	CODE:		Duration: 3	Duration: 3 hours			
	Ins	truc	tions :- (1) All questions are compulsory have (2) Figures to the right indicate full n (3) Use of simple calculator is allowed	narks			
			(4) Working notes are forming part of		wers		
Q:1	A)	Ch	noose the correct answer from the options g	given	below (Any 10)		
50 <del>2</del> 2	1)	To	find out cash purchase,	accou	unt is prepared		
		a)	Creditors Account	b)	Bills Payable Account		
		c)	Cash Account	d)	Debtors Account		
	2)		hat is the journal entry for following transa curred by the consignee	ction	in the book of consignee: Expenses		
		a)	No Entry	b)	Consignor's A/C DrTo Cash A/C		
		c)	Expenses A/C DrTo cash A/C	d)	Consignment A/C DrTo Consignee A/C		
	3)	Bra	anch Stock account under Stock And Debtors	syste	em is Account		
		a)	Real	b)	Nominal		
		c)	Personal	d)	HO Account		
	4)		nsignee sends to consignor				
		a)	Proforma Invoice	b)	Sales Account		
		c)	Account Sales	d)	Invoice		
	5) If opening capital is Rs.20,000 & closing capital is Rs.30,000 then profit o						
	-		Loss of Rs.10,000		Profit of Rs,5,000		
		c)	Profit of Rs.10,000	d)	Loss of Rs. 5,000		
	6)	Jou	urnal entry for Sale of Machinery	3.5			
		a)	Cash A/C DrTo machinery A/C	b)	Machinery A/C DrTo Sale A/C		
		c)	Cash A/C DrTo Sale A/C	d)	Sale A/C DrTo Cash A/C		
	7)	If t	here is average clause then				
		a)	amount of claim = (Policy Amount/stock on the date of fire) X Stock lost by fire	b)	amount of claim = (Policy Amount + stock on the date of fire) X Stock lost by fire		
		c)	amount of claim = (Policy Amount -stock on the date of fire) X Stock lost by fire	d)	amount of claim = (Policy Amount/stock on the date of fire) + Stock lost by fire		
	8)	8) Stock on the date of fire Rs. 58,940; Salvage Stock Rs. 5,300; Find out amount of stock					
		a)	64,530	b)	53,460		
		(2)	53,640	d)	35,640		
		-1	221010	41	22,010		

11) Consignment accounts are used to record transactions related to the sale of goods sent to agents or consignees.

12) Branch accounts are maintained to record the financial transactions of agents.

Q:2 Answer (a) or (b) of the following:

0:1

a) On 15th March 2024, a fire occurred in the premises of Mr. Raghav and partly damaged the stock of goods. Salvage Rs. 21,000. Policy amount Rs. 1,65,000. Balance as on 31-12-2023:

The Control of the Co	Rs.
	1,05,000
Stock at cost	26,250
Debtors for goods	15,750
Creditors for goods	22,
Transactions between 1-1-2024 to 15-03-2024:	2,10,000
Cash received from debtors	5,250
Discount allowed to debtors	3,200

# CODE: Duration: 3 hours Marks: 100 Goods returned by debtors 2,100 Cash paid to Creditors 3,88,500 Discount from creditors 4,200 Goods returned to creditors 1,050

 Cash Sales
 2,22,600

 Debtors for goods as on 15-03-2024
 60,900

 Creditors for goods as on 15-03-2024
 31,500

Gross profit on cost 25%. Prepare a statement of claim.

#### OR

b) On midnight of 16th April 2024, a fire occurred in the premises of Mr. Sameer. Salvage Rs. 90,000. Policy amount Rs. 6,00,000.

Particulars	Suppliers	Customers
Opening Balance on 1-4-2024	6,12,000	10,80,000
Goods Returned	81,000	2,25,000
Discount	90,000	1,35,000
Remittances	8,55,000	9,45,000
Balances on the date of fire	4,50,000	10,98,000

Further information for the period from 1st April to 16th April 2024:

1. Wages: Rs. 1,35,000

2. Cash purchase: Rs. 63,000

3. Cash Sales: Rs. 2,25,000

4. Opening Stock (Recorded at 10% above Cost): Rs. 5,94,000

 Goods sent on consignment from 1st April to the date of fire remaining unsold with consignee (at cost plus 10%): Rs. 49,500

 Goods sent on approval from 1st April till the date of fire having no intimation received till the date of fire (at cost + 10%): Rs. 19,800

7. Goods are sold @ Gross Profit of 30% on sales.

Compute the Insurance Claim.

