SYB. 6M

Additional Eseam A.F.M., Sem-III

SEAT NO.

CODE:

Duration: 3 hours

Marks: 100

Instructions :- (1) All questions are compulsory having internal Options.

(2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

(3) Use of simple calculator is allowed.

(4) Working notes are forming part of answers

Q:1 A)	Match the following	Columns	(Any	10)
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Column B
a) Separate Current A/c is not opened
b) Included in Purchase Consideration
c) New Firm
d) Liability
e) Preferential Liability
f) Secured Creditors
g) Debited to Profit & Loss Appropriation
A/c
h) Old Firm
i) Will be settled by old firm
j) Separate A/c called as partner's capital
A/c is opened
k) Contingent Liability
1) Closing Stock

Q:1 B) State whether following statements are True or False (Any 10)

1) Partners are entitled to get salary.

- In a piecemeal distribution, the amounts realized from assets are used to pay first the outside loans and then the realisation expenses.
- 3) After amalgamation of firms, assets and liabilities of old firms get recorded at their realisable values.
- 4) Interest on capital of partner is debited to Profit & Loss Appropriation Account.
- 5) Purchase consideration = Taken over assets less taken over external liabilities both at market value.
- 6) After all the outside liabilities are paid off, the internal liabilities i.e., the partner's loans are paid off in the next stage.
- 7) In excess capital method the base capital is equal to the lowest unit capital.
- 8) Sleeping partner is one who takes active part in the conduct of business.
- 9) If the purchase consideration is less than the value of the net assets taken over, the difference is credited to capital reserve in the books of the company which has taken over a firm.
- 10) In case of sale of firm to a company, all the present partners will become directors of the company.
- 11) Gains and losses on realisation in an amalgamation are divided equally among partners.
- 12) Excess capital method is also known as highest relative capital method.

CODE:

Duration: 3 hours

Marks: 100

20

Q:2 Answer (a) or (b) of the following:

- a) The following figures were extracted from the books of a partnership firm, having partners Sun, Moon & Star. They share profit & losses in the ratio 2:2:1.
 - Following is the Trial Balance as on 31st March, 2023

Particulars	Debit (Rs)	Credit (Rs)
Sun's Drawings & Capital	90,000	4,14,000
Moon's Drawings & Capital	27,000	54,000
Star's Drawings & Capital	54,000	1,80,000
Gross Profit		3,65,400
Salaries	99,000	
Sundry Expenses	72,000	
Postage & Telegram	; 36,000	
Dividend Received		39,600
Investments	75,000	
Cash at Bank	4,95,000	
Plant & Machinery	1,35,000	
Creditors	2	30,000
TOTAL	10,83,000	10,83,000

The partnership deed provides the following information:

'Sun' died on 1st January, 2023 and it was agreed that his executor should be paid such an amount so as to leave behind Rs 7,20,000 which should be paid an interest @ 8% p.a. Amount was paid to Sun's Executor but no entry was passed in the books for this. Also interest is to be paid on capital @ 12% p.a. on opening balance. The deceased partner shall be entitled to his share of Goodwill which is calculated at one and a half years purchase of the average profits of the preceding four years. The profits of the preceding four years ended on 31^{st} March, 2019,2020,2021 & 2022 respectively were Rs 250,000, Rs 2,70,000; Rs 2,25,000 & Rs 3,15,000. You are required to prepare final accounts from the above information.

OR

b) Mr. Bhavesh and Mr. Ramesh are Chartered Accountants carrying on practice in partnership and sharing profits & losses of the practice in the ratio of 2:1. On 1/10/2022 they admitted Mr. Mahesh into partnership on his paying Rs 50,000 as goodwill for his 1/5th share in the future profits. The Trail Balance as on 31/03/2023 was as follows:

Debit	Amount (Rs)	Credit	Amount (Rs)
Furniture & Fittings	40,000	Capital Bhavesh	60,000
		Ramesh	40,000
Computer	84,000	Fees earned	4,80,000
Rent	21,600	Clients Deposits	1,10,000
Lighting	1,200	Amount paid in by Mahesh	50,000
Stationery	4,800		
Outstanding fees	80,000		
Drawings Bhavesh	72,000	5	
Ramesh	60,000		
Stipend to Articled clerks	30,000		
Salaries & Wages	60,000		
Cash at Bank	2,86,400		
*	7,40,000		7,40,000

Duration: 3 hours

CODE:

You ascertain that:

- 1) Rent had been increased by Rs 400 per month with effect from 1/10/2022 and that a clerk at Rs 600 per month had been engaged on 1/10/2022.
- 2) Salaries & Wages were outstanding to the extent of Rs 5,000.
- 3) Furniture & Fittings are to be depreciated by 10% and Computer by 25%.

Prepare Final Accounts of the firm for the year ended 31st March, 2023.

Q:3 Answer (a) or (b) of the following:

a) From the following Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 2023 of a Partnership firm, prepare a statement showing piecemeal distribution of cash if the profit sharing ratio between Zain, Sayyed and Danish was 5:3:2 respectively.

Liabilities	Amount (Rs)	Assets	Amount(Rs)
Partner's Capital		Fixed Assets	1,60,000
Zain	77,600	Debtors	1,20,000
Sayyed	40,800	Cash in Hand	19,200
Danish	52,000		
General Reserve	38,400	4	8
Sayyed's Loan	42,400		2 0
Sundry Creditors	48,000		
T	2,99,200		2,99,200

Realisation Expenses were estimated to be Rs 8,000

The assets were realized as under:

1st installment Rs 1,22,560

2nd installment Rs 57,440

3rd installment Rs 30,000

Actual realization expenses were Rs 6,000 only.

