Time: 40 minutes

PARLE TILAK VIDYALAYA ASSOCIATION'S



M.L. DAHANUKAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, VILE PARLE (EAST), MUMBAI – 400 057 **CLASS TEST**

Class: M.Com. Part I - Semester I

Sub: Advanced Cost and Management Accounting

Dat	e: Max Marks: 20		Time: 40 minutes
	(1) All questions are compulsory.		
	(2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.		
Q.1) Multiple	Choice Questions (1 mark each)		10 marks
	oution Margin is also known as		- 6
	Gross Profit		Net Profit
	Earnings before Tax	d)	Marginal Income
	le Cost per unit		3
	Increases with production		Decreases with production
	Remains constant	(d)	Semi – variable in nature
	even point in unit is equal to		The second secon
	Fixed Cost ÷ PV Ratio		Fixed Cost x Sales ÷ Total Contribution
c)	Fixed Cost ÷ Contribution per unit		Fixed Cost ÷ Total Contribution
	um Sales mix in case of limiting factor is when	1\	Is maximum.
a)	Contribution per unit		Contribution per limiting factor Raw Material
c)	Operating capacity	a)	Raw Material
	cost is irrelevant in decision making.	1-1	Differential Cost
,	Replacement Cost		Incremental Cost
	Sunk Cost	u)	merementar cost
	num inter divisional price transfer is fixed at	b)	Total Cost
,	Variable Cost	,	Incremental Cost
7 When	Fixed Cost fixed cost increases, break-even point	۵)	
	Increases	— b)	Decreases
/	No effect	,	Can't say
8 The c	ost of product as determined under standard cost	t syste	em is
	Fixed Cost	b)	Historical cost
c)	Direct Cost	ď)	Predetermined cost
9. When	the variance is due to the difference between a	ctual	overhead and applied overhead it is called
a)	Volume variance	b)	Total Overhead variance
	Spending variance		Efficiency Variance
10. Effici	lency variance arises due to the differences betw	een _	50 E
a	Standard overhead applied on actual hours and	d over	rhead applied to production
⁵ b	Actual overhead and fixed budget overhead		
	Actual overhead and flexible budget based on	actua	al hours
ď	Purchase of capital equipment and budgeted c	apital	equipment
u	1 Targuage of calling a lark-	•	
0.000	1 C. II		10 marks

- Q.2) Solve the following (2 marks each)
 - 1. If selling price per unit is ₹10, variable cost is ₹4 p.u., & fixed cost is ₹20,000. What is the PV Ratio?
 - 2. If variable cost is ₹3 p.u., & fixed cost is ₹10,000. What would be the breakeven units to be sold at the selling price of ₹7 p.u.?
 - 3. Division X & Division Y are the 2 divisions of Company XY. Product P is the finished goods of Division X & also the raw material of Division Y. Cost sheet of product P shows:

Material Cost (₹ p.u.)	10
Labour Cost (₹ p.u.)	5
Variable Overheads (₹ p.u.)	3
Fixed Overhead (₹ p.u.)	2
Profit (₹ p.u.)	5
Selling Price (₹ p.u.)	25

What should be the price at which Product P should be transferred?

- 4. X Limited deals in 3 products L, M & N. Cost of production is ₹25, ₹20 & ₹35 respectively. Selling Price is ₹45, ₹42 & ₹55 respectively. Foreign exporter is offering the same at ₹28, ₹18 & ₹33 respectively. Prepare a statement showing which product to buy & which product should be produced in-house?
- 5. C Ltd. used 4,625 kgs of material at the standard cost of ₹3 per kg. The material usage variance was ₹300 (favourable). The standard usage of material for the period is?



M.L. DAHANUKAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, VILE PARLE (EAST), MUMBAI – 400 057 CLASS TEST

Class: M.Com. Part I – Semester I
Sub: ADVANCED TRENDS IN ACCOUNTING

Dat	te:		Max Marks: 10	Time: 20 minutes
Ins:	truc	tions:	(1) All questions are compulsory.(2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
Q.	1 - 1	Multip	e Choice Questions: (1 Mark each)	05 marks
	1.	a)	option is used to open a company created in Tally Start company Open company	
		c) d)	Select company Access company	=
	2.	a)	cash hybrid	
	3.	ď)	mercantile single entry s the full form of ERP	
		a) b) c)	Enterprise resource planning economic resource planning efficient resource planning economic resource processing	
	4.	The ho a) b)	ome screen of Tally is also known as menu bar gateway of Tally	
		,	accounts info button toolbar	
	5.	A com	pany can be deleted only in display	
8 12		c)	alter delete create	E 10
0	2	*		05 mayla
Ų.			n the Terms: (2.5 Mark each) (Any 2)	05 marks
	•		atages of Tally a Company eatures	