Q:3 Answer (a) or (b) of the following:

a) Tanak Fertilizers of Gujarat have their branch at Mumbai. Prepare the branch account and Branch total debtors Account in the books of the head office from the following transactions with the branch:

Opening balances at branch:	
Petty cash	2,500
Stock	1,54,000
Debtors	82,500
Goods supplied to branch during the year	7,56,000
Amounts remitted by the branch:	
Cash sales	52,500
Realizations from debtors	8,38,700
Amount remitted by the branch for:	
Petty cash expenses	15,000

#### Duration: 3 hours

Marks: 100

Colour	37,000
Salary     Rent and taxes	12,000
Closing balances at branch:	3,760
Petty cash     Debtors	2,52,300
Stock	1,15,760

OR

b) Borivali Ltd. sends goods to its Andheri branch at cost plus 25%. The following particulars are available in respect of the branch for the year ended 31st March, 2022

Particulars	Rs.
Opening stock at branch at cost to Branch	3,20,000
Goods sent to branch at invoice price	48,00,000
Loss in transit at invoice price	60,000
Pilferage at invoice price	24,000
Sales	60,00,000
Expenses	2,40,000
Closing Stock at Branch at cost to branch	1,60,000
Recovered from insurance Co. against Losses in transit	40,000

Show following ledgers account in Head Office books

Branch Stock Account.

Branch Adjustment Account.

Branch Profit & Loss Account.

O:4 Answer (a) or (b) of the following:

a) Andy of Amritsar sent on consignment to Balwinder of Bhatinda 100 machines costing Rs.30 each. The consignor paid Rs.200 by way of freight. Balwinder spent Rs.100 by way of godown rent and other expenses. At the end of the year 10 machines remaining unsold with Balwinder. The consignee sold machines @ Rs.40 per machine. Balwinder remitted the sale proceeds after deducting expenses and his commission which was 5% of the goods sold.

Prepare Consignment Account and Consignee's Account in the books of the consignor.

b) Mr. Verma, a sole proprietor, maintains his books of accounts under the single entry system. On 1st April 2023, the following was his financial position:

Opening Balance Sheet as of	1 1st April 2025.
Liabilities	Amount (Rs.)

Liabilities	Amount (Rs.)	Assets	Amount (Rs.)
Creditors		Cash in Hand	50,000
Capital	1,00,000		40,000
Сарпаі	1,00,000	Stock	30,000
Total	1,20,000	The International Control of the Internationa	1,20,000

During the year, the following transactions took place:

Cash Account:

 Cash Sales: Rs. 1,20,000 2. Cash Purchases: Rs. 50,000

3. Sundry Expenses Paid: Rs. 20,000

Cash Received from Debtors: Rs. 60,000

Duration: 3 hours

Marks: 100

- 5. Cash Paid to Creditors: Rs. 40,000
- 6. Wages paid Rs. 5,000.
- 7. Additional Capital Introduced: Rs. 20,000
- 8. Salary paid: Rs. 5,000.
- 9. Commission received Rs. 2,500.
- 10. Interest paid Rs. 1,500.
- 11. Rent paid Rs 3,500.
- 12. Audit fees paid Rs. 2,000.
- 13. Printing and Stationary expenses paid Rs. 700.

#### Additional information:

- 1. Credit Sales: Rs. 80,000
- 2. Credit Purchases: Rs. 30,000
- 3. Closing Stock as on 31st March 2024: Rs. 30,000
- Debtors on 31st March 2024: Rs. 50,000
- Creditors on 31st March 2024: Rs. 20,000
- Cash in hand on 31st March 2024: Rs. 1,40,000

#### Required:

- Prepare Debtor's Account, Creditor's Account and Cash Account to find out respective closing balances.
- Prepare Trading and Profit & Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2024,
- Prepare Balance Sheet as on 31st March 2024.

#### Q:5 Answer (a) or (b) of the following:

- (a) Answer the following: (Ten marks each)
- I) Write a detailed note on single entry system.
- II) Explain Consignment Account.

#### OR

- (b) Answer the following: (any four) (Five marks each)
- I) Memorandum Trading Account
- II) Difference between consignment and sale
- III) Stock and Debtors Method of Branch Account
- IV) Opening Statement of affairs
- V) Computation of loss of stock
- VI) Proforma Invoice

F.Y.B. com: sem I A. T.K. T. Exem. 200 March 2005 Sub. Bus. Communication.