OR

b) Nitin, Sunil and Anil are partners and sharing profit and loss in the ratio of 5:3:2. The Balance Sheet of firms as on 31st March 2023 is as follows:

Liabilities	es Rs. Assets			Rs.	
Capital A/c:		Land and Building		2,56,000	
Nitin	1,40,000	Machinery		1,20,000	
Sunil	1,00,000	Investments	× 1	24,000	
Anil	1,20,000	Bills Receivable	- 2	10,400	
Creditors	90,000	Debtors		30,000	
Bills Payable	14,000	Stock		18,000	
Reserve Fund	20,000	Cash		25,600	
	4,84,000			4,84,000	

The business of the firm was taken over by a new company SUN Pvt Ltd on the following conditions:

- 1. Revalued assets are: Machinery Rs 1,60,000, Stock Rs 24,000 and Land and Building Rs 3,20,000.
- 2. Cash and Investment not to be taken over and other assets and liabilities to be considered at book value.
- 3. The company agreed to pay Rs 80,000 as goodwill.

Page 3 of 5

Marks: 100

Duration: 3 hours

Marks: 100

4. The company issued 40,000 Equity Shares of Rs 10 each to be distributed among the partners in their profit sharing ratio and remaining amount was paid in cash.

5. Partners sold investment at Rs 20,000.

Prepare in the books of the firm:

- I. Realisation Account
- II. Partner's Capital Account
- III. New Co.'s Account
- IV. Cash Account

Q:4 Answer (a) or (b) of the following:

a) Following were the Balance Sheets of two firms M/s RK and M/s SK as on 31st March 2023.

Liabilities	M/s RK	M/s SK	Assets	M/s RK	M/s SK
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Capital A/c:			Building	1,60,000	-
Raj	2,50,000	-	Plant and Machinery	2,00,000	1,40,000
Karan	1,50,000	-	Fixtures and Patterns	40,000	28,000
Surya	-	1,28,000	Furniture	24,000	40,000
Kumar	-	88,000	Debtors	1,20,000	1,00,000
Creditors	2,40,000	1,20,000	Stock	1,76,000	84,000
Bills Payable	84,000	72,000	Bank	4,000	16,000
	7,24,000	4,08,000		7,24,000	4,08,000

The Profits and Losses sharing ratio of M/s RK is 3:1 and of M/s SK is equally. The two firms were amalgamated on that date and assets and liabilities were revalued as follows:

- 1) Building was appreciated by 20% but Plant and Machinery of both the firms were to be depreciated by 10%.
- 2) Fixtures and Patterns of M/s RK were revalued at Rs 32,000 that of M/s SK at Rs 40,000.
- 3) 5% Reserve for doubtful debt is to be provided on Debtors of both the firms.
- 4) Creditors were taken over at a discount of 3% of both the firms.
- 5) Furnitures of both the firms were taken at 5% depreciation.
- 6). Other assets and liabilities were taken at book values.

Prepare Realisation Account and Partner's Capital Account in the books of both the firms.

OR

CODE:

Duration: 3 hours

Marks: 100

b) Seeta, Geeta and Meeta are partners sharing profits in the ratio of 2:2:1 respectively. They decided to convert their partnership firm into a joint stock company by the name of SGM Ltd. following is the Balance Sheet on the date of conversion.

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
<u>Capital A/c:</u> Seeta Geeta Meeta General Reserve Bills Payable Sundry Creditors	6,00,000 4,00,000 2,00,000 48,000 12,000 1,92,000	Building	$\begin{array}{c c} 2,40,000\\ 1,60,000\\ 1,00,000\\ 20,000\\ 2,40,000\\ 2,08,000\\ 84,000\\ 4,00,000\\ \end{array}$
	14,52,000		14,52,000

SGM Ltd took over the following assets and liabilities

Building	Rs 4,00,000
Plant and Machinery	Rs 1,20,000
Furniture	Rs 20,000
Stock	Rs 3,00,000
Goodwill	Rs 1,04,000

CODE:

Create 5% Reserve for Doubtful Debt.

The company has also agreed to take over Sundry Creditors at Rs 1,80,000. The purchase consideration was discharged by the issue of sufficient number of Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid at par.

The firm sold investment for Rs 1,00,000 and paid Bills Payable fully.

Motor Van was taken over by Seeta at book value.

The firm paid Realisation Expenses Rs 40,000.

Purchase Consideration was distributed amongst the partners as per their proportionate capital as at the end.

You are required to prepare:

- I. Realisation Account
- II. Partner's Capital Account
- III. Bank Account

Q:5 Answer (a) or (b) of the following:

- (a) Answer the following:(Ten marks each)
- I) Explain the methods of purchase consideration in case of amalgamation of firms.

II) Explain the advantages of conversion of a firm into a Limited Company.