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M.L. DAHANUKAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, VILE PARLE (EAST), MUMBAI – 400 057

CLASS TEST
Class: M.Com.: Part I – Semester I

Sub: ADAVNCED FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

	Da	te:	Nax Marks: 20	Time: 40 minutes		
Instruc	tions:	(1) All questions are compulsory.	3			
		(2) Figures to the right indicate full ma	rks.			
	33		" o e ^{n 2}			
Q:1	Multip	ole Choice Questions	9	10 marks		
	1.	Exchange difference of Non-integral foreign operation is transferred to				
		a) Suspense A/c	b) Foreign Currency Transl			
		c) General Reserve	d) Net Investment in integ operation A/c	ral foreign		
2.		Any goodwill or capital reserve aris operation is translated at		_		
		a) Exchange rate at the date of transact	ction b) Exchange rate at the en	d		
		c) Exchange rate during the year	d) Exchange rate on the da valuation	te of		
	١3.	In case of Co-operative Societies, Regis	ster of members should be maint	cained in form		
		a) A	b) I			
		c) D	d) C			
	4.	In case of Co-operative Societies,	•	ts should he		
		prepared within days of clos		is should be		
		a) 90	b) 45			
		c) 65	d) 180			
e	5. AS classifies foreign operations into two types.					
		a) 11	b) 12			
		c) 13	d) 14			
	6.	In case of Foreign Currency transactions, Carriage Inward should be translated at				
		a) Suppliers rate	h) Dotail acts			
		c) Average rate	b) Retail rate			
	7.	In case of Co-operative Societies, Debe	d) Opening rate			
		a) Secured Loans	b) Reserve Fund	·		
		c) Loans and Advances	d) Current Liabilities			
	8.		ctive is procurement, production	n processing		
	-	and distribution of goods or performa customers.				
		a) Central Society	b) Resource Society			
		c) Consumer Society	d) Regional Society			
	9.	In case of Co-operative Societies, the		nd to Posonia		
		fund is%.	amount of profit to be transferr	ed to keseive		
		a) 10	b) 20			
		c) 25	d) 35			
	10.	An exchange rate on the date of Balan		*		
4))	z/1	a) Average Rate	b) Non-monetary Rate	± 40 ₄₀ (00)		
	3	c) Monetary Rate	d) Closing Rate			

Q:2 Explain the terms

- 1. Co-operative Society
- 2. Housing Society
- 3. Mention any two indications of Non-Integral Foreign Operations
- 4. Agricultural Marketing Society
- 5. How is staff provident treated in case of Co-operative Society?

Reference Group

PARLE TILAK VIDYALAYA ASSOCIATION'S

M.L. DAHANUKAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, VILE PARLE (EAST), MUMBAI – 400 057 CLASS TEST

Class: M.Com. Part I – Semester I Sub: Consumer Behaviour

Date: Instructions: (1) All questions are compulsory. (2) Figures to the right indicate full r		Max Marks: 20	Time: 40 minutes
		marks.	
Q.1	Multiple Choice Questions		10 Marks
1.	Perception is a process. a. Mental b. Physical c. Marketing Company uses promotion mix to	with its audiences	
3.	a. Negotiate b. Communicate c. Help The terminology used for buying the prod Buying.		nformation is called
4.	a. Impulsive b. Cooperative c. Fun A customer is also called as Livery b. Physics at Reseller d. Ma	rketer	
5.	Habitual buying behaviour involves	involvement of custo	omers.
6.	Product, Price and Promotion are a. Personal b. Economical c. Social Income which is available after meeting	factors. d. marketing	
7.	a. Consumer Propensity b. Net Income The customer is when actua	c Discretionary Income	d. Unusable income
9.	of the product. a. Happy b. Dissatisfied c. Satisfied is the amount we mone benefits of the particular product. a. Product b. Price c. Place d. Product b. Pri	d. Delighted y that a consumer is willing to motion	
10.	is included in External fact	or of Consumer behaviour. d. Personality	
Q.2	Explain the terms (2 marks each)		10 Marks
1.	Variety Seeking Buying Behaviour		
2.	High involvement level of consumer be	haviour	
3.	Social Class		
1	Consumer Rehaviour		

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PARLE TILAK VIDYALAYA ASSOCIATION'S

M.L. DAHANUKAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, VILE PARLE (EAST), MUMBAI – 400 05 CLASS TEST

Class: M.Com. Part I - Semester I

Sub: Direct Tax

Date:

Time: 40 minutes

Instructions:

(1) All questions are compulsory.

