. It was also identified that new habits and management practices need to be developed for people to adapt, behave and work in partnership with the available technology. Digital capabilities across the globe will have to be accelerated. The pandemic has laid the platform for a rapid migration to digital technologies.

By now, most C-suite executives have led their companies to digitize at least some part of their business to protect employees and serve customers facing mobility restrictions as a result of the COVID-19 crisis. As one CEO of a large tech company recently stated, "We are witnessing what will surely be remembered as a historic deployment of remote work and digital access to services across every domain."⁵

The world is going through the toughest leadership test. Making the new normal work is a challenge that must be taken up with strong will. We will have to make the transformation from survival to revival. Fitch ratings see India growth rate slipping to 0.8% in FY21 while the global growth forecast has been slashed to -4.6%. The world at large needs to re-orient with pragmatic growth strategies to ensure a good growth rate for the ensuing fiscal year. This can be achieved by strategically leveraging with technology.

Recent data reveals that in a matter of around eight weeks we have transitioned to a new way of consumer and business digital adoption. Banks are working with remote sales and service teams, digital outreach enabling platforms have been launched for customers to make flexible payment arrangements for mortgages and loans, grocery stores have enabled online ordering and delivery modules, educational institutions have pivoted to present online learning and digital classrooms, tele-medicine has created new inroads in the health sector, manufacturing companies are realigning supply chains with technology; the list goes on.

Organisations will have to confront some structural challenges. The change in customer behaviours and preferred interactions must be taken note of and digital services aided by AI will have to be enabled. Secondly, people using the digital channels have expressed that they will continue using them when things return to normal. This will have to be maintained and strengthened with good interactive modules. Thirdly, in order to succeed in the new environment, companies will need to ensure that their digital channels are on par or better than those of their competitors.⁶

Conclusion:

The trends of future sustenance and growth in overall spheres will be based on technological prowess and Artificial Intelligence backed by Deep Learning systems. An exploration of the trends of the strategy futuristics of diverse entities leads to the reimagination of the role of technology in business and in the way life will be conducted in the post-covid new normal. The future of work and tomorrow's workforce will be aligned to productivity and performance through efficient Knowledge Management strategies that will identify and build competencies and skillsets. Artificial Intelligence based on Machine Learning and Knowledge Management Strategies will be the new normal. The workforce will have to be accordingly trained and the workplace redesigned in order to practically deploy Artificial Intelligence and Knowledge Management Strategies. We therefore accept Ho: Artificial Intelligence and Knowledge Management strategies will form the fulcrum of future planning and execution.

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Bombay Stock Exchange (Bull v/s Bear)

A stock exchange is an institution which provides a platform for buying and selling of existing securities. As a market, the stock exchange facilitates the exchange of a security (Equity Share) into money and vice versa. Stock exchanges help companies raise finance, provide liquidity and safety of investment to the investors and enhance the credit worthiness of individual companies.

Meaning of Stock Exchange-

According to Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act 1956, "Stock exchange means any body of individuals, whether incorporated or not, constituted for the purpose of assisting, regulating or controlling the business of buying and selling or dealing in securities." (Ref: SEBI PHASE 1)

BSE Limited, also known as the Bombay Stock Exchange, an Indian stock exchange located on 'Dalal Street' in Mumbai. Established in 1875, it is South Asia's second oldest stock exchange. The BSE is the 9th largest stock exchange with an overall market capitalization of more than ₹2,18,730 billion (estimated) on as of May 2021.

Market cap: ₹227,340 billion (US\$3.2 trillion) (May 2021)

o No. of listings: 5,441* (till now)

o Location: Mumbai, India

o Founded: 9 July 1875; 146 years ago

o Indices: BSE SENSEX; S&P BSE SmallCap; S&P BSE MidCap; S&P

BSE LargeCap; BSE 500

Key people: Just. Vikramajit Sen; (Chairman); Ashishkumar Chauhan; (MD & CEO)

Established in 1875 as the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association, the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) is Asia's first exchange and the largest securities market in India.