-+, -1 OR

(b) Answer the following: (any four) (Five marks each)

- I) Amalgamation of firms
- II) Fixed and Fluctuating Capital Method
- III) What are the problems to be dealt with on amalgamation of firms?
- IV) Explain Settlement of Liabilities in Piecemeal distribution of cash
- V) Interest on capital and Interest on drawings
- VI) Realisation Account

Page 5 of 5

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Advertising Sem IN Additional Rovi Dec 203E SYBCOM

10

Duration: 3 Hours Marks: 100 CODE: Instructions :- (1) All questions are compulsory having internal options. (2) Figures to the right indicate full marks. A) Select the most appropriate answer from the option given below (Any Ten) Marks **Q:1** 1) Marketing Collateral is one of the elements of b) Public relation Communication a) Advertising d) IMC c) 2) The printing press was invented in 1438 by ______ and it gives foundation for print advertising. b) Abraham Lincoln Johannes Gutenberg a) d) Volney Palmer William Caxton c) 3) Pompeii was an ancient Roman city, where advertising was available in the form of b) Painting a) Printing d) Engraving Broadcasting c) 4) Advertisement of "India Today" is one the types of _____ advertising. b) Internet Newspaper a) d) Magazine Broadcasting c) is a formal presentation also known in the industry as a "shootout." 5) b) Creative brief Creative pitch a) d) Dubbing Animation c) produced the first full length animated feature film, 'Snow White and 6) the Seven Dwarfs'. b) Walt Disney Émile Cohl a) d) Charles-Émile McCay's c) is creating near monopoly situation in the Due to perfect advertising, 7) market. b) Safola a) Liril d) Nokiya Colgate c) advertising. "Officer choice water" advertising is a 8) b) Bait Puffery a) False statistic d) Surrogate c) phrase which later use in advertising, 'Pro Bono Publico' is one of the 9) b) French Latin a) d) American Greek c) In the acronym AIDA, F. C. Coolsen included "C" means_ 10) Connection b) Conviction a) d) Creativity Comment c) advertising is one of the types of green advertising. 11) b) Water fall Water save a) d) Water give Water drop c) Suzuki Access 125 ad picturise on aliens, it is an example of _____ execution 12)

Life style

Testimonials

style.

a)

c)

Slice-of-Life b) Fantasy **d**)

	CO	DE: Duration: 3 Hours	Marks: 100	a
Q:1	B)	State whether the following statements are True or False (Any 10)	ordo	10
	1)	Advertising has taken from the Latin word "ad vertere" means to turn mind tow	alus.	
	2)	The first advertising agency was opened by Volney B. Palmer in 1841. In 1911, The Associated Advertising Club (AAC) was established for the	code of	
	3)		coue of	
		ethics in advertising. 'Graphic design" first coined by William Addison Dwiggins in 1922.		
	4)	Payment By Result (PBR) is one of the important methods in agency compensa	tion	
	5) 6)	Dubbing is the post production process of recording and replacing voices for a	motion	
	0)	picture or TV soundtrack.	motion	
	7)	Advertising cost is one of the important elements of distribution cost.		
	8)	Save the Tiger by Aircel is an advertising showing healthy outlook.		
	9)	The full form of DAVP is Directorate of Advertising and Video Policy.		
	10)	Advocacy advertising relates with these three issues i.e. Politics, technolo	ogy and	
	10)	competition.		
	11)	Corporate image is also called competitive ad when it has taken any issues rega	rding	
	,	corporate image.		
	12)	An advertising agency "Dentsu" is basically from Washington.		
	,			
		and the second se		
0:2	Ansv	ver Any Two of the following		15
x	a)	Which are the important elements of IMC? Explain briefly.		
		Explain briefly pre-printing and early printing periods under the evolu	ition of	
	,	advertising.		
	c)	Elucidate the various types of Transit and Ariel Advertising.		
Q:3	Ansv	ver Any Two of the following		15
•	a)	Describe the various features of advertising agency.		
	b)	How to avoid client turnover in advertising agencies? Explain.		
	c)	Elaborate freelancing career options of advertising.		
Q:4	Ansv	ver Any Two of the following		15
-	a)	What is consumer product price? explain it with the help of illustrat explanation.	ion and	
	b)	Elaborate the negative influence of advertising on Indian values.		
	b)	What is a role of Advertising Standard Council of India?		
	c)	what is a fole of Advertising Standard Council of India?		
Q:5	Ansu	ver Any Two of the following		15
Q.5	a)	Explain the process of managing brand crisis.		
		What is rural advertising? Explain the features of rural advertising?		
	c)	Discuss on the top advertising agencies of India.		
	c)	Discuss on the top we containing againste of future.		
Q:6	Writ	e notes on Any Four out of Six		20
	a)	Features of Advertising,		
	b)	Structure of advertising agency.		
	c)	Agency compensation.		
	d)	Advertising creates monopoly.		
	e)	Communication process in advertising.		
	f)	Types of green advertising	19 21 - 24	
-	3	XXXX	6	
5			25	

Page 2 of 2

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30-11-2023

SEAT NO.

CODE:

Business Law Duration: 3 Hours

SYB. Com, Sem- III

Marks: 100

Instructions :- (1) All questions are compulsory with internal choice. (2) Support your answers with relevant case laws or illustrations. (3) Figures to the right indicate marks.