(2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q.1 Multiple choice question

(10 marks)

Q.1 What is the primary legislation governing income tax in India?

- Goods and Services Tax (GST)
- Income Tax Act, 1961
- Companies Act, 2013
- Excise Duty Act

Q.2 Who is responsible for administering and enforcing the provisions of the Income Tax Act in India?

Max Marks: 20

- Reserve Bank of India (RBI)
- Ministry of Finance
- Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI)
- Central Board of Direct Taxes (CBDT)

Q.3 What is the fiscal year for income tax purposes in India?

- January 1 to December 31
- April 1 to March 31
- July 1 to June 30
- October 1 to September 30

Q.4 Under the Income Tax Act, which entity is considered a resident in India?

- Any individual living in India
- Any individual with Indian citizenship
- Any company incorporated in India
- Any foreign company doing business in India

Q.5 What are the three categories of residential status under the Income Tax Act?

- Resident, Non-Resident, and Foreign Resident
- Resident, Non-Resident, and Not Ordinary Resident
- Ordinary Resident, Non-Resident, and Foreign Resident
- Resident, Ordinary Resident, and Special Resident

Q.6 What is the criteria for an individual to be considered a Resident in India?

- Presence in India for at least 90 days in a financial year
- Presence in India for at least 182 days in a financial year
- Indian citizenship
- Ownership of property in India

Q.7 What is included in an individual's total income under the Income Tax Act?

- Only salary and business income
- All income earned globally
- Only income earned in India
- Only income from investments

Q.8 What is the tax treatment of agricultural income under the Income Tax Act?

- Fully taxable
- Exempt from tax
- Partially taxable
- Taxable only if it exceeds a specific limit

Q.9 What is the tax rate applicable to income from winning lotteries under the Income Tax Act?

- 10%
- 20%
- 30%
- 35%

Q.10 Which income is NOT included in the computation of total income under the Income Tax Act?

- Salary
- Business income
- Agricultural income
- Capital gains

Q.2 Explain the following terms

(10 marks)

- 1. Define assessee as per Indian Income Tax Act 1961.
- 2. What is the meaning of assessment year?
- 3. What is the meaning of previous year?
- 4, What is the basic condition under section 6(1)?
- 5. What is the meaning of Person of Indian Origin?



Date:

M.L. DAHANUKAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, VILE PARLE (EAST), MUMBAI – 400 057 CLASS TEST

Time: 40 minutes

Class: M.Com. Part I - Semester I

Sub: <u>E-Commerce</u>

Max Marks: 20

Instru	ctions: (1) All questions are compulsory.
	(2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
Q.1)	Multiple Choice Questions 10 marks
1	encompasses all kinds of commercial transactions that are conducted electronically mostly via
	the internet.
	1. Commerce 2. E-commerce 3. E-Marketing 4. E-system
2	In year Flipkart was launched in India.
	1. 2007 2. 2010 3.2011 4.2016
3	is full form of SEO.
	1. System Example Online 2. Source External Online 3. Search Engine Optimization
	4. Simple External Output
4	and analytics reports are like landmarks to success of online business.
	1. KPIs 2. System Output 3. Study Report 4. Annual income report
5	The is a tool for shopping and allows the customers or users to select the products they want and
	then checkout for payment.
	1. Trolly 2. Payment System 3. Registration 4. Basket
6	Which of the following website is an example of Third-party payment processing system.
	1. Rediff.com 2. Bing.com 3. Alibaba.com 4. Paypal.com
7	Which of the following website is an example of price comparison engine
	1. Mysmartprice.com 2. Pricedekho.com 3. Freekamal.com 4. All of above
8	PPC means
	1. Process pay company 2. Pay per click 3. Public Process Computer 4. Power Pay Counter
9	ESLC was developed in year.
	1.1995 2.1996 3.1997 4. 1998
10	is an electronic ID that helps to show the credibility of a websites.
	1. Digital Certificate 2. Server Name 3. Website Name 4. Domain Name
O.2) I	Explain the following terms 10 marks
1	Push Marketing
2	B2G
3	Registrar
4	Content Marketing
5	Blogs