		A COLUMN TO THE REAL PROPERTY.		SEAT NO.				
	COD	Du	ration: 3 hour	s Mar	ks: 100			
	Instr	uctions :- (1) All questions are comp (2) Figures to the right ind	ulsory having in icate full marks	nternal options.				
					10			
Q:1	A)	Explain the following terms in two	to three senter	ices each. (Any five)	10			
Q.1		a) Selection Interview	b)	Group Dynamics				
		c) Special Meetings	d)	House Journal				
		e) Complaint Letter	f)	Press Release				
		g) Time and cost in proposals	h)	A Report				
					05			
Q:1	B)	Match the column		В				
		A	p1	ated to Sales Letter				
		Adjustment Letter						
		Suggestion Schemes		ant for Paper Presenters				
		Technical Session	Kej	oort ernal PR Measures				
		Star, Hook, Chain						
		Terms of Reference	Ke]	oly to Complaint				
					20			
Q:2	Ansv	ver short notes on the following: (A	ny iour)					
	a)	Exit interview	Intervious					
	b)	WASP Technique of Conducting ar	I Interview					
	c)	Skills assessed in Group Discussion	1					
	d)	Role of Participant in a Meeting	Occanications					
	e)	Relevance of a Meeting in Business	Organisations					
	f)	Disadvantages of meetings			110000			
	-				20			
Q:3	Ans	wer the following: (Any two) What is a Committee? Explain adv	antages of Com	mittee.				
		What is a conference? Describe va	rious post-confe	erence activities.				
	b)	- different Dille	S of Public Re	lations. Discuss the internal m	easures of			
	c)	Enumerate the different robbio	0					
		Public Relations of an organisation			20			
	-	S. d. S. Hawing letters: (Any four)			20			
Q:4	Dra	off the following letters: (Any four)	Motor Ltd. en	quiring about various types of a	notor parts			
	a)	a) Write a letter of inquiry to Speed Motor Ltd. enquiring about various types of motor parts that you wish to buy for your garage.						
	1.3			ignment of stationery products	from Final			
	D)	<ul> <li>Classic Stationery, Mulund has r Destination Stationery Centre, Co</li> </ul>	laba in a dama	ged condition. Write a complain	nt letter on			
		at the balls						
	-	Draft a sales letter for the promoti	on of any one o	of the following:				
	c	i) Laptop ii) An e	lectronic cooler					
		-/ 1 1			hoe House			
	d	Taj ordered new brand of shoes However, the product received w	apparatus for le ere damaged an	d total numbers were less than o	rdered. The			
		I'd - at respond in chile	or the repeated	mans bent to	to a polition			
		in the form of a letter to be preser	nted to the Distr	ict Consumer Forum.	h is getting			
		in the form of a letter to be present e) Your aunt's pension papers we	re to be proce	ssed five months earlier which	ffice of the			
		<ul> <li>Your aunt's pension papers we delayed with no response from</li> </ul>	her office.	Write an KII query to the o	illoo or the			
		Accountant General.	:					

Page 1 of 2

SEAT NO.	
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**Duration: 3 hours** 

Marks: 100

- Q5. a) Draft a business proposal to be made by Renuka Computer Software to be submitted to Apex Computer House to start "All Solutions Software" at their Store premises on revenue sharing basis.
  - b) A committee has been set up to investigate the possibility of starting a branch of "Amazing Sports Ltd.". Draft the report of the committee with a covering letter making suitable recommendations.
- Q.6. Draft the Notice and Agenda of the first Annual General Meeting of Excellent Steel Co. 10 Limited. Also draft the following Resolutions:
  - i) Appointment of Treasurer
  - ii) Issue of Prospectus
- Q.7. Summarize the following passage and suggest a suitable title:

  Corruption refers to a form of criminal activity or dishonesty. It refers to an evil act by an individual or a group. Most noteworthy, this act compromises the rights and privileges of others. Furthermore, Corruption primarily includes activities like bribery or embezzlement. However, Corruption can take place in many ways. Most probably, people in positions of authority are susceptible to Corruption. Corruption certainly reflects greedy and selfish behavior.

First of all, Bribery is the most common method of Corruption. Bribery involves the improper use of favours and gifts in exchange for personal gain. Furthermore, the types of favours are diverse. Above all, the favours include money, gifts, company shares, sexual favours, employment, entertainment, and political benefits. Also, personal gain can begiving preferential treatment and overlooking crime.