Additional Beam

20 Q:1 Attempt any two of the following: a) Explain the meaning of agreement and contract and further elaborate the essentials of 10 valid contract. b) Explain the meaning of acceptance and legal rules of valid acceptance. 10 c) Explain the doctrine of privity of contract and its exceptions if any with suitable case 10 laws or illustrations. d) Explain the meaning of proposal and various modes of revocation of proposal. 10 20 Q:2 Attempt any two of the following: a) Write a detailed note on mistake with relevant case laws or illustrations under Indian 10 Contract Act. b) Explain the concept of contingent contract and distinguish between contingent contract 10 and wagering agreement. "Agreement in restraint of trade is void." Comment on the statement. 10 c) d) Explain the provisions with regards to performance of contract based on (i) obligation of 10 parties to contract (ii) by whom the contract must be performed (iii) time and place of performance (iv) performance of reciprocal promises (v) appropriation of payment. 20 Q:3 Attempt any two of the following: 10 a) Explain the various types of agents under the Indian Contract Act. b) Explain the meaning and essentials of contract of indemnity. What are the rights of the 10 indemnity holder? 10 Explain the rights and duties of bailee. c) 10 d) Write a detailed note on pledge by non-owner. 20 Q:4 Attempt any two of the following: 10 a) Distinguish between Sale and Agreement to Sell. b) Explain the concept of condition and warranty. Distinguish between condition and 10 warranty. Explain the circumstances when condition may be treated as warranty. 10 Write a detailed note on Sale by Auction. c) d) Explain the concept of goods based on meaning, types and effect of destruction of goods. 10 20 Q:5. Attempt any two of the following: a) Explain the meaning and essentials of Bill of Exchange. Distinguish between Promissory 10 Note and Bill of Exchange. 10 b) Explain the meaning and characteristics of Negotiable Instrument. c) Explain the meaning and essentials of cheque under Negotiable Instrument Act, 1881. 10 d) Explain the law relating to dishonour of cheque with relevant amendments under 10 Negotiable Instrument Act, 1881.

5 12/2023

Bus - Economics Duration:3 Hours

CODE:

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SYB. 60 m, Sem - III-Additional Eream

Marks: 100

Instructions: - (1) All questions are compulsory having internal options. (2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q:1	A)	Explain the following concepts (Any Fig	ve)		10
	1)	Open Economy			
	2)	Gross National Product			
	3)	Effective Demand		16	
	4)	Paradox of thrift		g d ^{al} o	
	5)	Stagflation			
	6)	IS Curve			
	7)	Monetary Policy			
	8)	Cost Push Inflation			
Q:1	B)	Choose the correct answer from the giv	en [:] op	ptions and rewrite the statements.	10
	1)	Which of the following measurement i among its residents.	ndica	ate distribution of national income	
		a) GDP	b)	GNP	
		c) Per capita income	d)	NNP	
	2)	According to which of the following econ			
	-)	a) J.M.Keynes		J.B.Say	
		c) A.C.Pigou		Paul Samuelson's	2
	3)	· ·	/		
	5)	a) Ministry of Finance		Planning Commission	
	Δ	c) Central Statistical Organisation		SEBI	
	4)	Marginal Propensity to Consume is alway		De sitisse hast success these sees	
		a) Positive but less than one		Positive but greater than one	
	5)	c) Equal to one	d)	Equal to zero	
	5)	According to Keynes in order to rai aggregate	se e	mployment, we have to increase	
		a) Supply	b)	Output	
		c) Demand	d)	None of the above	
	6)	"The General Theory of Employment, Inte	erest	and Money" was written by	
	,	a) Adam Smith	b)		
		c) Paul Samelson	d)	Alfred Marshall	
	7)	The IS curve represents	/	7	
		a) Money Market	b)	Capital Market	
		c) Goods Market	d)	Labour Market	
	8)	In the long run, the Phillips curve slopes			
	•)	a) Vertical Straight	b)	Horizontal straight	
		c) Downward slopping		None of the above	
	9)	Demand for transaction motive and			
)	upon	preez		
		a) Level of Income	b)	Rate of Inflation	
		c) Investment	d)	Tax rate	
	10)	Fisher's equation of quantity theory of mo	ney i		
		a) $MV = PT$	b)	MP = PV	24 14
		c) $MP = PB$. d)	MB = KT	
				¥ 6. 2	0.2540

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		SEAT NO	
	COI	DE: Duration:3 Hours	Marks: 100
Q:2	Ansv	ver any two of the following:	20
	a)	What is Macro Economics? Explain the scope of Macro Economics.	
	b)	Discuss the relationship between national income and economic welfare.	
	c)	What is trade cycle? Describe the various phases of trade cycle with the h diagram.	elp of
0:3	Ansy	ver any two of the following:	20
		Explain Aggregate demand function and Aggregate supply function.	20
		What is Marginal Efficiency of Capital? How it is calculated?	
	c)	Define investment multiplier. Explain the working of the investment multiplie	er.
Q:4	Ansv	ver any two of the following:	20
	a)	How do you derive LM curve? Explain the shifting of LM curve.	
	b)	Explain the tradeoff between inflation and unemployment with the help of run Phillips curve.	` short
	c)	Explain Laffer curve with the help of diagram.	
0.5	Ansu	ver any two of the following:	20
2.0		What is money supply? Discuss the determinants of money supply.	20
•	b)	Illuminate the different liquidity motives given by keynes influencing the de	mand
	~)	for money with suitable diagram.	manu
	c)	Elaborate the effects of inflation.	
	•)	XX	

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SY SEMITT Additional exam Nov/Dec 2023 Bis Mgnit Duration: 3 hours SEAT NO.

CODE:

Marks: 100

Instructions :- (1) All questions are compulsory having internal options. (2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q:1	A)	Cho	oose the correct answer from th	e options giv	ven below (Any 10) 10
3K	1)		is a process of identifying co	nsumers' nee	eds and wants.
		a)	Marketing		Management
		c)	Selling	d)	Exchange
	2)	Pro	fessional business firm maintain	sdepart	ment to handle complaints and
		grie	evances and suggestions from the	general publ	ic.
		a)	Public Relations	b)	Advertising
		c)	Sales	d)	Logistics
	3)		marketing is a process that	directs the flo	ow of goods, services and other
		reso	ources from one country to anoth	er.	
		a)		: b)	Domestic
		c)	Internal		Macro
	4)	Ma	rketing strategy is a orie	nted plan.	
	-,	a)	Past	b)	Future
		a	Unrealistic	d)	Rigid
4	5)	•)	marketing audit is a systema	tic and object	tive review and appraisal of an
	3)	org	anization's entire marketing effo	ert.	
			External	b)	Internal
		á	Situational	d)	Environmental
	6)		the entry barrier arethen the	ne potential e	entrants may find it difficult to
	0)		ter the market.	r	-
			Low	b)	High
			Moderate	d)	-
	7	c)	e main aim of is to cre	ate a distinct	t image in the minds of target
	1)			ato a atomio	
			stomers.	b)	Production
			Development		Placing
	0)		Product positioning	e that a proc	luct's sales and profits over its
	8)			e mai a proc	
			etime.	b)	Product branding
			Product pricing	d)	
	-	c)	Product Life Cycle	u)	the marketer can go ahead for
	9)	lt	the result of test marketing a	e positive,	the marketer can ge another set
				b)	Concept testing
		a)		d)	~
		c)	Commercialization	u) 	tota in pricing decisions of the
	10))	Objectives often play a	i important i	ole in pricing decisions of the
		-	overnment and NGOs.	4 50 L)	Penetration
		a)		b)	
		c	Business	(d)	- to influence buying decision of
	11)) D	uring recession, marketers may	the price	s to influence buying decision of
		CC	onsumers.	• .	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		a)	Rise	b)	
		c)	Expand	ď	Reduce
9 B	12) In	case of pricing , higher	price is fixe	d to find out the reaction of the
	a 9.	. bı	uyer towards the price.	2 A 8 B	
s æ	S	a)		b	
		c)		d) Probe
	8	-)			
			Page 1 c	of 2	

CODE:

Duration: 3 hours

10

15

15

15

15

 $\mathbf{20}$

Q:1

B) State whether following statements are True or False (Any 10)

- 1) The socio- cultural elements influence the buying decisions of the members of a society.
- 2) Economic policies have an effect on the working of business.
- 3) Saturation of developed markets contribute to the growth of marketing to the BOP.
- 4) The bargaining power of suppliers have an effect on the position of the firms in the industry.
- 5) A strategic group is a group of firms that follows more or less the same strategy.
- 6) The analysis of strength and weaknesses of the competitors enable a firm to attack certain competitor.
- 7) The company can differentiate its marketing offering on the basis of only product dimensions.
- 8) During the Decline stage of PLC, the company may increase product pricing to earn more profit.
- 9) The distribution channel of industrial goods involves more level.
- 10) In case of super value strategy, high quality product is sold at low price.
- 11) The main objective of penetration pricing strategy is to earn high profit during product introduction.
- 12) Low prices and poor quality of products get higher position in the market.

Q:2 Answer any two of the following:

- a) Explain the meaning and nature of marketing.
- b) Elaborate in brief macro external environment of business.
- c) Discuss the emerging marketing opportunities with respect to marketing to growing middle class.

Q:3 Answer any two of the following:

- a) Explain the steps involved in strategic marketing planning process.
- b) Write a note on SWOT analysis.
- c) Discuss Michel Porter's five forces model.

Q:4 Answer any two of the following:

- a) Explain different types of consumer goods.
- b) Elaborate the various features at every stage of the PLC.
- c) Explain the meaning and importance of product positioning.

Q:5 Answer any two of the following:

- a) What are the different objectives of pricing?
- b) Explain the factors influencing pricing decisions.
- c) What are the steps involved in pricing process?

Q:6 Write Short Notes on (Any 4)

- a) International marketing environment.
- b) Analyzing competition.
- c) Customer value Hierarchy
- d) Pricing method
- e) Importance of marketing management.
- f) Industrial goods

CODE:

Commerce, Duration: 3 hours

SYB. Con, Scm = TT

Additional Esean

Marks: 100

4-12-2023

SEAT NO.

Instructions :- (1) All questions are compulsory having internal options. (2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

A) Choose the correct answer from the options given below (Any 10) 10 **Q:1** "Management is the art of getting things done through people" is stated by _____. 1) b) Harold Koontz Mary Parker Follet a) d) Henry Fayol. Peter Drucker c) 2) The top level manager require more of ______ skills. b) Technical Conceptual a) d) Repair Co-ordination **c**) 3) Dharma in Sanskrit means _____ in life. Progress **b**) Purpose a) . people **d**) Passion c) 4) Planning needs to be _____. b) Flexible Rigid a) d) Difficult Complicated **c**) reflect the purpose and philosophy of the organization. 5) b) Mission Schedule a) d) Procedure Project c) technique is useful to solve problems relating to waiting line or waiting list. 6) b) Queuing Simulation a) d) Pay-off Matrix Game theory c) The objective of the organization must be _____ 7) b) General Common a) d) Complicated Specific c) in the aerospace industry. 8) Matrix organization was first established in _____ b) China India a) d) Japan USA Under line and staff organization structure, _____ executives are the decision c) 9) makers. b) Consultants Staff a) d) Finance Line c) style of leadership aims at creating family atmosphere within the organization. 10) b) Consultative Autocratic a) d) Paternalistic Bureaucratic c) Bonus is one of the _____ factor of motivation. 11) b) Negative Non-monetary a) d) Monetary General c) refers to talking or writing aimlessly without connection of ideas. 12) b) Aiming Tumbling a) d) Rambling Connecting c)