<https://www.tradebrains.in/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/bullvsbearmarket.png>



https://lh3.googleusercontent.com/proxy/blqBNg9FMsm2ockd1FNjAnmSiDH5dVmgN69GvDo_st31tkX4ESTg_eDYR1orxug9FAW9z0L_cqzloLF_1_P7MznuJgP-SiUo5aikXaL7ezw10Y5A9-XJ2d001wnjaPoleWl2vsPMM5jySH729wTZA

The BSE has been instrumental in developing India's capital markets by providing an efficient platform for the Indian corporate sector to raise investment capital.

The BSE is known for its electronic trading system that provides fast and efficient trade execution.

The BSE enables investors to trade in equities, currencies, debt instruments, derivatives, and mutual funds.

The BSE also provides other important capital market trading services such as risk management, clearing, settlement, and investor education.

Dalal Street is a street in downtown Mumbai, India, that houses the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE), the largest stock exchange in India, and other reputable financial institutions. It received the name Dalal Street after the Bombay Stock Exchange moved there in 1874 and became the first stock exchange recognized by the Indian government.

Much like Wall Street in the United States, Dalal Street has become a metonym for the entire Indian financial sector.

The Bombay Stock Exchange has facilitated the financial growth of Dalal Street by creating an efficient marketplace in which to raise capital for companies with an vision of expanding their share capital and letting investor to earn with their minimal investments.

Functions of BSE:

- 1 Ensures the measure of safety and fair dealing, as the BSE is linked with the official authorities as SEBI, the chances of errors have been reduce to nil within a due course of time.
2. Induces companies to raise their standard of performance and think beyond their actual monetary limits which creates no limit sky with a view of pertaining good future of economy.
3. Offers guidance to management about the cost of capital, investors not only learn how to manage funds but also take certain risks based on their market experience which allows them to earn hefty profits by taking risks.
4. Performs an 'act of magic' by translating short-term investments into long-term funds for companies, as any company would require funds to manage their daily working capital, it is necessary to have an proper cashflow in their books as well.

o TOP Gainers of BSE SENSEX 50 are;

Bharti Airtel, Coal India, Maruti Suzuki, Godrej Consumer, Sun Pharma, Tata Cons. Prod, Axis Bank, Bajaj Finance, etc

BSE has played a pivotal role in the Indian capital market development. It has also been extraordinarily successful in development of securities trading activities, increasing liquidity in the market and protection of investors.

- Abhishek Shukla (S.Y. Bcom- C)

THE RETORTING BACK NATURE OF NATURE

Mother Earth has always given so many things to her beloved children without expecting anything in return, and what we gave her? We destroyed it's biggest gift, 'The Nature' unvirtuously!! Yet we have so disconnected ourselves from the natural world that it is easy and often convenient to forget that nature remains as giving as ever, even as it vanishes bit by bit. The crises we are facing today on the verge of Covid-19 pandemic, is also a result of the same and we can say that the nature is repenting! The rise of technology and industry may have distanced us superficially from nature, but it has not changed our reliance on the natural world and mother Earth. The various types of pollution, untimely rains, drought situations, global warming force us to give a look upon how miserable we treated nature and our Earth from last few decades.



https://contemplativepanda.files.wordpress.com/2016/07/story_image_url3feeb2d6dreamstime_xs_26921250.jpg?w=640

The Earth faced everything so long without even complaining but now it's time for her to give us back what we gave her. One of the example for the above is the flood conditions country wide. These conditions remain grim in many parts of the country making mankind helpless. Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu, Rajasthan etc. are the most affected states due to floods. So far, at least 138 people have been killed and 89,333 have been displaced in Maharashtra in monsoon related accidents after heavy rains lashed the state and triggered landslides. Within few days, other parts of the country also faced the flood consequences on the top of Covid-19 and there's a huge loss of mankind and complete devastation. But, who's responsible for all this? It's us, humans. We have destroyed and endangered nature in all ways. Due to global warming, the ice has start melting from the icebergs and the poles and now where will the water go? It's entering the rivers, seas, oceans, and other water bodies and as a result the water bodies are getting flooded and eventually entering human habitation. Land slides too cause due soil erosion and tremendous cutting of trees and animal grazing. As it is rightly said, "Nature is beyond all teaching." It is now teaching us how to take care of it, how to preserve it and how to cherish this it's human tendency to take things granted which are free of cost! We are destroying nature at an unprecedented rate, threatening the survival pf a million species and our nature and eventually ourselves. We need to plant and grow more trees, we need to reduce pollution in all way, endangered species must be taken care of, usage of durable goods, implementing sustainable development and survival, etc are some of the ways. We can't afford further destruction as we need a better future for the upcoming generations.