Embezzlement refers to the act of withholding assets for the purpose of theft. Furthermore, it takes place by one or more individuals who were entrusted with these assets. Above all, embezzlement is a type of financial fraud. The graft is a global form of Corruption. Most noteworthy, it refers to the illegal use of a politician's authority for personal gain. Furthermore, a popular way for the graft is misdirecting public funds for the benefit of politicians.

Extortion is another major method of Corruption. It means to obtain property, money or services illegally. Above all, this obtainment takes place by coercing individuals or organizations. Hence, Extortion is quite similar to blackmail.

Favouritism and nepotism is quite an old form of Corruption still in usage. This refers to a person favouring one's own relatives and friends to jobs.

Tough laws are very important for stopping Corruption. The government must make sure to keep inflation low. Due to the rise in prices, many people feel their incomes to be too low. Consequently, this increases Corruption among the masses.

(Source: Essay on Corruption)

Page 2 of 2

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SEAT NO. 28/03/2025

	COI	DE: Duratio	on: 3 hour	S	Marks: 100
		ructions :- (1) All questions are compulsor	y having in	nternal options.	
	#48555	(2) Figures to the right indicate	full marks		
Q:1	A)	Choose the correct answer from the opt	ions given	below (Any 10	) 10
2.1	1)	Services are generally			
	-1	a) Tangible		Intangible	
		Demonstrable	d)	Separable	
	2)	The highest level of service expectations	is termed as	S S6	ervice.
	-)	a) Adequate	b)	Desired	
		Maximum	(b	Minimum	
	3)	When service performance is within the	zone of t	olerance, custor	mers are likely to be
	-,				
		a) Satisfied		Dissatisfied	
		c) Astonished	d)	Delighted	
	4)	Customer satisfaction surveys help to reta	nin		
	.,	a) Customers	b)	Dealers	
		c) Employees	d)	Suppliers	
	5)	is an important element of	f Mall Man	agement.	
	3)	a) Towing	b)	Zoning	
- 8				Building	
	0	e) Bidding retailers are also called pop a	The second secon		
	6)		b)	Unorganized	
			-	Executive	
	-		٠,	Caraca Street, Co.	
	7)	Signage includes	b)	Price list	
		a) Detailed information	d)		
		c) Menu	uj	logo	
	8)	KPO is one step of BPO.	L	side-by-side	
		a) lower	b)		
		c) ahead	(d)	behind	level of inventory to
	9)	Inventory Management is concerned w	ith maintai	ining	level of inventory to
		meet customer requirements.		YY'-1	THE RESERVE AND A SECOND
		a) Right	b)		
		c) Lower		Moderate	
	10)	card encourages lavish spending	g on the pa	irt of the user.	
		a) Debit	b)	Credit	
		c) ATM	d)	PAN Card	
	11)	and the state of t	ness to busi	ness is referred	to as
	/	a) B2B	b)	B2C	
		n C2C		B2G	
	12)	in the third of Parameter	rketer to k	now about the	number of that
	12	visited the on-line site.			
		a) Groups	b)	Outlets	
		c) Persons	d)	4	
	l lease or		o True or	False (Any 10)	1
Q:1			in India	raise (ring 10)	
	1)	B2B transactions are not very common	ni maia.	m as off line sto	rec
	2)	The Brick and Mortar (BAM) stores are	also know	n as on-the sto	r products and prices
	3)		rmation at	out mins, the	products and prices
		through the internet.			
	4	Service performance may differ from or	ne service p	provider to the o	mer.