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SEAT NO. CODE: **Duration: 3 hours Marks: 100 Q:1** State whether following statements are True or False (Any 10) B) 10 1) Managers need not encourage initiative on the part of the employees. F.W Taylor is considered as the father of scientific management. 2) Human Relation approach placed emphasis only on industrial productivity. 3) Coordination is concerned with integration of group efforts in an organization. 4) 5) The analysis of internal environment indicates opportunities and threats. 6) MIS is continuous activity. Departmentation is not necessary in an organization. 7) Formal organization comes into existence when two or more people consciously 8) coordinate towards a common goal. 9) Centralization is the tendency to disperse authority in the organization. 10) Leadership is the activity of influencing people to strive willingly for group objective. 11) Motivation can be only positive in nature 12) Body language may have different meaning in different countries. Q:2 Answer any two of the following: 15 a) Explain the concept and nature of management. 4 b) Discuss principles of management propounded by Henri Fayol. Write a note on Indian Ethos. c) Q:3 Answer any two of the following: 15 a) Explain the steps in the planning process. b) Elaborate the advantages of MBO. What are the essentials of a sound decision-making. c) Q:4 Answer any two of the following: 15 a) What are the main features of virtual organization? b) State the factors influencing span of management. c) Explain the barriers to effective delegation. Q:5 Answer any two of the following: 15 a) Explain the importance of motivating the employees. b) What are the functions of leadership? Explain in detail techniques of controlling. c) 20 Q:6 Write Short Notes on (Any 4) a) Managerial skills b) Management by Exception Matrix organisation c) Qualities of good leader **d**) Coordination e) Decentralization f) ----X-----X-----X-

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Additional tran Nov/ Dec 23 blom sem 115 SEAT NO. ____ F.C Marks: 75 **Duration 2 Hrs.30 min** CODE: Instructions :- (1) All questions are compulsory. (2) Figures to the right indicate full marks. 15 Q:1 Explain the following concepts :(Any Five) Α. Disabled person 1) Minorities 2) 3) Natural disaster 4) **Disaster Preparedness** Technology 5) The age of Enlightenment 6) Informal communication 7) Team building 8) OR Write a detailed note on the Foundation Course (Semester III) project submitted **B**. By you. 15 Evaluate the problems faced by women and explain their legal rights. Q:2 Α. OR Comment on the current programmes and policies for the elderly population in **B**. 4 India. 15 Discuss the various Human Rights issues in addressing disaster. Give relevant Q:3 Α. examples. OR Write a note on psychological and economic effects of disaster on human life. **B**. Describe the role of science in exploding myth, blind beliefs and prejudices. 15 **O:4** Α. Distinguish between science and technology. **B**. Explain the various styles and characteristics of effective leadership. 15 0:5 Α. OR Write a detail note on Non- Verbal communication. **B**.X-----X-----X-

Page 1 of 1

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Management Alc SEATNO.

CODE:

Duration: 3 hours

Marks: 100

Instructions :- (1) All questions are compulsory having internal Options.

- (2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (3) Use of simple calculator is allowed.
- (4) Working notes should form part of answers.

Q:1	A)	Match	the column (any Ten)		Column-B
ţ.		a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i) j) k) 'l)	Column-A Pay back Period Sales less Cost of Goods sold Machinery Copy Rights Bank Overdraft Prepaid Expenses Sundry Debtors Profit on sale of Assets Staff Salaries Sundry Creditors Loss on sale of Assets Preliminary Expenses	i) ii) iii) iv) v) vi) vii) viii) viii) ix) x) x) xi) xii) xi	Tangible Assets Quick Liabilities Non Quick Assets Fictitious Assets Selling & Distribution Expense Non operating Income Quick Assets Gross Profit Intangible Assets Non Quick Liabilities Capital budgeting Administrative Expenses Non operating expenses
				viv)	Contingent Liabilities

Q:1 B) State whether following statements are True or False (Any Ten)

- 1) The Financial statement includes Trend Analysis.
- 2) Though Equity holders are the Owner of Business, It's under control of Board of Directors.
- 3) Capital Budgeting decisions base on only Cash Outflow.
- 4) Staffing involved comparing actual result with budgeted results.
- 5) Current Assets plus Current Liabilities = Working Capital.
- 6) If Interest paid is Rs. 30,000/- on 10% Bank Loan then Bank loan must be Rs 6,00,000/-
- 7) Capital Expenditure decision does not include Long term Decision.
- .8) An Decrease in trade receivable by 1,00,000/- and also increase in Bank Overdraft of Rs. 2,00,000/- would result in Increase in Working Capital by Rs 1,00,000/-
- 9) If Gross Profit is 30% of Sales then Cost of Goods sold must be 70% of Sales.
- 10) In Common size income statement, Net Profit is assumed to be 100.
- 11) 2:1 is standard ratio of Current Ratio.
- 12) To test Solvency of the concern, Debt Equity Ratio is applicable.

Page 1 of 5

10

CODE:

Duration: 3 hours

Marks: 100

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Q:2 Answer (a) and (b) OR (c) of the following:

a) From the following figures PKR Limited, Find out missing figures and complete Balance Sheet with Comparative analysis.

_	Rs.2021	Rs.2022-	Absolute Increase	%
Particulars	-22	23	/Decrease	Increase/Decrease
Sources of Fund				
Share Capital	?	6,00,000	30,000	?
Reserves & Surplus	?	?	-5,000	?
Net worth	7,00,000	?	?	?
Borrowed Fund	?	?	?	10
Total Sources of Fund	?	?	?	?
Application of Fund				
Fixed Assets	7,00,000	?	?	-12
Current Assets	4,50,000	?	-7,000	?
Current liabilities	?	?	?	?
working capital	?	?	?	?
Total Application of Fund	9,00,000	?	?	?

b) From the following figures Apex Limited, Find out missing figures and Complete common size Revenue 10 Statement.