If this destruction continues further, there will be no signs of mankind rather any species. We have worked and learnt a lot about how our attitudes and habits can impact our environment in a negative way. Our experiences teach us how we can change our attitudes in order to stop or diminish the world's degradation and destruction.

So, in the words of Carl Sagan,

“ Preserve and cherish the pale blue dot, The only home we've ever known.” HEAL THE WORLD; SAVE THE PLANET; SAVE YOUR LIFE!!!

- Krupa Pawar (S.Y. Bcom- C)

Earn money through freelancing as a student.

Many people are doing freelancing in this pandemic as a passive income source from work from home. Whether this is a second- or first-time job, it does not matter because freelancing can be done by anyone willing to put in a couple of hours each day. In this article, I will discuss the basics of freelancing and why it is such an attractive way for many people to work. Essentially, freelance work is being hired by a company or individual to do specific projects. Since you are not an employee, you will receive a certain rate of pay per hour or per project. Freelancers may work for one client at a time or juggle multiple projects to earn as much money as possible. Some freelancers are still looking for a full-time job to support themselves with the passive income produced by freelance.

The lifestyle of a freelancer is relatively easy, especially when you consider the opportunity to make thousands of dollars per month. The most successful freelance workers have developed ways to be more productive and stay on track with clients.

Freelancing need skills. As a student you can earn money by freelancing various skills like social media marketing, video editing, digital art, graphic designing, photo editing, animation, transcribing, writing articles and blogs, content writing, SEO making, website building, by making business card and invitation cards, voiceover and many more skills are available to do. And people pay for it as per your demand. Many students might have learned some of above mentioned skills. Use your skill to get monetize.

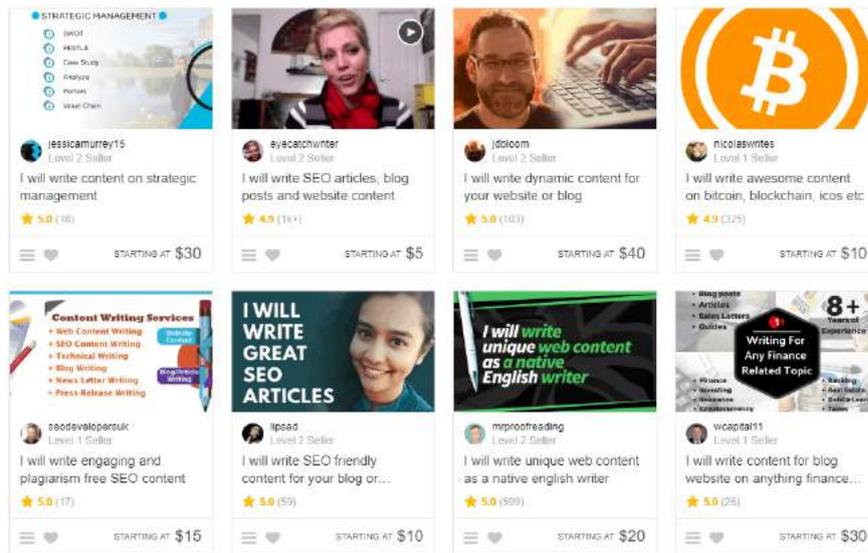
You might have a question that where can we sell our services?

It is pretty simple and have so many platforms available. I have mentioned top 10 freelancing platforms below. All these platforms are available in website form. Below mentioned platforms are most famous and have very good engagement of clients.

1. Fiverr
2. Upwork
3. Freelancer
4. People Per Hour
5. Guru
6. Toptal
7. Flexjobs
8. 99designs
9. Simply hired
10. LinkedIn

Fiverr is most popular among all platforms.

