

B.Com./B.M.S.(Env. Mgt. and Eco.) Sample Questions

Semester VI

Qs_ No	Subject	Question	Option1	Option2	Option3	Option4
1	EPHM	The largest contributors to global pollution is	Deforestation	Industrial Pollution	Air Pollution	Noise Pollution
2	EPHM	Which of the following features is not related to biodiversity	Large number of species	Abundance of endemic species	Large number of exotic species	Destruction of habitat
3	EPHM	Reducing the amount of future climate change is called	Mitigation	Geo-engineering	Adaptation	Organic farming
4	EPHM	Loss of sea ice by melting in the Arctic Ocean	Will result in sea level rise	may result in faster global warming	Will result in cooler temperature in the Arctic	Loss of aquatic life
5	EPHM	Acid rain will not affect	Lithosphere	Plants	Animals	Ozone layer
6	EPHM	Increase in atmospheric temperature due to carbon dioxide is	Pasteur Effect	Global warming	Climate change	Green house Effect
7	EPHM	Air Pollution is not caused by	Pollen grains	Hydroelectric power	Industries	Automobiles
8	EPHM	Eutrophication is a type of	Land Pollution	Air Pollution	Water Pollution	Noise Pollution
9	EPHM	Most abundant water pollutant is	Detergents	Pesticides	Industrial wastes	Ammonia
10	EPHM	Continuous sewage flow into a stream would lead to	Eutrophication	Algal bloom	Depletion of oxygen	Increase in Temperature
11	Corporate Governance	What does Corporate Governance does in company?	control	spy	punish	meditate
12	Corporate Governance	What does Corporate Governance conduct?	Party	Social meeting	Business	gathering
13	Corporate Governance	what does Corporate Governance practice in company?	moral	laws	meeting	UnEthical
14	Corporate Governance	Corporate Governance known for its?	Transparency	Morale	Honesty	Politness
15	Corporate Governance	Corporate governance has been divided into how many areas?	four	Two	Three	one

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16	Corporate Governance	How does Corporate governance has been accepted today?	Domestic	Universally	state	Inter-state
17	Corporate Governance	How does Coprporate Governance help companies?	Economically	Socially	Mentally	Physically
18	Corporate Governance	When was Companies Act passed?	1951	1956	1955	1960
19	Corporate Governance	Chief Financial Officer is also known as	CAO	CEO	CFO	CFA
20	Corporate Governance	who refers to the top level management	Director	Manager	Supervisor	Peon
21	Disaster Management	A _____ is a destructive event that oc	tragedy	disaster	dilemma	nuisance
22	Disaster Management	_____ is not an example of man-made	terrorism	industrial accidents	flood	war
23	Disaster Management	_____ disaster is any catastrophic event that is caused by nature or the natural processes of the earth.	Natural	minor	major	artificial
24	Disaster Management	_____ is also called seismic sea wave or tidal wave.	Blizzard	Duststorm	tsunami	volcano
25	Disaster Management	Calamities whose impact is localised and intensity of the damage is much less can be categorised as _____ calamities.	Fatal	minor	catastrophic	dangerous
26	Disaster Management	_____ is a type of explosion deriving its force from nuclear reactions.	Fusion Disaster	Nuclear disaster	Chemical disaster	Atomic disaster

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27	Disaster Management	_____ is a state of armed conflict between states or societies.	War	Politics	Landslide	Emergency
28	Disaster Management	_____ is the third phase of the disaster life cycle.	Disaster Preparation	Disaster response	Disaster relief	Disaster awareness
29	Disaster Management	The aim of the _____ is to restore the affected area to its previous state.	recovery phase	rescue phase	relief phase	medical phase
30	Disaster Management	_____ refers to the full restoration of all services, and local infrastructure.	Resistance	Awareness	Reconstruction	Settlement
31	Environment and Eco-Tourism	In which India state is Munnar located?	Karnataka	Kerala	Tamil Nadu	Assam
32	Environment and Eco-Tourism	Following is not the type of ecotourism-	Eco-lodging	Agro-tourism	Community development	Economic development
33	Environment and Eco-Tourism	A (an) _____ adventure may provide vehicles to move people around and comfortable shelters to stay in.	Extreme	Soft	Hard	Responsible
34	Environment and Eco-Tourism	Recreation is engaged upon during	Leisure Time	Work Time	Committed Time	Sleep Time
35	Environment and Eco-Tourism	TSA stands for	Tourism Satellite Account	Tourism Satellite Access	Travel Satellite Account	Tourism Service Account
36	Environment and Eco-Tourism	Domestic tourism embraces those travelling	Within their own country	Outside their own country	To overseas islands	On overseas cruises
37	Environment and Eco-Tourism	Common interest tourism includes	Visiting friends and relatives	Business Tourism	Leisure Tourism	Conference Tourism

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38	Environment and Eco-Tourism	The global code of ethics for tourism was drawn	World Tourism Organization	World Trade Organization	World Travel Organization	World Travel and Tourism Council
39	Environment and Eco-Tourism	Deferred Demand is demand unfulfilled because	Problem in the supply environment	Problem with the individual	Illness	Poverty
40	Environment and Eco-Tourism	Travel propensity is a measure of	The percentage of a population engaging in tourism	The ratio of day trips to overnight visits	Tourism market share of a country	Frequency of travel of a population
41	Solid and Hazardous Waste Management	Why burning waste is not an acceptable practice of solid waste management?	Because it is very costly	Because it is very costly	Because it cause several environmental issues	Because it requires lot of space
42	Solid and Hazardous Waste Management	The term 'Municipal Solid Waste' is used to	Hazardous	Toxic	Non hazardous	Non toxic
43	Solid and Hazardous Waste Management	How does organic material in the buried solid waste will decompose?	By the action of oxidation	By the action of microorganisms	By the flow of water	By the soil particles
44	Solid and Hazardous Waste Management	Which of the following have a tendency to react vigorously with water or air?	Toxic waste	Reactive waste	Corrosive waste	Infectious waste
45	Solid and Hazardous Waste Management	Where we can get radioactive wastes?	Small scale industries	Houses	Nuclear power plants	Vehicular wastes

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46	CSR	CSR activity done by HUL	SHAKTI	SHIKSHA	SUPER	SILENT
47	CSR	The primary stakeholders are:	Customers	Suppliers	Shareholders.	Creditors.
48	CSR	The goal of corporate governance and business ethics education is to:	Teach students their professional accountability and to uphold their personal Integrity to society.	Teach students their professional accountability and to uphold their personal Integrity to society.	Create more ethics standards by which corporate professionals must operate.	Increase the workload for accounting students.
49	CSR	An organization's appropriate tone at the top promoting ethical conduct is an example of:	Ethics sensitivity.	Ethics incentives.	Ethical behavior.	Consequentialist
50	CSR	An independent director is one who:	. Did not attend a school supported by the company.	Does not have outside relationships with other directors.	Does not have any other relationships with the company other than his or her directorship.	maintain relation with other company
51	CSR	_____ are standards of behaviour that groups expect of their members.	Codes of conduct.	Group values.	Group norms.	Organizational norms
52	CSR	A firm that has become a "neighbour of choice" builds and sustains _____ within the community.	commitment	trust	educational opportunities	political clout
53	CSR	That an enterprise must behave as a good citizen is an example of its responsibility towards	Owners	Workers	Consumers	Community
54	CSR	Which of the following is capable of doing maximum good to society?	Business success	Laws and regulations	Ethics	Professional management
55	CSR	Which of the following alone can ensure effective ethics programme in a business enterprise?	a. Publication of a code	Involvement of employees	Establishment of compliance mechanisms	profit