M.L. DAHANUKAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, VILE PARLE (EAST), MUMBAI – 400 057 **CLASS TEST**

Time: 40 minutes

Class: M.Com. Part I – Semester I

	Sub: Human Resource Management	
Date:	Max Marks: 20	

Instructions:	(1) All questions are compulsory.	
	(2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
1) Human Reso	e Choice Questions ource Management a relatively new term for what was earlier called as fanagement (b) Financial Management (c) Physical management (d) Facility Manager	10 marks
	overall written summary of task required to be performed.	
	(b) Job Design (c) Job Evaluation (d) Job Description	
3r	efers to horizontal expansion of job.	
(a) Job Enrichn	nent (b) Job Enlargement (c) Training (d) Performance Appraisal	
_	s process of attracting people to apply for jobs available in the company.	
	b) Recruitment (c) Training (d) Development	
5 help	os to judge specific talent or skill to handle a particular type of job.	
	st (b) Projection Test (c) Attitude Test (d) Interest Test	
6. A	_ learning situation is an imitation of reality .	
	Centre (b) Simulation (c) Business Games (d) Classroom learning	
	erformance appraisal can be based on one positive factor.	
(a) Spillover eff	Pect (b) Horn effect (c) Halo effect (d) Personal Bias	
8 is	s technique of defining and structuring the jobs to meet the needs of employees and th	at of organization
	Job design (c) Job rotation (d) Assessment	
9. Employees ca	an pursue through career planning and development.	
	ncement (b) Demotion (c) Retrenchment (d) Coordination	×.
10	appraisal is conducted by Various Parties	
(a) Bell Curve (l	b) 360 Degree (c) Graphical Rating (d) Management by Objective	
Q.2) Explain t	the terms ource Management . s.	10 marks
(d) Career Adva	ncement.	
(e) Performance	Appraisal.	



M.L. DAHANUKAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, VILE PARLE (EAST), MUMBAI – 400 057

CLASS TEST

Class: M.Com. Part I - Semester I

Sub: INTRODUCTION TO IND AS

Date:

Max Marks: 20

Time: 40 minutes

Instructions: (1) All questions are compulsory.

(2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q. 1 - Multiple Choice Questions: (1 Mark each)

- 1. ABC and company purchase the building in 2022 for rupees 75 lakhs however today the fair market value of the building is Rupees 1 crore but the building will continue to be recorded in the books at its actual cost of rupees 75 lakh
 - a) Dual Aspect
 - b) Going Concern
 - c) Market Value
- 2. Which approach to accounting theory formulation begins with empirical observations and data analysis?
 - a) Deductive approach
 - b) Inductive approach
 - c) Positive approach
 - d) Normative approach
- 3. Which one of the following terms best describes information that helps users to evaluate past present or future events?
 - a) Reliable
 - b) Understandable
 - c) Relevant
 - d) Prospective
- 4. Convergence of IND as with ifrs means
 - a) Ind AS will be known as IFRS
 - b) IFRS will now adopt Indian accounting standards
 - c) IND AS will be in harmony with IFRS
 - d) None of the above
- 5. Materiality Depends on
 - a) the size of the item
 - b) the nature of the item
 - c) the size of the item or error judge in the particular circumstances
 - d) none of the above
- 6. Select the right option
 - a) An entity shall present any items of income or expenses as extraordinary items only in the statement of profit and loss
 - b) An entity shall president any items of income or expense as extraordinary item only
 - c) An entity shall present any items of income or expenses as extraordinary item only in the statement of other comprehensive income
 - d) An entity shall not present any items of income or expenses as extraordinary items only in the statement of profit and loss or notes

- 7. What does the Going Concern assumption imply
 - a) the company will cease operations within a year
 - b) the company Assets and libraries will be fully realized
 - c) the company will continue its operations in the foreseeable future
 - d) the company will never face financial difficulties
- 8. Cash sales of goods in trade will be shown in the cash flow statement as
 - a) operating cash flow
 - b) investing cash flow
 - c) financing cash flow
 - d) cash or cash equivalent
- 9. Cash paid to suppliers of raw materials will be shown in the cash flow statement as
 - a) operating cash flow
 - b) investing cash flow
 - c) financing cash flow
 - d) cash or cash equivalent
- 10. Bank Loan taken will be shown in the cash flow statement as
 - a) operating cash flow
 - b) investing cash flow
 - c) financing cash flow
 - d) cash or cash equivalent