Here is some information about fiverr so you can start your freelancing journey. It connects freelancers and businesses digitally and has an impressive, comprehensive assortment of professional service offerings with over 250 categories. On this website, freelancers post the amount they can offer, and clients can search for them and give them the project. Fiverr pays comparatively higher than Upwork, and they charge \$1 for \$5 gig or 20%.



Here usually, every single job costs \$5 in which you can find writers, photographers, video creators, web designers, and other such work done. It is a good launching pad for entry-level freelancers, and they can earn a decent amount of money depending on the projects they get. If you wish to render digital services, then you would have to create a seller profile. After that, you require to make a gig and give all the information the clients might need to decide whether to work with you or not. For attracting more clients, you can also add a video to your gig.

Let's first understand what is a gig? So a GIG is basically a post in which you add your service to sell on freelancing platform. A gig includes name of your service, picture or video of your service description of your service and the price you want to demand for your service. A better gig attracts more clients.

-Samarth Rahatwal
[SYBcom/C]

India's trade deficit China dips to USD 44 billion in 2020-21

India's trade deficit with China has declined from USD 53.57 billion in 2018-19 to USD 44.02 billion in 2020-21, Minister of State for Commerce and Industry Anupriya Patel stated the fact. Exports to China has increased to USD 21.19 billion in 2020-21 from USD 16.61 billion in 2019-20, Patel said in a written reply to the Rajya Sabha. Exports were USD 16.75 billion in 2018-19. Imports from China during 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 were worth USD 70.32 billion, USD 65.26 billion and USD 65.21 billion, respectively In a separate reply, she said the decline in India's export of automobiles, including cars, is largely due to global economic slowdown and supply chain disruptions due to Covid-19 pandemic. India's trade deficit with China narrowed last calendar year as exports rose 16.15% to \$20.25 billion, led by iron and steel, aluminium and copper, while imports shrunk 10.87% to \$66.78 billion.

The country's trade deficit with China fell to \$45.91 billion from \$56.95 billion in 2019, officials said. Shipments to China crossed \$20 billion for the first time even as exports of mangoes, fish oil, grapes and tea declined.

China was India's largest trade partner, according to India's official data for April-December FY21. In order to reduce its dependence on imports, especially for non-essential and low-quality goods particularly from China, India has launched production-linked incentive scheme to promote domestic manufacturing, mandated local content in public procurement, restricted and prohibited certain imports, put in place quality control orders, and launched a series of anti-dumping probes It has also tightened the scrutiny of imports that make their way through free trade agreement partners. Besides, 24 focus sectors have been identified in which the country is keen to become self-reliant.

As per the official, India is now the fourth largest exporter of iron ore, and iron and steel to China and the fifth largest exporter of aluminium and its products to China.

"The exports growth maybe healthy but most of our exports to China have been of primary goods and raw materials while imports have been largely intermediate and finished goods," said a Delhi-based trade expert. "The trade imbalance can't be corrected till this trend changes."

- Omkar Redkar (S.Y. Bcom-C)



https://bsmedia.business-standard.com/media-handler.php?mediaPath=https://bsmedia.business-standard.com/_media/bs/img/article/2021-04/15/full/1618429652-9529.jpg&width=1200

AROUND THE GLOBE

AFGHANISTAN TALIBAN CRISIS REACHED IT'S PEAK

"Afghanistan, not a collapse of city but a collapse of thousands of dreams, culture, history and people." statement given by resident of Afghanistan summed the whole chaotic situation in Afghanistan.

The whole collapse started on 15 of August when the Taliban declared victory after Afghan President Ashraf Ghani fled and his government collapsed.

The militants' return to rule brings an end to almost 20 years of a US-led coalition's presence in the country. Kabul was the last major city in Afghanistan to fall to a Taliban offensive that began in May of this years but accelerated in recent days as they gained control of territories, shocking many observers. This fall witnessed a great devastation of people's hope who are now desperate to make escape from the country.

Many thronged the runway, running alongside a moving military transporter aircraft as it prepared for take-off.

A remarkable picture from Sunday appears to show 640 Afghans packed onboard a US military cargo plane leaving Kabul for Qatar. Panicked civilians had scrambled up the loading ramp but the crew decided it was best to take off rather than force the Afghans off.