F. Y. B. Com-sem-II A. T. K-T. Exam. March-2025 Sub: - Commerce: II SEAT NO. 28/03/2025

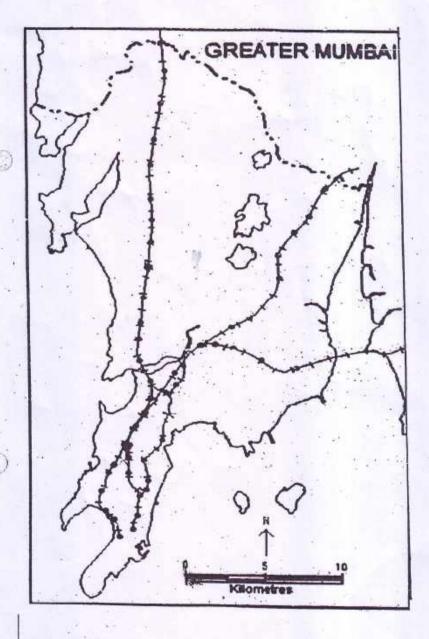
Marks: 100 **Duration: 3 hours** CODE: Marketing research has no significance in service development. Departmental store is a form of non-store format. 7) There is no difference between credit card and debit card. 8) C2C is a type of E-commerce, where customers sell to another customer through the internet. 9) Indian Insurance sector includes private insurance firms also. The unorganized retailing has to bear high operating costs. 11) LPO involves outsourcing of legal work. 12) In online shopping, customer can make payment only by internet banking. 15 Q:2 Answer any two of the following: a) Define Services. Explain the features of Services. b) Explain the elements of Marketing mix for Services. c) Explain the strategies for Managing Capacity and Demand. 15 Q:3 Answer any two of the following: a) Distinguish between organized retailing and unorganized retailing. b) Explain in brief various types of Store Formats of retail in India. c) Explain various challenges faced by retail sector in India. 15 Q:4 Answer any two of the following: a) What is Internet Banking? Explain its advantages. b) What is logistics? Explain the various elements of logistics. c) What is Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP)? Discuss the advantages of ERP systems. 15 Q:5 Answer any two of the following: a) Define E-Commerce. Explain the features of E-Commerce. b) How is On-line marketing research beneficial to business firms? c) Explain the factors responsible for the transition to E-Commerce in India. 20 Q:6 Write Short Notes on (Any 4) a) Careers in Retailing. b) Debit Cards. c) Advantages of Franchising to the franchisor and franchisee. d) Types of Service Expectations. e) Mall Management. f) Legal Process Outsourcing (LPO) 

CODE:

Marks: 100

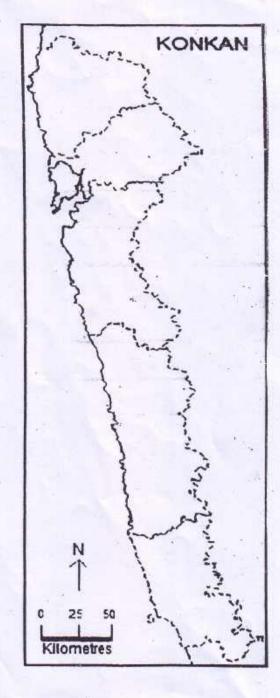
			A = 1
	In	structions: - (1) All questions are compulsory	
		(2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
		(3) Draw neat diagrams and figures wherever applicable	
		(4) Attach the Map supplement to the main answer book.	
Q:1	A)		10
	1)		01
	2)	An area subject to Noise Pollution due to air transport.	01
	2000	An area having the problem of Noise Pollution due to Industrial Workshops.	01
	4)		01
	5)		01
	6)	A mangrove rich region	01
		An area subject to Air Pollution due to fisheries	01
	8)	A wonderland	01
	9)		01
	10)	A region used for dumping of solid waste	01
Q:1	B)		10
	1)	An area subject to marine erosion	01
		A hot spring site	01
		An area subject to frequent earthquake tremors	01
*	4)	A port which gets silted	01
			01
	10.00	A region affected by air pollution due to cattle sheds	01
	7)	A region affected by noise pollution due to rail transport.	01
	8)	A fort	01
	-1	A region famous for beach tourism	01
	10)	A highly Polluted River.	01
Q:2	Ans	wer any two of the following:	20
	a)	Solid Waste needs to be dealt with great care. Discuss.	.10
	b)	Elaborate on Bio- Medical waste management.	10
	c)	What is Solid waste management. Discuss with special reference to Municipal Solid waste management in Mumbai.	10
Q:3	Ans	wer any two of the following:	20
	a)	What is Sustainable Development? Elucidate sustainable industrial practices with suitable examples	10
		Write short notes on Global Warming and Ozone Depletion.	10
	c)	Explain in detail the environmental impact of agriculture and discuss on sustainable agricultural practices	10
Q:4		wer any two of the following:	20
	a)	Tourism is one of the fastest growing industries in the world. Discuss	10
		Write a brief note on Eco tourism and Sustainable tourism.	10
		What are the tourism potentials in India and why is it not well developed in India?	10
Q:5	Ansı	wer any two of the following:	20
	a)	Write a short note on Save the Western Ghats Movement.	20 10
	b)	Elaborate on the constitutional and legal provisions towards Environment protection in India.	10
	c)	Elucidate the role of GIS in Environmental Management.	10
		XXXX	

Q.1.A.



Legend : -

Q.1.B.



Legend -

AT. A.T. K.T. Bus Eco - II (12) 15/3/25 F.Y.B.com. Sem = II SEATNO.