Q. 2 - Explain the Terms: (2 Mark each)

- a) Business Entity Concept
- b) Accounting Principles
- c) Accounting Standard
- d) Financial Statements
- e) Cash Flow Statement

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PARLE TILAK VIDYALAYA ASSOCIATION'S

M.L. DAHANUKAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, VILE PARLE (EAST), MUMBAI – 400 057 CLASS TEST

Class: M.Com. Part I – Semester I
Sub: Research Methodology

	Date:	Max Marks: 20	Time: 40 minutes
Instruction	ns: (1) All questions are compulsory (2) Figures to the right indicate		*
- ,	tiple Choice Questions	· ·	10 marks
	research is also called as fund		
-	Basic b) Empirical c) Applied d)		
	esearch in business helps a firm to		
	Maximize b) Minimize c) Increase		
3) Al	ternate hypothesis and its symbolized	d as	
a)	H0 b) H1 c) H	d) H2	
4) Co	ontain variables that are measurable o	or able to be manipulated is called	hypothesis.
,	Casual b) Simple c) Complex		
5) 'A	ge' and 'income' are	variables.	
a)	Ordinal qualitative b) Nominal qual	litative c) Continuous numeric d) Ratio	scale
6) Se	econdary data are obtained from secon	ndary sources such as	_•
a)	Observation b) Questionnaire c) Re	eports d) Interview	
. 7) A	question begins with words such as "	"Why" and "How", is the	question.
a)	Closed ended b) Wide ended c) Op-	en ended d) Classical	
8) In	1957, Charles E. Osgood developed	a theory of	
a)	Ratio scale b) Semantic differentia	al scale c) Likert Scale d) Nominal sca	le
9) In	observation, the respon	idents are aware that they are being obs	served.
a)	Structured b) Unstructured c) Dis	sguised d) Undisguised	
10) A	simple question that asks responden	its to answer in a yes or no called	question.
a)	Dichotomous b) Likert c) Bipolar	r d) Leading	
O.2) Exp	lain the terms		10 marks

2) Explain the terms

- 1) Research Methodology
- 2) Empirical Research
- 3) Causal Research Hypothesis
- 4) Cluster Sampling
- 5) Secondary Data



M.L. DAHANUKAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, VILE PARLE (EAST), MUMBAI – 400 057 CLASS TEST

Class: M.Com. Part I - Semester I

Sub: Strategic Management

Date:		Max Marks: 20	Time: 40 minutes	
Instructions:	(1) All questions	are compulsory.		
77100701001001		e right indicate full marks.		
O.1) Multip	le Choice Questio		10 mark	
i. The	origins of Strategic	Management can be retraced to		
•	1020			
•	1911,			
•	1879,			
•	1938			
ii. Strat	egic management i	is an important part of any business which helps	with formulation	
	business decisions.			
	Strategy,			
•	Tactic,			
•	Procedure,			
	Marketing			
iii. Whi	ch of the following	g is not part of the micro environment?		
•	 Technology, 			
	 Shareholders, 			
*	 Competitors, 			
(Publics			
iv. Who	o is called the Fathe	er of Strategic Management?		
•	 Chandler, 			
1	 Igor Ansoff, 			
	 Michael Porter 	,		
	 John Nash 			
v. Wh	at is the starting po	oint of Strategic Intent?	•	
	• Goal,			
	• Objective,		×	
	• Vision,			
	 Mission 			
vi. SW	OT stands for			
		lwide optimization and transport,		
		ns for operations for timeless,		
	• Strength weak	ness opportunities and threats,		
6	• Strength world	dwide overcomes threats.	ment process?	
vii Wł	nich of the following	ng is not a major element of the strategic manage	ment process?	

viii. Competitive advantage can be best described as

Assigning administrative tasks.

Formulation strategy, Implementing strategy, Evaluating strategy,

- Increased efficiency,
- What sets an organisation apart,
- A strength and the organisations,
- Intangible resources
- ix. An organisation strategy
 - Remains set in place longer than the mission and objectives,
 - Generally forms over a period of time as events unfold,
 - Trends to be formed at the same time the mission is developed, None.
- x. The corporate level is where top management directs
 - All employees for orientation,
 - Its efforts to stabilise recruitment needs
 - Overall strategy for the entire organisation,
 - Overall sales projections)

Q.2) Explain the terms

- a) Strategic Management
- b) Human Resource Strategy
- c) Strategic Choice
- d) Vision
- e) Operational Level Strategies