Struggle was long for Afghans as ruffle between Us and Taliban had it's roots rooted deep down. The United States invasion of Afghanistan occurred after the September 11 attacks in late 2001. Its public aims were to dismantle al-Qaeda and deny it a safe base of operations in Afghanistan by removing the Taliban from power. US President George W. Bush demanded that the Taliban hand over Osama bin Laden and expel al-Qaeda; bin Laden had already been wanted by the FBI since 1998. The US and its allies rapidly drove the Taliban from power by December 17, 2001, and built military bases near major cities across the country. Most al-Qaeda and Taliban members were not captured, escaping to neighboring Pakistan. India is supposedly to get affected by Taliban rule in Afghanistan. India was known to be a great helper to Afghani government to maintain democracy and law and order in the country. The Indian Government has not yet issued any statement to evacuate the Afghans but it has successfully evacuated Indian nationals and embassies on 15 of August.

The major issue facing by the Indian Government are bringing down the Indian Nationals. On Sunday, an Air India flight was able to fly out carrying 129 passengers from Kabul to Delhi. Another problem is to help the Afghans to leave the country. The strategic response is also equally important to this situation.

The Chinese Government in a statement said that they are willing to develop friendly relations with the Taliban thus supporting the Taliban government.

AFP reported. "China respects the right of the Afghan people to independently determine their own destiny and is willing to continue to develop... friendly and cooperative relations with Afghanistan," foreign ministry spokeswoman Hua Chunying said, as per AFP.

- Omkar Redkar (S.Y Bcom-C)



THE SPORTS PRESS



https://www.google.com/search?q=olympic+logo+2021&sxsrf=ALeKk02Z0eh2kyjRAkYPd6iUR0WxLaABhw:1629795998775&ibm=isch&source=iu&ictx=1&fir=eNm9j8MtLBMraM%252CbfeAw1pYUbHn3M%252C_&vet=1&usq=AI4_-kQNcaefkL6iBbfd_QpOqFQZPrIGeg&sa=X&ved=2ahUKEwjLmcCcp8nyAhXQfX0KHQEDBeEQ9QF6BAGUEAE&biw=1536&bih=664#imgrc=eNm9j8MtLBMraM

The 2020 Summer Olympics is an multi national sports event commenced on 23 of August with some preliminary events starting on 21 of July in Tokyo ,Japan

Tokyo was selected as the host city to conduct the Mega sports event. Originally scheduled to take place from 24 July to 9 August 2020, the event was postponed to 2021 in March 2020 as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, the first such instance in the history of the Olympic Games. It was largely held behind closed doors with no public spectators permitted due to the declaration of a state of emergency in the Greater Tokyo Area in response to the pandemic.

The United States topped the medal count by both total golds (39) and total medals (113), with China finishing second by both respects (38 and 88). Host nation Japan finished third, setting a record for the most gold medals and total medals ever won by their delegation at an Olympic Games with 27 and 58. Great Britain finished fourth, with a total of 22 gold and 65 medals, becoming the first nation at the Summer Olympics to increase or equal their total medals won in the two Games subsequent to hosting them. The Russian delegation competing as the ROC finished fifth with 20 gold medals and third in the overall medal count, with 71 medals. Bermuda, the Philippines and Qatar won their first-ever Olympic gold medals. Burkina Faso, San Marino and Turkmenistan won their first-ever Olympic medals. India ranked 48 in the overall medal count by a country.

The event hold something different for India. What was not happened in the history of India was destined to be happen this year. The first medal in athletic event was bagged by India this year. The credit goes to new sensation Neeraj Chopra who bagged the highest honor by winning the Gold medal in Javellion throw. Neeraj Chopra dedicated this medal to late Milkha Singh Ji was always dreamt to win a gold medal for India and a gold medal is the greatest tribute one can give to him. The moment would be held in great esteem by Indians to cherish in coming years. India also progressed as a country by producing quality players and also by medal count.



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The event was quite a hit. A great sportsmanship spirit along with greatest competitiveness was witnessed around the World. The Olympics ended on 8 of August. The motto of "United by Emotions" is well and true is demonstrated by the Games.