Bus. Elonomics Duration: 3 hours Instructions:- (1) All questions are compulsory having internal options. (2) Figures to the right indicate full marks. A) Choose the correct answer from the options given below (Any 10) 10 0:1 1) Which of the following is a feature of perfect competition? b) Heterogeneous product a) Price maker d) Few buyers and sellers c) Free entry and free exit Excess profit is also known as \_\_\_\_\_ profit. b) Super Normal a) Sub Normal d) None of the above c) Normal 3) Price X Quantity = b) MR a) AR d) TR c) TC Increase in selling cost, \_\_\_\_\_ the demand for the product. b) Equates a) Decrease d) Constant c) Increase Product sold in monopolistic competition is \_ b) Differentiate a) Homogenous d) Uniform c) Similar 6) Demand curve faced by a firm in an oligopolistic market is b) Horizontal a) Downward sloping d) Vertical c) Indeterminate 7) Price discrimination refers to a) Charging different prices for different b) Charging the same price from different buyers. commodities. c) Charging same prices for different d) Charging different prices for the same product from different buyers. products. Transfer price refers to pricing. b) Multi-product a) Intra-firm d) Cost-plus c) Marginal cost Pricing of a variety of goods produced by a single firm is called b) Marginal cost pricing a) Dumping d) Cost plus pricing c) Multi product Pricing pertains to investment decisions for balancing sources of funds and 10) use of funds. b) Cost Budgeting a) Capital Budgeting d) Outlay Budgeting c) Profit Budgeting 11) The payback period refers to the amount of time it takes to recover the a) Revenue

c) Investment

d) Discounted value

Marks: 100 CODE: **Duration: 3 hours** 12) Capital investment decisions are irreversible because b) The Capital Expenditure is very small a) The Capital expenditure is very large expenditure has less d) None of the above significance 0:1 State whether following statements are True or False (Any 10) 10 1) A market is a well-defined geographical area where buyers and sellers meet. 2) MR=MC is an equilibrium condition of firm under monopoly market. 3) In Monopoly, the firm and industry are one and the same. Selling cost exist under monopolistic competition. 5) Oligopoly market experiences price flexibility. The concept of Kinked demand curve is associated with Paul Sweezy. 6) Under marginal cost pricing, price is determined on the basis of fixed costs. 7) Discriminatory pricing is practiced in a competitive market. 8) 9) Transfer pricing is used to determine costs. Capital Budgeting ensures better utilization of resources. 10) Payback period method is simple and easy to calculate compare to other methods. 11) 12) The higher the NPV the better is the project. Q:2 Attempt A and B or C and D: A) Explain the long run equilibrium of a firm under Monopoly market in detail. 7 B) Discuss the Characteristics of a Perfectly Competitive market. 8 C) Discuss the Characteristics of a Monopoly market. 7 D) Discuss short-run equilibrium of a firm under perfect competition with 8 i. Excess profit ii. Normal profit. Q:3 Attempt A and B or C and D: "A firm under Monopolistic competition tends to earn normal profit in the long run", B) Explain the salient features of Oligopoly Market. 8 Explain the features of Monopolistic competition. 7 D) Explain price rigidity situation in an Oligopoly market with the help of a Kinked demand curve. O:4 Attempt A and B or C and D: A) Explain advantages and disadvantages of Marginal cost pricing. 7 B) Explain the Multiple Product Pricing method in detail. C) i) Explain briefly Full cost pricing method. 04 marks ii) Calculate full cost pricing using following information. 03 marks Average Fixed Cost 500, Average Variable Cost 100, Rs

Expected profit margin 12%.

SEAT NO.		_3
and account of the first of the		

Duration: 3 hours

Marks: 100

D) Explain the concept of Dumping with the help of diagram.

Q:5 Attempt A and B or C and D:

A) Explain the meaning and importance of Capital Budgeting.

7 8

B) A Business firm has to select a project out of four alternative projects, all of which involve the same capital expenditure of Rs 1,00,000. The average net annual return expected from these projects are as follows:

Project	A	В	C	D
Average Net Annual Return (in Rs)	10,000	20,000	25,000	50,000

Using payback period criterion, select the most suitable project. Justify your answer.

OR

C) Examine Net Present Value method of project evaluation with suitable example.	7
C) Examine Net Present Value method of project evaluation with suitable example.	0
D) Discuss Internal Rate of Return method with numerical example.	8
Q:6 Attempt A and B OR Write short notes on any four:	
Q:6 Attempt A and B OK write short notes on any rour.	10
A) Elaborate the equilibrium of a firm and industry under perfect competition.	1000
B) Discuss the role of advertising highlighting its advantages and disadvantages.	10
OR	
we to Great and Great Control of the	20

Write Short notes on any four of the following:

- a) Sources of monopoly power.
- b) Cartels.
- c) Pay Back Period.
- d) Transfer pricing.
- e) Types of Price leadership.
- f) Steps in Capital Budgeting.