Particular	Rs.	% Common Size
Net Sales	?	?
Cost Of Goods Sold	7,00,000	?
Gross Profit 30% on Sales	?	?
Operating Expenses	?	?
Operating Profit	?	?
Non Operative Income	30,000	?
Non Operative Expenses	45,000	?
Net Profit Before Tax	25,000	?
Tax 35 %	?	?
Net Profit after Tax	?	?

OR

C) From the following figures of ABC Ltd. Find out missing figures, Complete Balance Sheet into vertical 20 format and also prepare trend analysis.

	2020-21 Rs.	2021-22 Rs.	2022-23 Rs.
Share Capital	7,20,000	?	7,50,000
Fixed Assets	3,30,000	4,26,000	?
Reserve	40,000	70,000	50,000
9% Debenture	1,26,000	1,20,000	75,000
Investment	?	3,75,000	5,00,000
Stock	1,55,000	1,25,000	1,10,000
Working Capital	1,61,000	1,37,000	94,000
Creditors	?	?	?
Bank Overdraft	30,000	20,000	23,000
Cash/Bank	42,000	25,000	35,000
Debtors	18,000	16,000	15,000

CODE:

Duration: 3 hours

Marks: 100

Q:3 Answer (a) or (b) of the following:

a) Following are the financial statements of a trading company prepared at the end of the year ending on 31-3-2023. You are required to Compute following accounting ratios.

1.Current Ratio	2. Proprietary Ratio	3. Debt Equity ratio
		6. Net profit Ratio
7.Stock Turnover ratio	8.Return on Capital employed	9.Return on Proprietors' Fund
10. Debtors Turnover ratio		

Trading and Profit and loss account

	Rs.		Rs.
To Opening stock	65,000	By Sales	4,00,000
" Purchases	2,00,000	" Closing stock	95,000
" Manufacturing expenses	1,00,000	" Miscellaneous income	12,000
" Selling and distribution	a 3	(Non-operating)	
Expenses	10,000	4 4	
" Administrative expenses	57,000	6 0	
" Finance expenses	3,000		
" Non-Operating expenses	2,000		
" Net profit	70,000		
Rs.	5,07,000	Rs.	5,07,000

For the year ended	31 st	March,	2023.
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Balance sheet as or	31 st M	farch, 2023
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Fixed assets: Gross block 2,30,000 Less: depreciation <u>40,000</u> Investments (Marketable)	
00 Less: depreciation <u>40,000</u> Investments	
Investments	
	50.000
	50,000
	50,000
(Marketable)	50.000
	,
000 Current assets:	
Stock 95,000	
000 Sundry debtors 90,000	
000 Advance Payments 15,000	2,00,000
000	
000	
000 Rs.	4,40,000
	Sundry debtors 90,000 000 Advance Payments 15,000 000 000 000

CODE:

Duration: 3 hours

Marks: 100

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b) Following is the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account M/S T. LTD.

	Rs.		Rs.
Equity Share Capital (Rs.10)	1,00,000	Buildings 1,00,000	
10% Preference Share Capital	40,000	Less Depreciation 20,000	80,000
Profit & Loss A/C	50,000	Plant	1,00,000
Mortgage Loan	1,00,000	Stock	1,00,000
Creditors	60,000	Debtors (Previous year Rs.80, 000)	60,000
Taxes Payable	50,000	Short Term Investments	20,000
	*	Cash	40,000
	4,00,000		4,00,000

BALANCE SHEET AS ON 31-03-2023

Profit & loss a/c	for the yea	r ended 31.12.2023

	Rs.		Rs.
To opening stock	1,00,000	By sales	5,50,000
To purchase	2,00,000	By stock	1,50,000
T gross profit c/d	4,00,000		-
	7,00,000		7,00,000
To Operating Expenses	1,50,000	By G.P. b/d	4,00,000
To Operating profit	2,50,000		-
	4,00,000		4,00,000
To interest on loan	65,000	By Operating profit	2,50,000
To profit before tax	1,85,000		-
	2,50,000		2,50,000
To income tax	95,000	By profit before tax	1,85,000
To N.P. after tax	90,000		
	1,85,000		1,85,000

Calculate: (i) Current Ratio, (ii) Quick Ratio, (iii) Debtors Turnover (iv) Debt Equity ratio (v) Operating cost ratio (vi) Stock turnover ratio (vii) Return on Proprietors' fund (viii) Earning per share, (ix) Dividend payout Ratio, (x) Creditors' Turnover.

The company paid dividend on equity shares @ 20% Note: Preparation of Vertical Statements are not required.

Q:4 Answer (a) or (b) of the following: '

a) SK Ltd provides you the following particulars: -

Element of cost	• Amount per unit
	Rs.
Raw material	8
Direct labour	3
<u>Overheads</u>	6
Total Cost	17
Profit	3
Selling price	20

The following further particulars are available: -

Raw materials are in stock on average on month. Materials are in process, on average, half a month. Finished goods are in stock on average one month.

Credit allowed by suppliers is one month. Credit allowed to debtors is two months. Lag in payment of wages is half month. Lag in payment of overhead expenses is one month.

Page 4 of 5

CODE:

Duration: 3 hours

Marks: 100

One-fourth of the output is sold against cash. Cash on hand at bank is expected to be Rs. 25,000 You are required to prepare a statement showing the working capital needed to finance a level of activity of 96,000 units of production.

You may assume that production is carried on evenly throughout the year. Debtors are to be valued at selling price.