- Omkar Redkar (S.Y. Bcom- C)

WANDERLUST

The Travel Article

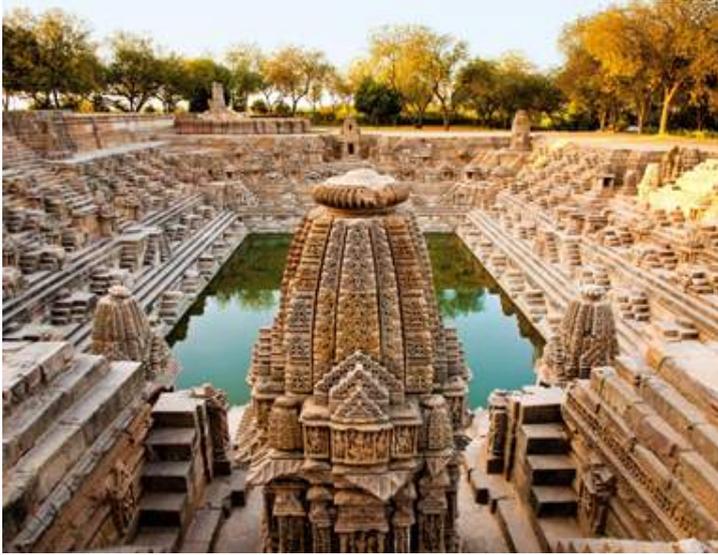
Wanderlust' a strong desire or impulse to travel and explore the world. Have you ever felt homesick for a place you have never been too? I have, for places I've never been, places I dream to visit which is why I am writing this travelling article. The world consists of so many intoxicating places one can venture to and these articles contains some of them. Travelling to places doesn't just mean visiting there, travelling is a passion where one finds himself, it's a soul search which we crave. It is when we take a break from our monotonous life and wander to discover the beauty mother Earth has. The treasure she has, to adore and be amazed by the wonders of the earth.

They say Travelling leaves you speechless and then turns you into a story teller. And this is my story to tell.



INDIA WEST & SOUTH DISCOVERED

They say you can never travel too much and when you've got a place like India a single article will never be enough. So, continuing on the journey to discover India we've now come towards the southern part of India. Famous for its culture, beauty, richness and heritage southern India holds a special place for tourists as one of the most visited areas. Be it the beaches or the backwaters India has got a little bit of everything and that something is what we're going to discover today.



(<https://www.outlookindia.com/outlooktraveller//public/uploads/2018/07/Sun-Temple-Kund-Modhera-Gujarat.jpg>)

1. Sun Temple – Modhera (Gujarat)

Located away from the city The Sun Temple in Modhera is an ideal destination for people who take interest in ancient India and its monuments. In the peace and quiet lies the Sun temple known for its complex structure with its history which dates back to the Chaulukya dynasty after 1026-27 CE during the reign of Bhima I. Another such example of India's rich heritage example is the Rani-ki-Vav located in Patan which is a seven-level stepwell and a must-see destination.

2. Gir National Park – (Gujarat)

Also known as Sasan Gir, the Gir national park is a wild forest famous for being the only natural habitat of the world's popular Asiatic Lions. The forest of Gir national park is dry and deciduous which provides the best natural habitat for them. The Gir forest is also known for the Chowsingha – the world's only four-horned antelope. The forest also is a home to more than 200 species of birds. The national park has a safari too where you can watch all the natural flora and fauna the park holds.



(https://www.girnationalpark.in/images/jungle_safari.jpg)

3. Kamshet – (Maharashtra)

Located in Lonavala near Pune in Maharashtra, Kamshet is known as the paragliding capital of India. Enclosed by the Western Ghats and the Sahyadri ranges, Kamshet stores a treasure of flora and fauna. Kamshet is one of the best paragliding spots in India owing to its perfect weather and highly suitable topography. Some of the best paragliding spots here are Shinde Wadi Hills, Tower Hill, Shelar, and Kondeshwar Cliff. And along with the paragliding, you can also go zip-lining at the Pawna lake and participate in cave exploring activities at the Bhairi caves.