F·C-II Sem-II

## ATICT

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C	)]	)	E	:

Duration: 2: 30 hours

Marks: 75

:1	A) C	hoose the correct answer from In the state of,	om the options given the number of farmer	rs suicide is the highest.
		a) Bihar		Orissa
		c) Goa	d)	Maharashtra
	2)	As per the new industrial pol	icy 1991, licensing is	required only inindustries
		a) Five	b)	Seven
		c) Six	d)	Eight
	3)	Indian Constitution has incor	porated f	undamental Rights.
	2)	a) 8	b)	
		e) 7	d)	
	4)	Human rights are derived fro	m the principle of	law.
	,	a) Government	b)	Natural
		c) Social	d)	Judicial
	5)	The is a layer of g	ases surrounding our	planet
	5)		b)	Lithosphere
		a) Hydrosphere c) Atmosphere		Biosphere
		1- 41	elegable between ora	onisms and their environment
	6)		monship between org	anisms and their environment. Biology
		a) Ecosystem	32.6	Ecology
		e) Sociology	u)	Ecology
	7)	The stressors are a	also called as job- rela	ated stressors.
	1.50	a) Organizational	b)	Group
		c) Individual	d)	Environmental
	8)	Eustress is also known as	stress.	
		a) Positive		Social
		c) Negative	d)	Neutral
	9)	Maslow identified	sets of needs.	
	/	a) Two	b)	Four
		c) Three	d)	Five
	10)	As a method of resolving co	nflicts,	often leads to lose-lose situation.
	10)	a) Avoiding		Settling
		at Avoiding		

PC-II, Sem-II, ATKT, MARCH-2025 SEATNO. 26/03/2025

CODE;

Duration: 2: 30 hours

Marks: 75

Q:1	B)	State whether following statements are True or False (Any 7)	07
	1)	Progressive elimination of government control over economic activities is known as	
		liberalization.	
	2)	IT has made communication simple and less expensive.	
	3)		
	4)	Human rights are absolute.	
	5)	The human environment is called as anthrosphere.	
	6)	Natural environment provides renewable sources of energy.	
	7)	Regionalism is the only cause of aggression and violence.	
	8)	Teachers alone are responsible for the development of an individual's personality.	
	9)	All individuals need not have same set of needs.	
	10)	Transcendence needs include search for knowledge and meaningful living.	
Q:2	Atte	mpt any one of the following:-	
~		Explain the salient elements of privatisation.	15
	11)	OR	15
	B)	Examine the impact of globalisation on agrarian sector.	15
0.2	A 44		
Q:3		mpt any one of the following:-	10
	A)	Define Human Rights. What are the characteristics of Human rights?  OR	15
	B)	What are fundamental rights? Explain the importance of these rights to the citizens.	15
Q:4	Atte	mpt any one of the following:-	
		Explain the impact of environmental degradation on human life.	15
		OR	
	B)	Explain the concept of environment and ecology and their interconnectedness.	15
Q:5	Atte	mpt any one of the following:-	
	Elabo	orate on Maslow's theory of self- actualisation.	15
		OR	
	Writ	e Short notes on any three of the following: (Any 03)	15
	a)	Causes of Migration	
	b)	Right to Equality	
	c)	Ecosystem	
		Agents of socialization	
	e)	Types of conflicts	
		XXX	

F.Y.B. Gm, Sen-II

SEAT NO. 09(03)2025

CODE:

**Duration: 3 hours** 

Marks:

5

5

5

5

100

Mouths of Stats

ATKT

Instructions: -

1. All five questions are compulsory.

- 2. Each question carries 20 marks and each sub question carries 5 marks.
- 3. Use of a simple calculator is allowed,
- 4. Use of a scientific calculator, digital diary or a mobile phone is not allowed.
- 5. Graph papers will be provided on request.

#### Q.1 Attempt any FOUR of the following.

- a Find the derivative of the following functions: i)  $y = 6^x - 5x^3 - 10\log x + (20)^3$ ii)  $y = \frac{(x^2 - x + 2)}{(x + 1)}$
- b If  $f(x) = x^2 3x + 10$ , find 'x' if f(x) = f(x 1) + 4 5

  The total demand function is given by  $P = 16 + 4x + 2x^2$ , where x = demand. Find 5
- the total revenue and the marginal revenue when x = 2. The total cost function is given by  $C = 2x^3 - 9x^2 + 12x + 21$ . Find x for which the
- total cost function is minimum.

  e i) Find the elasticity of demand if the marginal revenue is 20 and the average price 5
  - ii) Find the marginal revenue if the price is 15 and the elasticity of demand is 5.