OR

Akshata Enterprises considering the purchase of Machine. Machine A and Machine B are available and each costing Rs 3,20,000. Estimated life of Machine is 4 years. b) At Discounted factor @ 12%, value of Rs 1 is as

Cash inflow in Rs. after Tax expected as f

follo	ws		follow		Present
Ye ar	Machine A	Machine B	Year	Value	
1	85,000	65,000		1	0.893
2	70,000	70,000		2	0.797
3	80,000	68,000		3	0.712
4	76,000	75,000		4	0.636

Calculate the results by applying following methods and suggest most suitable machine for the business

- 1) Payback Period
- 2) Average Rate of Return

3) Net present

Value

4) profitably Index

Q:5 Answer (a) or (b) of the following:

(a) Answer the following: (Ten marks each)

- What is use of Ratio Analysis ? Explain Revenue Ratios
- What do you mean term Capital Budgeting ? What are the various methods of Capital i) ii)
- budgeting?

OR

Write short notes:(any four)(Five marks each) (b)

- Comparative Analysis i)
- Working Capital ii)
- Functions of Management Accounting iii)
- iv) Composite Ratios
- Net present value v)
- Fictitious Assets vi)

-X-----X------

	CO	DE.	Durati	on: 3 Ho	urs Marks	: 100
	Insti	ructions :- (1) All Q (2) Figu	uestions are Compulseres to the right indicate	e marks.		
Q:1	A)	Choose the correc	t answer from the op	tions give	en below (Any 10)	10
	1)		be issued by	• `		
		a) Private Com	ipany		Public Company	
		c) One Person	Company	(d)	All Companies	v/
	2)	A full time Com	pany Secretary shall	not hold	office in more than company	y/
			for subsidiary company	les.	Piece	
		a) One			Five	
		c) Ten		/	Twenty	
	3)		Company has maximu	im n	nembers.	
		a) Ten			Fifty	
		c) Two Hundre	ed	•d)	Five Hundred	nt
	4)		eposited with company	v not later	than before the commenceme	/IIL
		of the Meeting.	- Hours	b)	Forty-Eight Hours	
		a) Twenty-Fou			Twenty-One Days	
L.		c) Seven Days				
	5)		rd-6 refers to of	b)	Forfeiture	
		a) Listing			Transmission	
	0	c) Transfer	is constally signed by	,		
	6)	The Board Report	is generally signed by t Directors		Company Secretary	
		· · ·	of the Board	(U d)	Statutory Auditors	
	7	c) Chairman c	s the purpose and capa	city for y	which the company is set up.	
	7)			b)	Situation Clause	
(e)					Capital Clause	
	0)	c) Object Clau	of the Articles shall be	filed wi	th the Registrar together with a print	ted
	8)	Every alteration C	ticle within a period of	2		
				́—́b)	Fifteen Days	
				ر ط)	· · · · ·	
.*	0)		ompany's shares are		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	9)		Simpany 5 shares are	 b)	Freely Transferable	
			erable			
	10)	c) Not Transf	ie of fresh shares to	-,	a 5.8	
	10)	a) Debenture		b)	Bankers	
		c) Employees		d)		
	11)	Prohibiting Inside		of SEBI		
	11)		ve Function	b)	A Developmental Function	
85 cm		/	bry Function	d)		
	17)		spondence should be a	,		
	12)		x Language	b)	Rude	
			A Language	d)		
		c) Abusive		u)		

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Marks: 100 CODE: **Duration: 3 Hours** B) State whether following statements are True or False (Any 10) 10 Q:1 1) LIC of India is an example of a Statutory Company. 2) Since a Company has no physical existence, it cannot enter into an agreement. 3) To form a Public Limited Company, seven or more persons are required. 4) Depository Participants are the intermediaries or agents of Depositories. 5) Secretarial Standard -3 is for provisions regarding Common Seal. 6) Minutes of the meeting should be preserved for seven years. Situation Clause of the Memorandum of Association cannot be altered. 7) 8) Articles of Association are subordinate to Memorandum of Association. 9) A Private Limited Company can be converted into a Public Limited Company. 10) Technology has reduced the speed of secretarial correspondence. Bonus shares are issued free of cost to existing shareholders. 11) Bank Overdraft is a long term loan. 12) 15 O:2 Answer Any Two of the following a) Define 'Company'. Explain features of Company as per Companies Act 2013. b) Elaborate on qualities required for a competent Company Secretary. c) Define 'Company Secretary'. Enlist different career options for a Company Secretary. 15 Q:3 Answer Any Two of the following a) Describe the role of Company Secretary as a liaison officer between i) Company and Depository Participant ii) Company and Registrar of Companies. b) Explain various provisions regarding meetings of the Board of Directors as per Secretarial Standard -1. c) What is Secretarial Audit? Describe the process of Secretarial Audit. 15 Answer Any Two of the following 0:4 a) Explain in brief various clauses of Memorandum of Association. b) What are secretarial duties in formation of a Private Limited Company? c) Elaborate on procedure of conversion of Private Limited Company into a Public Limited Company. 15 Answer Any Two Any Four of the following **Q:5** a) Explain the nature of Secretarial correspondence with shareholders of company. b) Elucidate role of technology in secretarial correspondence. c) Draft a letter to member for issue of Bonus Shares. 20 Write short notes on Any Four of the following 0:6 .a). Small Company b) Misleading Prospectus c) Draft a letter to bank manager asking for bank overdraft facility. d) Provisions for quorum and frequency of General Meeting as per Secretarial Standard e) Rights of Company Secretary f) Passing Resolution by Circulation

SEAT NO.