(<https://www.mtdc.co.in/wp-content/uploads/2019/11/1535608811-sindhudurg-fort.jpg>)

4. Sindhudurg – (Maharashtra)

If you are one in search of India's history the Sindhudurg fort is one for you. Filled with stories of valor it is located at half a kilometer away from the Malvan fort in the Sindhudurg district and was built in the waters of the sea it is also known as the Fort of the Sea. This fort was the Naval headquarters of the Marathas. Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj built this fort to safeguard the marine border from the northern rule it took three years along with 100 Portuguese architects and 3000 work force. One can travel by boat to the fort then entering through the Dilli Darwaja also known as the main gate because to the clever architecture the Darwaja is only visible when one goes close to the forts otherwise seeming a part of the walls. Apart from the fort one can also visit the Tarkarli Beach known for its water sports activities and taste the amazing Malvani cuisine.



(<https://img.etimg.com/thumb/msid-62660530,width-640,resizemode-4,imgsize-459458/ajanta-and-ellora-caves.jpg>)

5. Ajanta-Ellora Caves – (Maharashtra)

About 107 km from the city of Aurangabad in Maharashtra lies the architectural marvel the Ajanta – Ellora caves. The caves are an outstanding example of the earliest Buddhist, Jain and Hindu architecture, cave paintings and arts. There are over 100 caves here out of which 34 of them are open for tourists the caves are made as such that they symbolise the harmony between the three diverse religions and cultures. The artistic structures and delicate designs would leave anyone in awe of them and has continued to attract pilgrims and tourists for centuries and would continue to do so.



(<https://www.picnicwale.com/attractions/assets/sightseeing/goa-baga-beach.jpg>)

6. Baga Beach – (Goa)

On our next stop we travel somewhere relaxing, somewhere calm but funky. What better than Goa! Everyone's absolute favourite holiday destination. Covered with beaches and awesome weather for tourists Goa gives a lot to travellers. Baga Beach located in north Goa is also known as 'The Hometown of Night'. From crazy music celebrations to mouth watering foods to designer shops and adventure sports it's got a little bit of everything. You can also spot Dolphins when you go sightseeing deeper into the oceans. One of the must try is the Goan Cuisine complete with fish curries and white rice.



(<https://openthemagazine.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/01/Hampi1.jpg>)

8. Nagarhole national park – (Karnataka)

Formerly used as a hunting ground for the royal families of Mysore, Karnataka. Naga meaning snake meanwhile hole meaning streams. It's also known as Rajiv Gandhi National Park. The forest later became a protective tiger reserve and a national park and became open for tourists and travellers. Kabini is a smaller part of Nagarhole which derived its name from the River Kabini is also tourist attraction for the wild flora and fauna. While visiting Nagarhole forest one can spot variety of animals like Bengal Tigers, panthers, Indian elephants, gaurs, wild dogs, leopards which are quite known for making an appearance to the tourists, you can also be lucky to see golden jackals, sloth bears, striped hyenas, spotted deer, barking deer, sambhar and wild boars. There are also a number of birds and reptiles living in the wild reserve



(https://miro.medium.com/max/1280/0*Cx-FXiUmlFCwMh_a.jpg)

9. Meenakshi Temple – Madurai (Tamil Nadu)

One of the most visited temples of the south, The Meenakshi temple isn't just a religious place but a marvel filled with the history of India's art and architecture. The temple is dedicated to Goddess Meenakshi and receives more than 10,000 devotees everyday and even more in the special Chithirai Festival, also known as Chithirai Thiruvizha, Meenakshi Kalyanam or Meenakshi Thirukalyanam, which is an annual Tamil Hindu celebration during the month of April. A place unlike any other this 2500 years old temple is one of the most complex structures mankind has seen. The Meenakshi Temple has a pond called 'Porthamarai Kulam' or 'The Golden Lotus Pond' in its complex as the pond has lotus which has golden hue.



(<https://img.traveltriangle.com/blog/wp-content/uploads/2018/05/essential-info.jpg>)

7. Hampi – (Karnataka)

Declared as the world heritage site Hampi attracts travellers for the ruins that stand in the town. The capital of the Vijayanagar empire which was one of the largest Hindu empires of India ruled by King Krishnadevraya Hampi which flourished during that time now lays in ruins as a witness of its history. Now if you are one for historical essence Hampi is the place for you!