Q.2 Attempt any FOUR of the following.

- The simple and compound interest for 2 years on the same principal, at the same rate are Rs. 5,000/- and Rs. 5,150/- respectively. Find the principal amount and the rate of interest.
- b i) Find the future value of Rs. 14,000/- kept in a fixed deposit account, after 3 years 5 at 8% rate of compound interest p.a.

  ii) Find the present value at 4% p.a. rate of interest of Rs. 17,000/-payable 3 years
  - ii) Find the present value at 4% p.a. rate of interest of Rs. 17,000/-payable 3 years from now.
- Ms. X deposited Rs. 20,000/- at the end of each quarter at 12% compound interest p.a. Find the amount she will receive after 2 years.
- d Ms. Y took a loan of Rs. 1, 50,000/- with 10% interest per month, to be repaid in 10 5 months. Calculate the EMI using a reducing balance method.
- e Mr. Z bought a bicycle with cash payment of Rs. 9,000/- and 2 monthly installments of Rs. 5,000/- each. Find the cost of the bicycle, if the company charges 3% interest, compounded annually.

### Q.3 Attempt any FOUR of the following.

- Explain the following terms:
   i) Correlation, ii) Positive Correlation, iii) Negative correlation.
- b For the following data calculate Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation (correct up

to 3 decim	ial places).					
X	10	20	30	40	50	60
v	12	16	18	22	24	28

**Duration: 3 hours** 

100

e

Calculate Spearman's rank correlation coefficient for the following data: c

Y	10	25	30	15	20	40	
Y	8	16	24	32	40	16	

If the regression equation Y on X is x+2y-5=0, and regression equation X on Y d is 2x + 3y - 8 = 0 find (i) the coefficient of correlation and (ii) the mean values of x

Estimate the marks in Statistics of a student who secured 60 marks in Accounts

from the following bivariate data:

	Accounts (X)	Statistics (Y)
Mean marks	80	- 60
Standard deviation	4	2
Correlation coefficient		0.5

#### Attempt any FOUR of the following. 0.4

Write a short note on time series.

5 5

5

5

5

Calculate 5 yearly moving averages from the following time series. Also plot the given data and the moving averages on a graph paper.

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Sales	120	130	150	170	250	200	190	180	160

Fit a straight-line trend for the following data (use all values correct up to 2 decimal places)

Year	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Sales	14	16	20	· 23	25	27	30

Calculate Laspeyre's, Paasche's and Fisher's price Index Numbers from the d following data:

Commodities	Base Year		Current Year	
	Price	Quantity	Price	Quantity
W	88	10	110	20
x	80	20	89	30
V	68	40	77	50
7.	110	30	120	40

**Duration: 3 hours** 

Marks:

100

e

Construct Cost of living Index Number using Aggregative Expenditure method for the following data:

Commodities	Base Ye	Current Year (2024)	
Commodities	Price	Quantity	Price
Food	4000	5	8000
Fuel	1000	2	1500
Clothing	3000	5	4000
House Rent	7000	1	8000
Miscellaneous	4000	4	5000

#### Attempt any FOUR of the following. Q.5

If mean and variance of a Binomial distribution are 2 and 1 respectively, find the 5 a probability that the number of successes is i) Only one, ii) More than two.

Define Binomial Distribution with its properties. b

5

If a random variable x follows Poisson distribution with mean 2, find c i) P (x = 1), ii) P (x = 2), iii) P (x = 3), iv) P  $(x \le 3)$  [Given  $e^{-2} = 0.1353$ ]. 5 5

For a Poisson distribution if P (x = 3) = 2 P (x = 2). Find the mean and also find i) P  $(x \le 3)$ , ii) P (x > 2). [Given  $e^{-6} = 0.00248$ ] (Use all values correct up to 5 d decimal places).

5

If X is a normal variate with mean 35 and standard deviation 25, then find i) P  $(x \le 60)$ , ii) P  $(x \le 85)$ , iii) P  $(60 \le x \le 85)$  [Given: area under the standard normal curve between z = 0 and z = 1 is 0.3413 and area under the standard normal curve between z = 0 and z = 2 is 0.4772]