(<https://dynamic-media-cdn.tripadvisor.com/media/photo-o/0e/21/2b/15/4-night-andaman-islands.jpg?w=500&h=300&s=1>)

10. Andaman (Andaman & Nicobar Islands)

Are you the one for adventure, yes? Then the Andaman Islands are the one for you. These islands are a tropical paradise from amazing beaches to sea diving it's got all. There are more than 300 islands but only a few open to tourists to maintain the natural habitat and the safety of both tourists and the tribals. Andaman has more to offer than one can think off. Awarded with the title of Asia's best beach the Radhanagar beach with the calm blue waters provides the best escape from the chaos of life. The islands also provide different water sports for adventure lovers like diving, snorkelling, fishing and boat rides. You can also see the Cellular jails which were made by the British which were also known as Kala Pani situated in the island Port Blair.

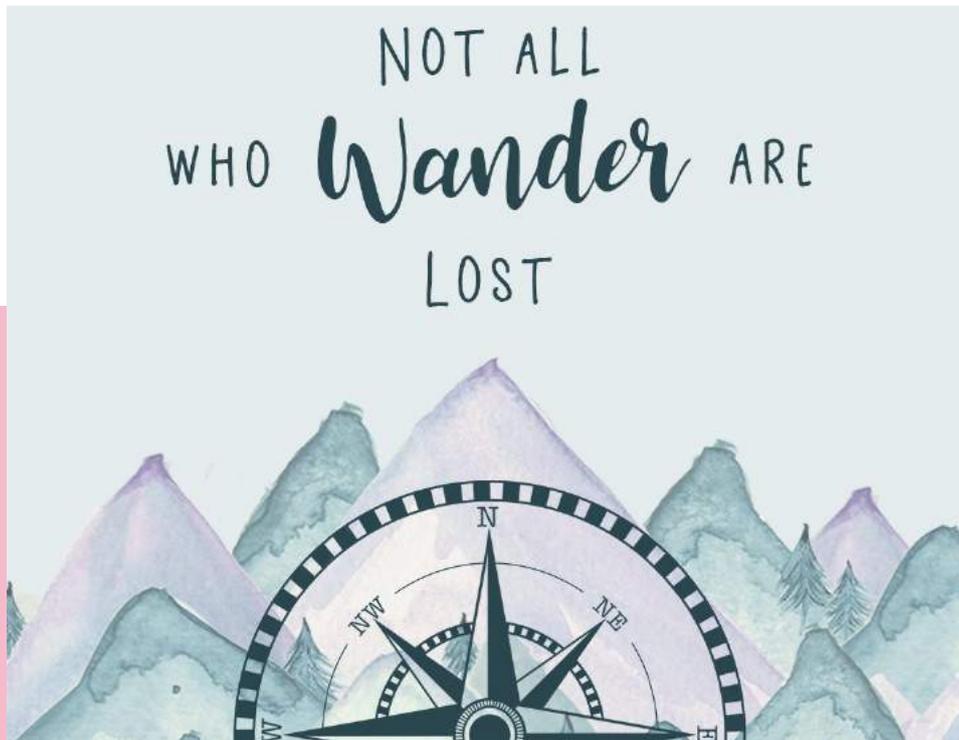
11. Alleppey Backwaters- (Kerela)

Kerela, the southern state of India and when one thinks of Kerela the first image that shows up in our minds are tasty coconuts, beaches and peaceful backwaters. One such place is the Alleppey known for its backwaters and houseboats you can stay overnights in such boats and enjoy the pleasant beauty of the place. And while there one cannot simply miss the houseboat cruises along the Vembanad Lake.



(<https://media-cdn.tripadvisor.com/media/photo-s/1a/5a/71/4e/caption.jpg>)

Often referred to as the Subcontinent of South Asia India is a vast land of diversity with thousands of languages, regions, cultures, arts and people still a one when time calls. Be it ancient monuments and its history or the Ayurveda or the spices India is a top attraction for all the tourists local and international. A unique land of breath-taking views India manages to bring everyone in awe no matter how many times a person visits it. Making India so Incredible.



*- SHARVI SAWANT
'WANDERLUST'*

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